

MASON'S
DELICIOUS
O.K.
SAUCE.

Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

Registered as a Newspaper at the General
Post Office in the United Kingdom.

Managing Director

N. LAZARUS
OPTICIAN
13, Queen's Road Central

No. 22669. 號玖拾陸佰陸仟貳萬式第 日叁初月式年未辛 HONG KONG, SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1931. 陸拜禮 日壹廿月叁年壹卅佰玖仟壹英 Price (Single Copy, 10 cts. Per Month, \$3.)

JOHNNIE
WALKER

Born 1820 — Still going Strong!



Head and Shoulders above
all others

JOHN WALKER & SONS, LTD., Scotch Whisky Distillers,
GLASGOW, SCOTLAND.

CALBECK, MACGREGOR & Co. Ltd.

(Incorporated under the Companies Ordinance of Hong Kong.)

PRINCE'S BUILDING. IOE HOUSE STREET.

TEL. 20075.

HONG KONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONG KONG, CANTON AND MACAO
STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONG KONG—CANTON LINE.

Sailings from Hong Kong: Daily, at 8 A.M. & 10.00 P.M. (Sundays 10.30 P.M. only)
Sailings from Canton: Daily, at 8 A.M. & 4.30 P.M. (Sundays 4.30 P.M. only)

HONG KONG—MACAO LINE.

SAILINGS from HONG KONG—Daily at 8 A.M. & 2 P.M. (Sundays excepted)
SAILINGS from MACAO—Daily at 8 A.M. & 2 P.M. (Sundays excepted)

SPECIAL SALOON FARES.

WEEK DAYS.—Single: \$3.00; Return: \$5.00.
SUNDAYS AND EXCURSIONS.—Single: \$2.50; Return: \$4.00.

EXCURSION TO MACAO:—

On SUNDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1931

S.S. "SUI TAI"

Will depart from the Company's Wharf, Lok Street Wharf at 9 A.M.
and from Macao at 4.00 P.M.

Note.—All Steamboat Company's Steamers are fitted with Wireless.

THE HON. TREASURER,
HONG KONG BENEVOLENT SOCIETY,
525, THE PEAK.

Enclosed please find cheque for twelve dollars
being subscription to your Society for the current year.

INTERIOR
DECORATIONS



ORNAMENTAL PLASTER
DECORATIVE METALS
STAINED GLASS

CABINET WORK

ARTS &

GRAFTS, LTD.

4, Des Vaux Rd

HONG KONG.

AGENCIES.

The London Office of the HONG
KONG DAILY PRESS, 53,
Fleet Street, E.C.4, is constantly
receiving Enquiries from Home
Firms to act as Agents for their
products in Hong Kong and
South China.

If Local Companies desirous of taking
up further Agencies will let us
know the Lines in which they are
interested the information will be
forwarded to London and passed
on to interested parties as op-
portunity offers.

This Service is offered to our Readers
without charge and, of course
no obligation is incurred on either
side.

The Required Information should be
sent to the
HONG KONG DAILY PRESS, LTD.
11, LOS HORN STREET,
Hong Kong.

DIARY OF LOCAL EVENTS.

To-day

(March 21.)

Cricketer.—Division I.: Graig-
gower C.C. v. Indian R.C. (L.),
Civil Service v. Royal Artillery
(L.), Navy v. Hong Kong C.C. (F.),
Division II.: Hong Kong C.C. v.
R.A.S.C. (L.), Indian R.C. v.
Craigsgower C.C. (L.), University
v. Kowloon C.C. (L.).

Fencing.—Hong Kong Fencing
Club Tournament, 3.30 p.m.
Hockey.—Caird Clark Cup, Re-
creio v. St. Andrew's.

Queen's Theatre: "Love in the
Rough."

World Theatre: "Ben Hur."
Star Theatre: "Student Prince."
Central Theatre: "Fashions in
Love."

European Mail.—Outward:
Europe via Suez (Suva Maru), 9
a.m.

Sunday

(March 22.)

5th in Lent.
Special Services, St. John's
Cathedral: 11 a.m. "Buddha or
Christ?" by Rev. G. K. Carpenter;
6.30 p.m. "Is Christian Morality
Final?" by Rev. H. V. Koop.

Queen's Theatre: "Madame
Satan."
World Theatre: "Story of Movie-
land" (Chinese film).

Star Theatre: "Special Deli-
very."
Central Theatre: "The Love
Doctor."

Monday

(March 23.)

St. Joseph's College, Prize-giving
ceremony, 3 p.m.

Po Leung Kuk Foundation Stone
Laying Ceremony, 3 p.m.

Rugger: Army v. Navy, Sookun-
poo, 6 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "Madame
Satan."

World Theatre: "Story of Movie-
land" (Chinese film).

Star Theatre: "Special Deli-
very."
Central Theatre: "The Love
Doctor."

Tuesday

(March 24.)

Trevelyan Trophy (Bi-annual com-
petition).
Lecture: "Progress Conditioned
By Law and Commerce," by Father
F. Byrne, S. J. Union Assembly
Room, The University, 8.30 p.m.

Queen's Theatre: "Madame
Satan."
World Theatre: "Story of Movie-
land" (Chinese film).

Star Theatre: "Exquisite Sin-
ner."
Central Theatre: "Fashions in
Love."

MACEDONIA THE MYSTERIOUS

WHERE PRE-CLASSICAL TRADITIONS
LINGER.

STRANGE AND FASCINATING PEOPLE.

The most mysterious, imperious,
imponderable atmosphere that
broods over any part of Europe
is that of Macedonia. It casts
a strange, transforming spell
over all that it touches. It
hovers over broad stretches of
high, barren mountains, swirls
in the waters of long, lonely
rivers, loitering over plains or rush-
ing through deep, narrow gorges,
and abides in the hearts of more
than 2,000,000 reticent, cautious,
hard-working people.

Macedonia is something not rigid-
ly defined. Its heart is in the south
central part of the Balkan Penin-
sula, but what two persons would
agree as to how far its peripheries
extend? It is washed by at least
one sea, the Aegean; it has one
fine port, Saloniki or Thessalonica,
one of the most beautiful lakes in
eastern Europe, half a dozen fairly
large cities, some fruitful plains,
vast, dreary, rocky expanses, some
fine forests and a few remarkable
mineral baths. It is situated in
Bulgaria, Greece, Yugoslavia and
Albania.

And by whom is it inhabited? If
you ask the people who live there
they will say Macedonians. But
is the Macedonian a Serb, or a
Bulgarian, or an Albanian, or a
Greek, or a Roumanian, or a Jew,
or a gypsy?

If you should go to Bucharest,
the capital of Roumania, you would
find hundreds of the most loyal
Roumanians there who call them-
selves Macedonians and take pride
in the name. They have come,
they declare, from the heart of
which their forefathers, the ancient
Romans, were once the lords and
masters.

If you should go to Tirana, the
capital of Albania, you would
meet thousands of the most stal-
wart and patriotic Albanians, who
would tell you they are Mac-
cedonians, the children of the original
Balkan race which dominated the
whole western part of the Balkan
Peninsula before it was invaded
by Greeks and Romans and Slavs.

And if you should go to Athens,
again you would find multitudes of
the purest Greeks from Macedonia,
who with great animation would
tell you that that land was the
classical home of Greek glory, the
birthplace of the famous Philip the
Macedonian, and his more illustrious

son, Alexander the Great, an un-
questionable Greek heritage from
time immemorial.

And if you should go to Bel-
grade you would find Macedonian
professors and merchants and
ministers of state who would sing
you old Macedonian songs that
every Serbian child knows of the
glorious Serbian epoch of five cen-
turies ago when Macedonia was
the home and the capital of the
greatest king in Serbian history,
who left the land as an inalienable
patrimony to Serbia or Yugoslavia.

And in Sofia you would find that
more than two-fifths of the popu-
lation are Macedonians. Bankers,
scholars, editors, national repre-
sentatives, a prime minister, army
officers and many storekeepers are
from Macedonia. They are or-
ganized in scores of societies and
they tell all visitors to Bulgaria
that most of the inhabitants of
Macedonia are Bulgarians by
nationality; that it is the cradle of
the Bulgarian spirit, the source of
the Bulgarian spiritual and intel-
lectual renaissance, the fortress of
old Bulgarian kings and a pre-
sently Bulgarian land.

Macedonia is the most confusing
tangle in the skein of Europe's
history. The amalgamating force of
the centuries have never been able
to fuse the different racial groups
and traditions of this land. Alex-
ander left something Greek in it
which has always remained. Paul
came and left Christianity, which
has endured through every sort of
persecution. The Romans left a
dialect of their language in the
Macedonian mountains and no in-
vasion of conquerors has been able
to exterminate or assimilate it.

Thousands of people in Mac-
edonia still speak a language similar
to that used here before the
Parthenon was raised or Troy fell.
The Turks established Muham-
madanism in Macedonia, and five
times daily the call to prayer
echoes from many minarets. The
Slavs settled in these valleys more
than a millennium ago and they
still dominate the country. These
elements have never been dissolved
or mingled in the river of time.
So, of course, Macedonia is a
land of fear, caution and suspicion.
It has been a country of extreme
racial individualism. Each nation-
ality has relied on its own re-
sources. A large creative, all-
embracing social atmosphere has
never existed. Racial groups have
been rivals and potential enemies,
rather than partners.

(Continued on Page 3.)

THE HONGKONG

PENINSULA HOTEL;
HONG KONG HOTEL;
REPULSE BAY HOTEL;
PEAK HOTEL.

AND

SHANGHAI

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL;
PALACE HOTEL;

HOTELS,

LIMITED.

IN ASSOCIATION WITH THE
GRAND HOTEL DES WAGONS,
LITS, PEKING.

The Only Hotel in CANTON
Directly under European
Management.

THE VICTORIA HOTEL
SHAMSEEN

Guides
and Trips
arranged for
and Special Care
Taken of TOURISTS.
Cable Address: "VICTORIA."

THE HONG KONG SPORTING ARMS & AMMUNITION STORE

5-6, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE.

Sporting and Athletic Goods
Movie Cameras and Accessories
Hunting Wear
Shooting Equipment.

YOU

ARE INVITED TO INSPECT OUR
STOCK OF
ASIATIC, FOREIGN AND
COLONIAL

POSTAGE STAMPS

IN SETS, SINGLE PACKETS,
BAGS AND IN APPROVAL
SHEETS.

GRACA & CO.,

DEALERS IN POSTAGE STAMPS,
PHILATELIC GOODS, PICTURE
POSTCARDS, TOYS, ETC.
10, WYNDHAM STREET,
P.O. Box No. 620. HONG KONG.

TELL THE SHROFF

to make out a Chit for
\$9.00 and send it with
your Home Address to
11, Ice House Street.
In return, we will send
you the Weekly Press
for Six Months.

Courtesy, Comfort, Service
and Luxuries of Modern Hotel
Construction

THE HOTEL RIVIERA MACAU

Cable Address: "Riviera, Macau."

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

New Scheme for Children's Early Endowments—

Principal features: Small Premium, Liberal Surrender Value,

Return of Premium in the Event of Death

Write for Pamphlet and Full Particulars to—

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

AGENTS,
2, QUEEN'S BUILDING.

Take this POPULAR ROUTE Across Canada

Travel the luxury way via Van-
couver or Prince Rupert and
across the Canadian Rockies by
the world-famed scenic route.
See mighty Mount Robson,
highest of all Canadian peaks;
glacier and glen; crag and valley
and all the while enjoy the
comfort of the easiest gradient
and lowest altitude of any trans-
continental route. Jasper Na-
tional Park will tempt you to
stop off to ride or ramble
through its gorgeous fastnesses.
Then come the prairies; the in-
land seas and lastly, the east
itself where proud Niagara
booms forth resounding wel-
come.

Daily Trans-Continental Train
from Vancouver or Prince Rup-
ert, with all-steel equipment,
radio-equipped observation cars
and unsurpassed and moder-
ately priced dining car service.
Through bookings on all
throughlines.

For rates, literature and information
apply
ASIATIC BUILDING, HONGKONG.

CANADIAN NATIONAL

The Largest Railway System in America.

(SEPARATE AND DISTINCT FROM CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY)

JUST ARRIVED A SHIPMENT OF TUBORG BEER

TUBORG



Purveyors to
The Royal Danish
Court.

The most popular
Danish Beer
on the Market.

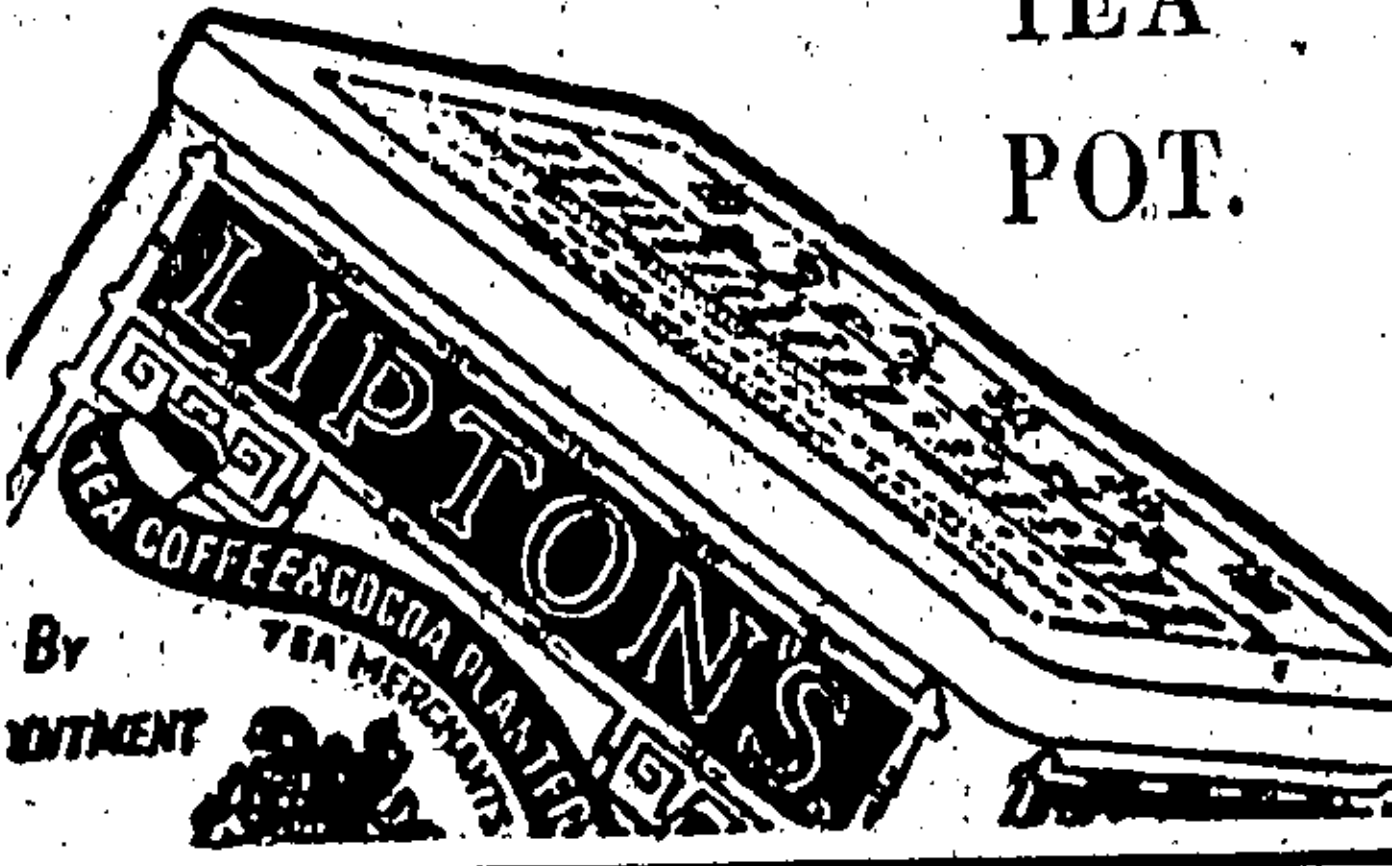
SOLE AGENTS:

GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
St. George's Buildings, No. 2, Ice House Street,
Dial 20135. HONG KONG.

STRAIGHT
FROM
THE
TEA
GARDEN



TO
THE
TEA
POT.



ASSETS
£13,000,000

CLAIMS PAID
£40,000,000

BY APPOINTMENT

GENERAL

ACCIDENT, FIRE & LIFE
ASSURANCE CORPN., LTD.

All Classes of
INSURANCE

WORLD WIDE

ORGANISATION

AGENTS:

JAMES H. BACKHOUSE
1A, CHATER ROAD.
TEL. 21783.

ENGINEERING AND BUILDING

ELECTRICITY SUPPLY IN HONG KONG.

COAL COSTS AND THE LOAD.

SOME SUGGESTIONS FOR INCREASING CONSUMPTION.

[BY AN ENGINEERING CORRESPONDENT.]

The report of the annual meeting of shareholders of the Hong Kong Electric Co., Ltd., reminds us of the growth, in all parts of the world, in the demand for electricity.

In Hong Kong, according to Dr. Arthur H. Preece, M.I.E.E., the London Consulting Engineer to the local company, the average sales per month have been—

Year.	1928	1929	1930	1931
about	250,000 units	300,000 "	350,000 "	400,000 "

Some Shanghai figures. The corresponding figures for Shanghai. The Shanghai Power Company has recently supplied the writer with the following data. The average monthly sales have been—

Year.	1928	1929	1930	1931
about	48,000 units	700,000 "	17,000,000 "	50,000,000 "

Below is given an interesting table with other figures which show the astonishing growth of the demand for electricity in Shanghai—

Year.	Kilowatts connected.	Generating plant installed.	Units for.	Tons consumed.	Maximum load during year.
1901	634 K.W.	500 K.W.	508,660	4,850	250
1911	9,349 "	6,000 "	8,300,437	20,436	3,800
1921	79,130 "	84,000 "	204,865,044	25,354	26,507
1931	225,000 "	161,000 "	600,000,000	55,000	60,000

It is noticeable, in the above table, that although nearly three times as many units were sold in 1931 as in 1921 the coal used was only about twice as much for the increased load as it was in 1921.

In Shanghai (according to Dr. Arthur Preece in the Hong Kong University Engineering Journal, June, 1930) out of a total annual expenditure (including interest, depreciation and other fixed charges) of about 30 cents (Hong Kong) per unit the costs are—

Generation	48%
Distribution	8%
Management, etc.	9%
Depreciation	18%
Interest	18%
Total	100%

It is of interest to note that the cost of fuel alone was about 60 per cent. of the generating costs, or equivalent to some 40 per cent. of the local costs. That, of course, explains why at the recent meeting of the shareholders of the Hong Kong Electric Co., Ltd., there was expressed some anxiety concerning the low rate of exchange. For fuel, in this Colony, is purchased in the equivalent of gold.

In Shanghai the quantity of coal consumed per unit has fallen from 6.0 lbs. per unit in 1909 to 3.0 lbs. per unit in 1919 and 1.9 lbs. per unit in 1929.

Thus, as a result of improvements in equipment, and also because it is more economical in fuel consumption, the coal used per unit of electricity, the coal used per unit has diminished to one-third the amount required nineteen years previously.

Fair Criticism. Years ago, the Hong Kong Electric Co., for years (about 1900-14) had a not very efficient installation. An article on the subject, appeared in this journal, that article caused a considerable flutter. Not only those financially interested but officials of the local Government made enquiries concerning the criticism contained in that article. It was fair criticism, but it was resented by the management at that time. It led to reforms. The writer of the article, in reply to enquiries, suggested to officials and to Sir Paul Chater that it was essential to obtain expert advice, if the system for the supply of electricity for this Colony was to be made as modern as it ought to be. He named the well-known consulting engineers who were soon afterwards appointed and who have since acted in that capacity.

An immediate result of their appointment was the proposal for the Power Station at North Point. The carrying out of the new proposals, the economies effected, and the resulting fall in local prices of electricity, justified the criticism in the *Daily Press*, which led to such desirable results.

Today it can be stated that there are few more efficient Power Stations in the world than that on Hong Kong island; it is doubtful whether any public utility company in the Far East is better managed than is the Hong Kong Electric Co., Ltd.

The Problem of Poles. When Mr. Taggart and Mr. W. E. Smith spoke at the recent meeting about the suggestion made by

the Chairman that the Directors might have to revise prices, it was obvious that they hoped that there would be no such move.

It is a difficult problem. One cannot help having sympathy with the management in this difficulty. The enormous increase, owing to exchange, in the cost of fuel is certainly very worrying.

On the other hand increased prices will certainly affect the load. In this respect it is fair to suggest that the local management might well consider new ideas for the possibilities of stimulating increased consumption.

Why not hire out radiators and cookers and other appliances at low prices, as they do in Shanghai.

Can something unusual be done to encourage consumers to put in freezing plants in their homes? Why not charge so much a month for such plants—which are automatic—and do away with meters, etc. It sounds revolutionary, but these ideas are worth exploring. In some parts of the world they have a

Generating plant	Units for.	Tons consumed.	Maximum load during year.
1901	508,660	4,850	250
1911	8,300,437	20,436	3,800
1921	204,865,044	25,354	26,507
1931	600,000,000	55,000	60,000

monthly tariff for electricity graded on the size of the house. You can use as much current as you like (for domestic purposes) and you pay just the same.

That, of course, is a simple system but is probably only really practicable when white coal is used, water power is the source of energy.

In any case we can be confident that the management of the Hong Kong Electric Co., Ltd., will be alive to all new ideas and will explore every avenue to secure an increased load and economy.

CONVERSION OF BALL HYDRANTS.

SOLUTION OF AN OLD PROBLEM.

[FROM A LONDON CORRESPONDENT.]

It is now generally agreed that the ordinary ball hydrant for water mains is an obsolete and unsatisfactory contrivance, and for more than a quarter of a century past many attempts have been made to invent a method of converting the existing hydrants to a more efficient system, on the valve principle. What is primarily required is the replacement of the ball in some cheap and reliable manner, thus retaining all the rest of the existing equipment, the scrapping of which would be a costly item.

The problem has now at last been solved by Glenfield and Kennedy Ltd. of Kilmarnock (Scotland), in the shape of their new patent all hydrant conversion element. On the most ingenious lines the existing valveless covered wooden ball is merely replaced by an egg-shaped device made in two halves, the top part being hemispherical and separated from the lower by a strong phosphor bronze spring.

The diameter is the same as the original ball, and when in the closed position the upper portion closes the aperture like the ball, being pressed tightly on to its seat by the spring thereby forming a valve. To open the hydrant the upper portion is merely forced down by a depressing rod of the standpipe against the compression of the spring, thus uncovering the full area of the aperture, whilst as soon as the rod is released the spring again closes off the water.

This invention, now being placed on the market, fulfils the ideal of ball hydrant conversion in the shape of low cost, easy fitting without removing the hydrant from the water main, and simplicity, so that nothing can go wrong, and all existing accessories, such as hose, pipes and screw keys, can still be used without any alteration. Obviously also a valve device of this kind, operating quite independently of the water pressure, has the primary advantage that all street drainage, sewer gas, snow, and dirt generally, cannot get into the hydrant, the design includes wedge shaped projections on the lower half which bind firmly on to the body of the hydrant, as well as a stop to prevent rotation, while the spherical surface of the upper or ball half is tinned all over to prevent sticking to the rubber joint.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

THE KWANGTUNG CEMENT FACTORY.

DETAILS OF COST AND PRODUCING POWER.

On December 15, the corner stone of the big Kwangtung Government Cement Plant was laid with appropriate ceremonies in the presence of General Chan Ming Shu (Chairman of the Provincial Yuan), Mr. Tang Ying Wen (Commissioner of Reconstruction), and other high government officials. Over 500 invited guests attended the celebration. The following official description of the enterprises handed to each guest is translated from the Chinese:—

In the beginning of 1928, the Ministry of Railways sent a representative to arrange with the Kwangtung Government, to build a modern cement factory, in order to meet the demand for the construction of Canton-Hankow Railway.

As a result of this conference, Construction Commissioner, Mah Tsao Chin, was instructed by the Provincial Authorities to raise the funds and complete the factory in 22 months. The estimate of cost, amounting to Hong Kong \$1,035,420, was approved by the Kwangtung Government and the Central Bank in Canton invited to advance the amount to be repaid by the Bureau of Finance by monthly instalments of \$100,000 each.

It was decided that the plant, having a capacity of producing 1,300 barrels daily, should be bought from F. L. Smith & Company of Copenhagen, Denmark. The agreement, signed in March 1929, provided that the machinery was to be paid for in monthly instalments. In May of the same year, Wang Tsao Chang, was appointed to take charge of the preparatory office. The estimate of \$1,035,420 was apportioned as follows:—\$600,000 for machinery, \$70,000 for administrative expenses, \$14,000 for travelling and inspection expenses, purchase of factory site, \$5,000, construction expense, \$350,400. The purchase of factory site at Ping Sze, \$80,000, incidental expenses, \$70,000, transportation expenses in Hong Kong, \$30,000, installation expenses, \$120,000, construction of godowns, \$80,000 running expenses, \$80,000.

At first the cement factory was considered as a public industrial enterprise and was therefore exempted from paying import duty on its machinery, so duty was not included in the estimate. Afterwards, however, the Ministry of Finance ordered that, with the exception of all military supplies, all commodities must pay duty, and \$100,000 was set aside by the provincial authorities for this charge.

The Factory Site.

The site of the factory was originally planned to be at In-Tuck-Pah-Shah-Chu, but as this was found unsuitable, it was changed to a location at Sze Dau Kong, near Shitan, with the river in front and the Canton-Hankow Railway at the back, providing transportation facilities either by land or water with Canton. The factory site covers more than 120 mow of land.

Construction. In the autumn of 1929, after Commissioner Tang assumed charge of the work and he appointed Tung Hoang Nyl to supervise the construction, and the installation of machinery. If nothing extraordinary happens, by next summer the whole plant will be installed.

Some of the Details.

- (1) To adopt "Wet" Process.
- (2) Electric Power to be used: Capacity: 1,300 kilowatts.
- (3) All machinery ordered from F. L. Smith & Co., Copenhagen.
- (4) Length of Oven: 82 M. x 3 M. Burning 200 tons of clay per day.
- (5) Yearly Output: 60,000 tons or 413,000 barrels of cement.
- (6) About 100,000 tons of lime stone used yearly.
- (7) About 20,000 tons of clay used yearly.
- (8) About 23,000 tons of coal used yearly.
- (9) About 2,000 tons of gypsum used yearly.
- (10) The value of the factory, including machinery and buildings is about \$3,000,000.
- (11) Lime stone comes from In-Tuck Hsien (District).
- (12) Clay comes from the river bed of Siao Pei-Kiang, near the factory.
- (13) The factory employs direct about 600 workmen specially for transporting in the engineering room, packing, to get clay and lime stone and for other river transportation for raw materials.

ring and there is no obstruction to the passage of the water.

In this manner all existing ball hydrants can therefore be rapidly converted in simple fashion to a modern valve type of apparatus by simply replacing the ball, and it is not surprising therefore the new invention is already in great demand.

BRASSEY'S NAVAL ANNUAL.

THE WORLD'S MERCHANT AND NAVAL FLEETS.

BRASSEY'S NAVAL AND SHIPPING ANNUAL, 1931. Edited by COMMANDER CHARLES N. ROBINSON, R.N., and H. M. ROSS, (Clowes, 23s. net.)

The publication of "Brassey" is always an event in the naval year.

The issue for 1931 appears under the same editorship as before, and is published by Messrs. Clowes and Sons, who have been associated with the work since it first appeared in 1886.

The contributors include such authorities as Sir William Berry, late Director of Naval Construction, Sir Robert Haddfield, who writes on modern developments in special steels, Sir Charles Sanders, the Chairman of the Lord Line Committee, and Mr. R. A. Watson Watt, of the Radio Research Station, Slough. By permission of their respective Governments, too, officers in the United States, Italy, and Germany write on maritime progress in those countries.

The volume of warship work in hand is less than in the previous year because of reductions and postponements in view of the London Naval Treaty, and the fear is expressed that if this state of things continues, and is unaccompanied by cuts in foreign programmes, alarm will be engendered which may culminate in a panic. The resultant efforts would be wasteful and far less satisfactory than if construction and design had proceeded steadily and regularly. Captain Altham, R.N., in his review of Foreign Navies, regards the present position as bad enough, but remarks that consideration of the efforts which continue to be made by foreign Powers, especially in the narrow waters of the Mediterranean, to increase their navies, particularly as regards torpedo craft and submarines, can only lead to the conclusion that the balance of sea power is rapidly changing to our detriment.

Merchant Fleets. The standing of the world's merchant fleets is discussed by Mr. J. P. Taylor, who notes the relatively high efficiency of the British mercantile marine. While it comprises less than 30 per cent. of the world tonnage, it has nearly 36 per cent. of the more efficient ocean-going tonnage available for general cargo and passenger purposes. While of the tonnage registered in Great Britain and Ireland 84.2 per cent. is under 20 years old, the percentage for the tonnage owned abroad is less than 71. Shipyard were kept going very largely during 1930 with the construction of oil tankers, and it is significant that the proportion of such vessels to the total shipbuilding increased from 20 per cent. on January 1 to 40 per cent. on October 1. As the year progressed without owners showing any marked inclination to order general cargo ships there came a pause which should strengthen the freight market in the event of any revival of trade.

That the market is in need of something of the kind is evident from Mr. Cuthbert Maughan's article on the speculative character of shipping, in which he analyses the principal causes of the low rates of freights operating during 1930.

Motor-ships. Motor-ships continued to make headway during the past year, and the world's tonnage in this category has about doubled since 1927. In Great Britain it represents 11.1 per cent. of our mercantile fleet, but it is significant that the percentage is much higher in Scandinavian countries—35.3 in Norway, 32.5 in Denmark, and 28.4 in Sweden. Mr. R. J. Butler, in his chapter on mercantile marine machinery, refers to the extensive application of Diesel engines to oil tankers, for which they are very suitable, since these vessels have long uninterrupted runs and obtain their propelling fuel cheaply at the same sources as their cargoes.

In September 63 such vessels, including 20 for Norwegian owners, were under construction in Great Britain. Mr. Butler's chapter is an admirable summary of the progress of high-pressure steam, electrical propulsion, exhaust steam turbines, and powdered-coal burning equipments.

The reference sections of the volume are on the usual adequate scale and serve to make it indispensable to all who are in any way connected with maritime affairs. *Times Engineering Supplement.*

Wireless. An article on wireless position finding by Mr. R. A. Watson Watt is the most exhaustive yet published in the "Annual" on this subject. Various types of direction finders in use by the Navy and the Royal Air Force are described, and the present state of commercially operative position-finding apparatus is summarized. Mr. Watt holds strongly to the opinion that the immediate future of direction finding lies with the Adcock system in its various applications. During the War of 1914-18, a signal officer, F. Adcock, devised a receiving aerial system in which he attempted to eliminate the effects of horizontal electric forces on horizontal parts of the aerial. A patent taken out in 1919 was allowed to lapse, and the invaluable Adcock principle lay dormant until it was taken up by Smith-Rose and Harfield in 1923, and developed into a practical system for reception.

The great progress which is being made in marine aircraft is recognized by the inclusion of two chapters on the subject, one by "Phoenix" on the Fleet Air Arm, and the other by the editor of *Flight* on commercial marine aviation. The former writer describes the organization and working of the Navy's aircraft, but is reticent about the progress made in their employment since the War, while indicating that the problems concerned "have aroused an enthusiasm and a concentration of resources which it would be difficult to exaggerate." The writer on commercial marine aircraft, emphasizes the importance of the flying-boat of the use of rustless steel, with its avoidance of corrosion. In spite of its greater weight as compared with aluminium, rustless steel has become practicable for use in this connection, and the future of the flying-boat is described as very bright indeed.

The Navies. Now that the London Naval Treaty has been ratified and is in operation as from December 31, 1930, except for Part III, to which France and Italy have not subscribed, the "Annual" may be consulted with profit as to the bearing of this pact on future naval strength. Three writers deal in special articles with its various aspects. Sir William Berry considers its effect upon the designs of capital ships and cruisers, and forecasts that some reduction in designed speed and radius of action may be found desirable in order to increase protection. Lieut. Comdr. A. C. Bell discusses the entirely new strategic problem presented by the need for maintaining a one-Power standard in the light not of a potentially hostile battle fleet as in pre-war days, but of affording protection to our food supplies against submarine attack. Captain A. O. Dewar summarizes the provisions of the Treaty in regard to material, and shows what each country may build. His view is that, by partly eliminating the field of international relationships, the Treaty has attained a measure of success.

The German Navy. For the first time since the War, a German officer, Lieut. Comdr. Norbert von Baumhach, contributes an article to the "Annual," showing how the German Navy is being rebuilt under the restrictions imposed by the Versailles Treaty. With regard to the new German armoured ship, which on a displacement of 10,000 tons has an 11in. gun armament, and by means of Diesel engines attains a speed of 20 knots, he admits that this class of ship is naturally more powerful than the Washington cruisers if both are regarded as armoured ships, but holds that it is not on that account logical to consider it as a menace to other Powers. The *Erzatz-Preussen*, he maintains, is a ship of the line, and as such is far weaker than those possessed by other countries. An Italian officer, Captain Giuseppe Fortini, deals with the progress of Italy's mercantile marine.

Luxury Liners. Two chapters of special interest deal with the ocean tourist business and the liner as an hotel. They are in a way unique, and will be found informative by a large number of readers to whom the use of shipping as a means of pleasure or education has hitherto been unknown. The equipment and amenities of the modern liner furnish material for an excellent article, which appeal to the growing number of people who seek health and recreation in sea voyages, and should interest many others who hardly realize how different such travel is nowadays from what it was a few years ago.

The reference sections of the volume are on the usual adequate scale and serve to make it indispensable to all who are in any way connected with maritime affairs. *Times Engineering Supplement.*

CENTRAL THEATRE

BY SPECIAL REQUEST
SHOWING TO-DAY ONLYJACK OAKIE
&
POLLY WALKER

"HIT THE DECK"

Singing-Dancing-Colour

Starting Sunday

GOOD NIGHT
NURSE!RICHARD
DIX

"The Love Doctor"

A joy-maker if
there ever was one,
Richard Dix is
catching and the
doctor succumb to
his beautiful nurse.

ACTION-LOVE-LAUGHS

Coming Soon

A Whole Jungle Full
of Laughs

Coming Soon

A GALAXY OF BRITISH
STARS IN A BRITISH
"TALKIE" PRODUCED
IN A BRITISH STUDIO

ALE'S BUTTON

A Caution: Beware of All - Dialogue
Directed by W. KELLING

TUBBY EDLIN, ALF GODDARD

NORA SWINBURNE, POLLY WARD

Based on W. A. DARLINGTON'S
Famous Farce ExtravaganzaBookings at Andersons and
the Theatre (Tel. 25720)

THE SILVER SCREEN.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

"LOVE IN THE ROUGH."

One of the first orchestras to play for talking-pictures recordings, Karl Burthett's Biltmore Hotel Band, and its famous radio singing trio, returns to the film fold in "Love in the Rough," Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's musical comedy-romance featuring Robert Montgomery.

In the new talkie feature which is showing at the Queen's Theatre, the Biltmore orchestra is seen as well as heard in the clubroom scenes and the trio appears with Montgomery and Miss Jordan in several song numbers. The orchestra made its film debut in "Broadway Melody."

Charles F. (Chuck) Reisner directed the new talkie with the supporting cast including Dorothy Jordan, Benny Rubin, Dorothy McNulty and J. C. Nugent.

"MADAM SATAN."

Of all the various collections owned by Cecil B. De Mille, including old shawls and firearms, one of the most interesting is undoubtedly his file of quips and jokes directed against his use in pictures of bathtubs, showers and other such nuptial devices.

Since he first used a bathroom in "Old Wives for New" and subsequently in "Male and Female," De Mille has been hilariously hailed as the "Bath Tub King" of the Movies. For the amusement of his friends De Mille has carefully saved all jokes about his bathroom.

Of the collection the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer director considers as the piece de resistance, the one which states that "if the contents of all Cecil B. De Mille's bathtubs were emptied at one time, the resulting flood would fill the Yale Bowl."

De Mille is stated to have a glass enclosed shower, in "Madam Satan," his latest, all-talking vehicle, which will open on Sunday at the Queen's Theatre. Reginald Denny and Roland Young get under it with their clothes on in the hope of remedying the effects of what was evidently a rather hectic "night before."

CENTRAL THEATRE.

"THE LOVE DOCTOR."

Fifteen years ago, a budding young man with histrionic ambitions sat in a New York theatre and watched for the tenth time a performance of "The Boomerang," the stage success of the year.

Wallace Edinger played the lead in the play and it was the youth's ambition to emulate the stage star in "The Boomerang."

That youth was Richard Dix and his dream came true in Hollywood where he has just completed the picturization of the play under the title of "The Love Doctor," which comes to the Central Theatre to-morrow.

"The Love Doctor" is the story of a young physician who finds himself in the unique position of prescribing for love ailments, and believing that he is immune from these pesky love germs. But, all too late he finds that he has been ensnared by his own rules for love.

MACEDONIA THE
MYSTERIOUS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

There was no security until a few years ago. Good roads were non-existent. Laws were not enforced. The Turkish administration was poor. Justice and fair play were ideals of which the Macedonian peasants dared not dream. Each community had to be a law unto itself. The windows were all barred. People arose and retired early. Love was put into stockings or buried kettles, and not into banks, for no one had faith in society.

Life was simple, meager, puritanical, rigorous. There were almost no papers, not many books and a poor postal system. The news was whispered about; the fireplaces of coffee houses and told on market days when people gathered to sell their produce. Rumors rapidly grew into legends and each group related awful things of every other group. Dark towns, barred windows, abominable rituals, crooked streets, vast formidable mountains, yawning gorges, all tended to give wings to evil reports, so that Macedonia became a land of antagonisms.

Yet it must not be believed that rough mountain life, dingy, stuffy houses, simple habits and isolation from the outside world robbed the Macedonians of excellent human qualities. On the contrary, this struggle for existence and racial individualism has made of them one of the most vigorous, enterprising, self-reliant, energetic peoples in southeast Europe. Wherever they go, they fight. When they settle in foreign lands they occupy high places. They are an unusually promising people. — Christian Science Monitor.

KING'S THEATRE
HONGKONG'S FINEST CINEMAWATCH THIS SPACE
FOR
OPENING ANNOUNCEMENT

Proprietors:

CHINA ENTERTAINMENT & LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

KING'S THEATRE.

ENGINEERING AND BUILDING

EAST AND WEST.

Yangtze Conservancy.

In view of the urgent need for the dredging and improvement of the lower reaches of the Yangtze River, a conservancy programme entailing the expenditure of \$52,500,000 for the Wosung-Hankow section of the river has been formulated by the Yangtze River Conservancy Board under the Ministry of Communications. To raise the necessary funds, the levy of a surtax on goods transported to various ports on the Yangtze valley is contemplated.

New Dredge for the Philippines.

The new river dredge for the port of Iloilo, now under construction in the yards of F. Schichau, G.m.b.H., Elbing, Germany, will be completed in about seven months and will be towed to the Philippines by the new customs cutter which is also under construction at the same yards.

The dredge will proceed to Iloilo shortly on its own power. This dredge, unlike the dredger Manila, is not a sea going ship, it was explained at the office of Reither-Akerman Company, local agents of F. Schichau, but it will be able to make the trip to Iloilo unaided.

This is a suction pipe line dredge, which according to specifications, is capable of an hourly output of 300 cubic meters. It is about 42

meters long, 11 meters beam, and 1.40 meters draft. It is to be a steam vessel equipped with oil burners. The ship is to have a speed of nine and one-half miles per hour.

The contract price of this dredge, together with 300 meters of floating pipe and 7,500 meters of land pipe, is P300,000, delivered at Manila.

Shimonoseki Straits Bridge Project.

The business men of Kyushu are evidently tired of waiting for the Government Railway engineers to solve the problem of providing direct rail connection with the main island by means of the much discussed tunnel under the strait between Shimonoseki and Moji and are now advocating the construction of a bridge.

A group of influential persons in Kyushu, including President Ohtaguro of the Kyushu Tramway Company and President Asah of the Kyushu Hydro-Electricity Co., have proposed a plan to construct a suspension bridge across the Kanmaki and have applied to the Fukuoka Prefectural Government for permission to proceed with the project.

According to the plan, a railway company with a capital of ¥30,000,000, is to be established at Kokura to span the Channel by a bridge to be built between Wakamaki Head on the Shimonoseki side and Hinode on the Moji side,

a distance of 3,000 feet. It is to be 200 feet above the sea-level and to be double-bridged. The upper bridge is for a double track railway and the lower for tramcars and ordinary traffic.

Growth of Unemployed Tonnage.

A big increase in the amount of tonnage idle in the principal ports of Great Britain and Ireland were shown in the Chamber of Shipping's figures for January 1 last. How serious is the amount is indicated by an examination of Lloyd's Daily Index carried out by a firm of British shipowners.

The firm excluded oil tankers, large numbers of which are now unemployed. This represents about eight per cent. of the total mercantile marines of the world, excluding oil tankers. The depression in the oil tanker industry is discussed by Messrs. John J. Jacobs and Co. in their half-yearly review. They point out that the present total tanker tonnage afloat is about 13,000,000 tons deadweight, compared with 7,000,000 tons deadweight in 1922, while the lowest rates for clean vessels from the Gulf of Mexico to the United Kingdom or Continent during the two periods may be put at 10s. 6d. and 17s. 6d. a ton, respectively.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

PREMISES TO LET.

ATTRACTIVE Three Roomed FLATS in HUMPHREYS BUILDINGS, Kowloon. All Modern Conveniences. Also SIX Roomed HOUSE in MINNER AVENUE—Apply HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE Co., Ltd., ALEXANDRA BUILDING. [243]

TO LET—GROUND FLOOR of No. 84, DES VOEUX ROAD CENTRAL, At present in the Occupation of the NETHERLANDS INDIA COMMERCIAL BANK, Available from 1st APRIL, 1931.—Apply to DAVID HABBON & Co., Ltd. [10308]

TO LET—No. 15, To 28, FONG YAI TERRACE, VILLAS ROAD, HAPY VALLEY. 2-Room NEW EUROPEAN FLATS with Fitted and All Modern Conveniences. Moderate Rental.—Apply to THE WING ON CO., Ltd., Estate Office. [446]

TO LET—From 1st APRIL, 1931, TWO GROUND FLOORS, No. 3, CAMPAI BUILDINGS (302, Nathan Road) Kowloon.—Apply to CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME ORIENT, FARMER BANK BUILDING (4th floor). [411]

TO LET—PRINCE EDWARD ROAD, Kowloon. 4 Roomed FLAT with All Modern Conveniences and Garage.—Apply to CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME ORIENT, 4th floor FARMER BANK BUILDING. [486]

WANTED.

WANTED—Strongly built 25 Ft. MOTOR LAUNCH with Cabin, Speed about 10 Knots, Reliable Motor.—Reply, KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION. [489]

WANTED TO BUY—SMALL PUP or PUPS. Good Home. Price must be Moderate. Please write Box 481, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [481]

PREMISES WANTED.

OFFICE ACCOMMODATION REQUIRED by Well known European Firm, about 5000 Square Feet.—Write giving Full Details to Box No. 486, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [485]

FOR SALE.

ROTARY DUPLICATOR, fitted with Detachable Ink Fountain, FOR SALE, Cheap. Machine in Excellent Order, Complete with Cover, Supplies, etc. Demonstration Before Purchase.—Write to Box 480, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [480]

PHOTO ENLARGER, No. 9, 8, Telling Negatives up to Postcard Size. Trylor 64 Lens; (H. Roussel, Paris), Red Leather Bellows, Condenser, Lamp, etc. Condition Same as New.—For Inspection and Price Apply to Box 491, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [491]

500 (FIVE HUNDRED) TONS WHITE FLINT CUL.—LET FOR SALE. Please reply Box No. 481, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [481]

Harbour Improvements.

Harbour improvement schemes were undertaken during 1930 at a number of Scottish ports. The big extension scheme at Glasgow is now nearing completion, and it is expected that the new dock at Shieldhall will be formally opened this year. The basin itself is completed, but work is still proceeding with the erection of goods sheds and the provision of cranes and other cargo handling appliances. Leith Dock Commissioners are considering a scheme for the erection of a new grain elevator to take the place of that burned down some time ago. At Dundee extensions are being made to the King George V. Wharf, and harbour improvements are being carried out at Aberdeen. With the aid of Government grants harbour improvement schemes have also been undertaken at a number of the smaller Scottish ports.

Scientific Wonders of the Fair.

The latest and most intricate scientific wonders of the world were shown at the British Industries Fair, held this year at Olympia, London, from February 13-27. There were devices for measuring the various degrees of "Whiteness" in white articles, for recording the temperature at a number of scattered points on one indicator, and a lantern projector which can throw a picture on a screen without the necessity of having a dark room. The "interferometer" is a British invention for detecting faults in the very high grade glass used for optical instruments. Britain's pre-eminence in making the world's best quality lenses is partly attributed to this instrument. It is not generally known that the majority of cinema films, including those made in Hollywood, are photographed through lenses designed and made in Great Britain; and are also projected on to the screen through British lenses. Spectacle lenses used in Great Britain used to be imported, mainly from the U.S.A.; at the British Industries Fair this year is one exhibitor who exports eighty per cent. of his lenses to the U.S.A. Other interesting exhibits will be the "Robot eye," which indicates the almost imperceptible variations between shades of red, green, blue, or any other colour; and a density meter which records the thickness of cloth and the density of chemicals and metals.

The New Cunard Vessel.

Work on the great new Cunard liner has progressed so rapidly that the builders believe they will be able to launch it in February of next year, instead of in June, as was originally planned. This means that the ship will be ready for her first transatlantic voyage many months before the specified date in the autumn of 1932. Men are working full time on the Clyde during day and night shifts, and makers of the engines and other parts are also hastening their tasks as much as possible. Hundreds of different manufacturers are engaged on these special tasks, each one making one or more parts. The funnels, which are being made by Messrs. Brown, are of enormous size. Not only are the engineering problems of this undertaking immense, but there are many very difficult problems of transport involved in bringing to Clydeside some of the gigantic parts of the vessel. Every night, when ordinary traffic has ceased, strange scenes may be witnessed in the Streets of Glasgow: Gangs of men assisted by specially built motor vehicles may be seen moving engine parts. The stern bracket by which the rudder will be attached to the hull is too large to be moved by road or rail, and has to be brought in a steamer. The rudder, weighing 150 tons, is the largest ever made. It is to be moved from Darlington, the place of manufacture, to Middlesbrough on a Sunday when the railway line is clear of other traffic. There it will be loaded into a steamer, specially prepared, for transport to the Clyde.

Tractors in Central Asia.

The machine and tractor stations in the cotton region in Central Asia, of which there were thirteen last year, carried out their programme successfully, plowing 187,000 hectares, instead of the 145,000 hectares planned. At present, preparations are in progress for establishing 65 new stations there, which will have 3,000 tractors. These machine and tractor stations will till 60 per cent. of the entire cotton area of Central Asia. Twenty thousand of 1931 24,000 new tractor drivers will be required in this region, about 60 per cent. of whom have already been trained from the ranks of the native population.

QUEEN'S

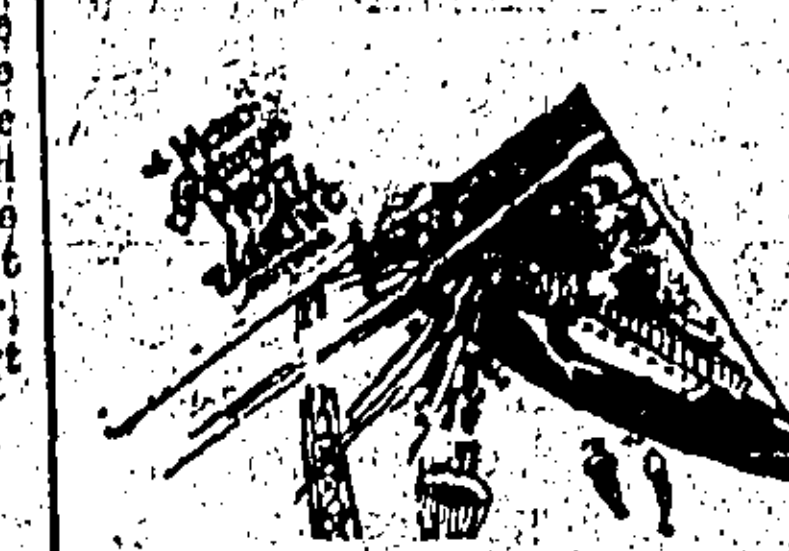
FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.The Smile-a-Minute
Talkie!LOVE IN THE
ROUGH

Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer ALL TALKING

Song, hits, satire,
pep, laughs, love—
it's a winner!with
Robert
MONTGOMERY
Dorothy
JORDAN
Benny
RUBIN
J. C.
NUGNET—ADDED ATTRACTION—
THE COLOUR TONE REVEAL
"A NIGHT AT THE
SHOOTING GALLERY"

HEARST NEWSREEL

—TO-MORROW—

Don't miss
CÉCIL B. DE MILLES' Spectacular
ProductionMADAM SATAN
By JEANIE MACPHERSON
The Last Word in
Spectacular Romance!Produced by KAY JOHNSON
REGINALD DENNY
EMILIAN ROSE
ROLAND YOUNG

STAR

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.30 & 9.20.AT LAST
IN FILMS
THE
STUDENT
PRINCE
Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer
Production

Brown
Gentlemen's Tailor
2nd Floor,
RUTTON BUILDING,
7, DUDDELL STREET.
(Opposite Gospel Hall)
Orders executed in 24 Hours.
TELEPHONE 23056.

HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE
FOR CAR HIRE
For Hong Kong: 24758
For Kowloon: 57374

THE JADE TREE, Inc.,
PENINSULA HOTEL ARCADE
FUR COATS
JEWELLERY
LINGERIE
HANDKERCHIEFS
ETC.

If
You Want
The Very Best
RADIO
Go to
RUDOLF, WOLFF & KEW, Ltd.
54, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
1st Floor. Tel. 22178.

ESTABLISHED 1868.
Tak Cheong
Gentlemen's Tailors, Outfitters
and Dealers in all kinds
of Fancy Goods
50, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL
PHONE: 21317

IT'S A REASONABLE TIME
TO GET A WINTER SUIT OR OVERCOAT.
We have Just Received a Wide
Variety of Woolens for Your
Selection.
PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.
PRICES REASONABLE.
WING HING CO
TAILORS.
54, QUEEN'S ROAD. PHONE 21417.

**MAINTAINING
APPEARANCES**

WHATEVER
ASSEMBLY ONE
ENTERS, THE PER-
SONALITY OF A
SMARTLY DRESSED
MAN IS FELT AND
RESPECTED.

TO BE WELL
DRESSED IS A SOCIAL
DUTY. AND THIS
IS EASILY CARRIED
OUT AT

BROWN'S
7, Duddell Street, 2nd floor
Opp. Gospel Hall
Tel. 23056.

KILLGERM
THE PERFECTION OF
DISINFECTANTS

SEND YOUR ENQUIRY TO THE
ACTUAL MANUFACTURERS

THE KILLGERM CO LTD
CLECKHEATON, ENGLAND

THE NEW CIVILISATION IN CHINA. SOME LESSONS LEARNED FROM ENGLAND. PROF. MIDDLETON-SMITH'S ADDRESS.

(Continued from Yesterday.)

The first part of Professor Middleton-Smith's address on "The New Civilisation in China," delivered to members of the Arts Association of the University, appeared in our issue of yesterday. Below will be found a further instalment, and the concluding part will be published on Monday.

The Lesson from England.

Less than a century ago an object lesson of scientific development was commenced in the Far East. Hong Kong was made the base of the new civilisation in China. Trade was thrown open to everyone who chose to take part in it.

The Englishman brought, not only his goods, but his dynamic ideas concerning steam power and scientific education.

Out of the growth that has followed remarkable results have come. Exhibits of machinery at work have been seen by the Chinese people, many of whom have carried the new knowledge of applied science to other parts of China.

During the last nineteen years many graduates in Engineering have gone out from the University of Hong Kong. Numbers of other students have seen sufficient to be convinced of the advantage of the new methods. Thousands of Chinese visitors have watched the machines and scientific appliances that our students learn to operate.

Transport is Civilization.

For nearly two centuries, Canton, in Kwangtung province, was the only centre of commerce with Europeans in China.

Just as the tiny stream of foreign trade with Canton has swollen so that it now penetrates all over China, so are these new scientific ideas from Hong Kong, being transplanted to remote parts of the country that contains 400 millions people.

The first necessity of the new civilisation is mechanical transport and a system of rapid communications.

During the first year of the Republic Dr. Sun made an earnest plea for the construction of a 100,000 miles railway network. "Transportation," he said, "is the key to industries, and railways the key to transportation."

After transport the next essential for the new civilisation is the supply of electric power. This is a problem that requires careful planning and the collection of reliable data. There are great possibilities in connection with water power in China.

The huge electric power stations that gather but a fraction of the energy of Niagara come readily to mind. It has been calculated that the water power of Canada alone has been developed now to 15,000,000 horse-power, or energy equivalent to the work of 300,000,000 men.

Interesting as are schemes for water power development, only a small fraction of the machinery used for providing mechanical and electrical energy is driven by water. Nearly all power comes from coal or oil.

The Food Supply.

China is an agricultural nation and cannot otherwise support her vast population. The Chinese farmer and his family struggle from dawn to dusk for a precarious existence. In North America the farmer is raising enough food for himself and ten other people.

Agriculture is the largest industry in the world to-day as it has been in all times. An inventive and creative genius grew, the farmer produced more from the soil and sold his surplus to the cities. The surplus provided him with luxuries and leisure.

If any Chinese Emperor of forty centuries ago visited South China to-day he would find practically no change, but change is essential for modern methods to multiply food production.

Professor O. E. Baker states that only one quarter of the land available for crops in China is under cultivation and that quarter produces only fifty per cent. of the yield of similar crops in the U.S.A. "Even with rice," he says, "Western nations employing mechanical cultivation produce from two to five times as much per acre as China."

You have only to travel a little inland to see that mothers and children work on the soil from dawn to dusk. Why should they carry tons of water and use old and inefficient implements during a lifetime of drudgery, when a small gas engine or electric motor will do the work more quickly?

In England, already, the home on the farm has all modern comforts. Labour-saving devices are employed. Electric light and power is everywhere available. Radio provides news of the world and entertainment. The motor car has made social life easy.

In a material sense, the mass of humanity in England to-day is much better off than in any other period of history. Before the utilisation of fuel as a power producer, Englishmen travelled on muddy highways and in fragile wooden ships. The people were slaves of infinite infections. They lived in heatless and lightless houses. News travelled at the rate of a horse's gallop, usually much more slowly.

Today there are swift cars on concrete roads, armies of workers fighting disease, knowledge on all subjects available almost for asking, words tossed by air or wire across seas and continents.

A Chinese Critic.

The new civilisation in China is a creation for which scientists are responsible. We have no reasons to be apologetic. The literature of pessimism, which tells us that the triumphs of applied science have caused individuality to disappear and beauty to wither, leaves me unaffected and entirely unashamed, for it is false.

If these writers had been life in China, as some of us have seen it, they would not deplore the new civilisation.

Listen to a Chinese writer of distinction, Hu Shih He says:—"A civilisation to be worthy of its name must be built upon material progress. As one of China's statesmen said twenty-six centuries ago, 'When food and clothing are sufficiently provided for, honour and disgrace can be distinguished; and when granaries are full, the people will know good manners.'"

This Chinese writer of to-day continues: "Picture a civilisation where boys and girls and old women with bamboo baskets tied to their backs and with pointed sticks in hand, flock to every dumping place of garbage and search every heap of refuse for a possible torn piece of rag or a half-burnt piece of coal. How can we expect a moral and spiritual civilisation to grow up in such an atmosphere?"

Concerning Unrest and Population.

Many years ago, when the writer first advocated the use of modern methods of production in China, that indefatigable critic, Mr. J. O. P. Bland, did him the honour to challenge in the *North China Daily News*, the claims then made for applied science.

The burden of Mr. Bland's criticism was, roughly, this. China is suffering, not from a lack of Western science, but from an excess of population.

It is scarcely within the province of this address to discuss this pro-

blem of excess population and poverty. It was not solved in China in the past centuries that had no Western science. It can only be solved by a spread of knowledge, and that is impossible without modern methods of communication.

Already we find that the old social system of a large patriarchal establishment is distasteful to the Chinese who have studied Western science.

Any civilisation must be judged by the position of woman. When that test is applied to compare the old civilisation of Asia with that which now exists in the West there can be only one verdict. A respect for and chivalry towards women are pillars upon which the culture of the new civilisation is built.

The machine age will inevitably bring freedom for the women of this country. It will release their minds and bodies from bondage, as already, in many parts of China, it has relieved their feet from the tortures of binding.

We may have differences of opinion about things that cannot be measured. Concerning the problem of health under the new civilisation there can be no arguments. Figures prove.

The span of life in England and Wales has rapidly increased since the introduction of machinery. Full data is available.

From 1838-1854 the average length of life was 40 years. From 1901-1910 it was 48 years. From 1920-1925 it was 55 years.

The resident in England to-day has, on an average, sixteen more years of life than the Englishman of 80-years-ago. We are a more healthy race. We can not by taking thought add a cubit to our own stature; but we can, and we have, added inches to the stature of our children. Statistics prove it.

The Answer to Pessimists.

There is a school of the intelligent of Anglo-Saxons who, disgusted with the slums and the social evils of the cities, imagine that the Kingdom of Heaven must be in the East. They constantly assert that the only contribution of the machine age to our civilisation has been a mercenary ambition which has deflected the thoughts of man from lofty aspirations. In Europe and America similar views are expressed.

Some brooding minds in the East, of which Mahatma Gandhi is typical, have made a greater challenge. They tell us that all of this modern industrialism is but sweated labour and avarice enthroned. They say that no real culture, no proper civilisation, can arise out of the discord created by the works of engineers and inventors. They suggest that behind all this harnessing of steam, and the rushing waters, there are only the malevolent forces of greed and the ruthless exploitation of human souls.

These dreamers picture this world in the long centuries before steam power. They see it as a Garden of Eden, instead of what it then really was for many, a home of slaves. For steam power brought to all the hope, and for millions the reality, of a redemption from the curse of the poverty and overwork.

It is right that we should not regard our present form of civilisation, in which the machine is supreme, as the last world in cultural perfection. It would, however, be absurd to despise the assistance of

mechanical appliances in the struggle to obtain food and leisure. For it is out of leisure, properly utilised, that culture comes.

The machine is not an end in itself. It is a means to provide man with extensions to his own hands and feet and eyes and ears. It is to deliver him from the bondage of the solitary struggle for food. It is to satisfy the irrefragable desire to rid his own species of the paralysing curse of drudgery. It is to free him from labour that can be done just as well by steel or coal or oil.

The machine age, the age of accurate measurement, has not diminished, but has stimulated the creative urge that exists in every healthy person. We are no longer satisfied with our relationship with Nature, nor are we content with the old ideas about the social world. The same fierce inquisitiveness that is applied to the movement of the heavenly bodies, or the structure of the atom, makes us analyse our social system and the old dogmas built up when man knew nothing of the unvarying laws of nature.

You who will plan the new cities and the power producing plants in China are at an advantage. You can avoid the blunders made in the development of industrial life in Europe and America. The new civilisation demands imagination, courage, scientific training and invention. Try in China to escape the evils of congestion in slums, ugly buildings, traffic dangers, and the constant friction of industrial relations.

Knowledge is Power.

The provision of leisure by the use of slave labour permitted the ancient Greeks to develop ideas of Beauty, Truth and Goodness.

The new civilisation by utilising the forces of Nature to perform work provides leisure, and yet more leisure, so that mankind may cultivate to a greater extent the nobler faculties.

It is essentially a system to substitute mental for physical effort. Not only does it include the elimination of friction from machinery in motion, but it seeks to reduce friction in human relationship.

It regards laziness and selfishness as evidence of ignorance; and it realises that ignorance can only be cured by education. To acquire the highest knowledge it is necessary to be relieved of anxiety concerning the necessities of life.

Particularly does it encourage the development of the intellect. It cannot be achieved without creations of the things that make life more beautiful, and a full appreciation of their influence.

It realises that all men are not born equal but it demands that all shall have an equal opportunity to develop their abilities and nobler natures.

(To be Continued.)

HOTELS.

VISITORS TO LONDON

Hotel
Rubens
Buckingham Palace Road,
facing Buckingham Palace.

Hotel
Rembrandt
South Kensington, S.W.,
facing the Victoria and
Albert Museum.

Every modern convenience in refined surroundings.
WITH LOWEST CHARGES FOR TWO OF LONDON'S MOST SELECT HOTELS.
All rooms have hot and cold running water. Radiator and 'Phone. Bedrooms with Private Bathrooms.
Tariff on Application to MANAGER or from "DAILY PRESS" Office.

LONDON'S LOVELIEST SUBURB

ROYAL RICHMOND
18 Minutes from Town.
BINGHAM HOUSE HOTEL
PETERSHAM ROAD, RICHMOND.

Wonderfully situated in this Most Delightful Old World Town. A Few Minutes from the Famous Park, Terraces, and Bridge. Station Omnibus passes the Door.

Overlooking the River, the View from the Hotel Gardens, Verandah, Public Rooms, and many Bedrooms, is incomparable. The River View is Admittedly Unexcelled in Europe.

The Hotel is Well Furnished and enjoys a Happy Home-like Atmosphere. All Public Rooms are Spacious. Gas Fire in Bedrooms. Cuisine claimed to be Quite Exceptional.

Terms from 3 Guineas Single Per Week. NO EXTRAS.
Tariff from "DAILY PRESS" Office.

LONDON SELLING AGENTS

TEA, INDIGO Sold on commission in British and Continental Markets.
FIBRES
BRISTLES
OILSEED
HIDES & SKINS
RUBBER DRUGS
COTTON, WOOL
ORES, MICA
GUMS AND
GENERAL
PRODUCE
KEYMER, SON & CO.
(Import Dept.) Whitefriars, London.
Tel.: "Keymer" London. Est. 1884.



INDIGESTION
Stopped in 5 minutes!

PRACTICALLY all forms of indigestion are caused by excess stomach acid which sets up food fermentation, generates painful gases and attacks the delicate lining of the stomach. This distressing condition can be relieved in five minutes by 'Bisurated' Magnesia which instantly neutralises excess acid. Doctors all over the world use and prescribe 'Bisurated' Magnesia and if you take a little after meals you can eat what you wish without any fear of indigestion.

'BISURATED' MAGNESIA
Powder or Tablets from all chemists.



PILSNER

Carlsberg
BEERS

PILSNER — LAGER

THE FAMOUS DANISH BEER THAT TAKES THE LEAD IN ALL THE MARKETS OF THE WORLD.

OBTAINABLE AT ALL THE LEADING STORES.

Sole Distributors:

JOHN MANNERS & CO., LTD.

MERCANTILE BANK BUILDING.



LAGER

LAMBERTS AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTION

THE Undersigned have received Instructions

To Sell by
PUBLIC AUCTION
ON

SATURDAY, MARCH 21,
COMMENCING AT 11 A.M.

At D GODOWN OF
THE HONG KONG & KOWLOON
WHARF & GODOWN CO., LTD.,
KOWLOON.

(For Account of the Concerned)

150 Cases NAPHTHALENE
BALLS.

(More or Less Damaged).

TERMS:—CASH ON DELIVERY.

LAMBERT BROS.,
AUCTIONEERS.

PUBLIC AUCTION

THE Undersigned have received Instructions

To Sell by
PUBLIC AUCTION
ON

TUESDAY, MAR. 24, 1931,
COMMENCING AT 10.30 A.M.

At

No. 5, CARNARVON BUILDING,
KOWLOON.

A QUANTITY OF
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE.

On View from MONDAY, the
23rd MARCH, 1931.

TERMS:—CASH ON DELIVERY.

LAMBERT BROS.,
AUCTIONEERS.

PUBLIC AUCTION

THE Undersigned have received Instructions

To Sell by
PUBLIC AUCTION
ON

WEDNESDAY, MAR. 25,
COMMENCING AT 2.30 P.M.

At Their SALES ROOM,
4, DUDDELL STREET,

A LARGE QUANTITY OF
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE

Comprising:—

Chesterfield Couches and Armchairs,
Glass Cabinets, Victrola Gram-
phones, Records, Bookcases, Desks,
Office Chairs, Carpets and Rugs,
Cabin and Wardrobe Trunks, For-
eign Flower Pots and Vases, Pictures,
Typewriters, etc., etc.

Teak Extension Dining Tables,
Dining Chairs, Sideboards, Crockery,
Glass Ware, Cutlery, Cooking
Utensils, Ice Chests, Dressing Tables,
Chest of Drawers, Washstands,
Blankets, Linen, Mosquito Nets, etc.,
etc.

Teak and Brass Bedsteads with
Mattresses, Wardrobes with Bevelled
Mirrors, Enamel Bath, Sewing
Machine, Overmantel, Clock, Books,
Electric Heater, Electric Table Lamps,
etc., etc.

and

A QUANTITY OF
BLACKWOOD FURNITURE

Including:—

Joss Tables, Cabinets, Jardiniere,
Armchairs, Tea Pots, Opium Stools,
etc., etc.

also

One GRAND PIANO (by Allison).

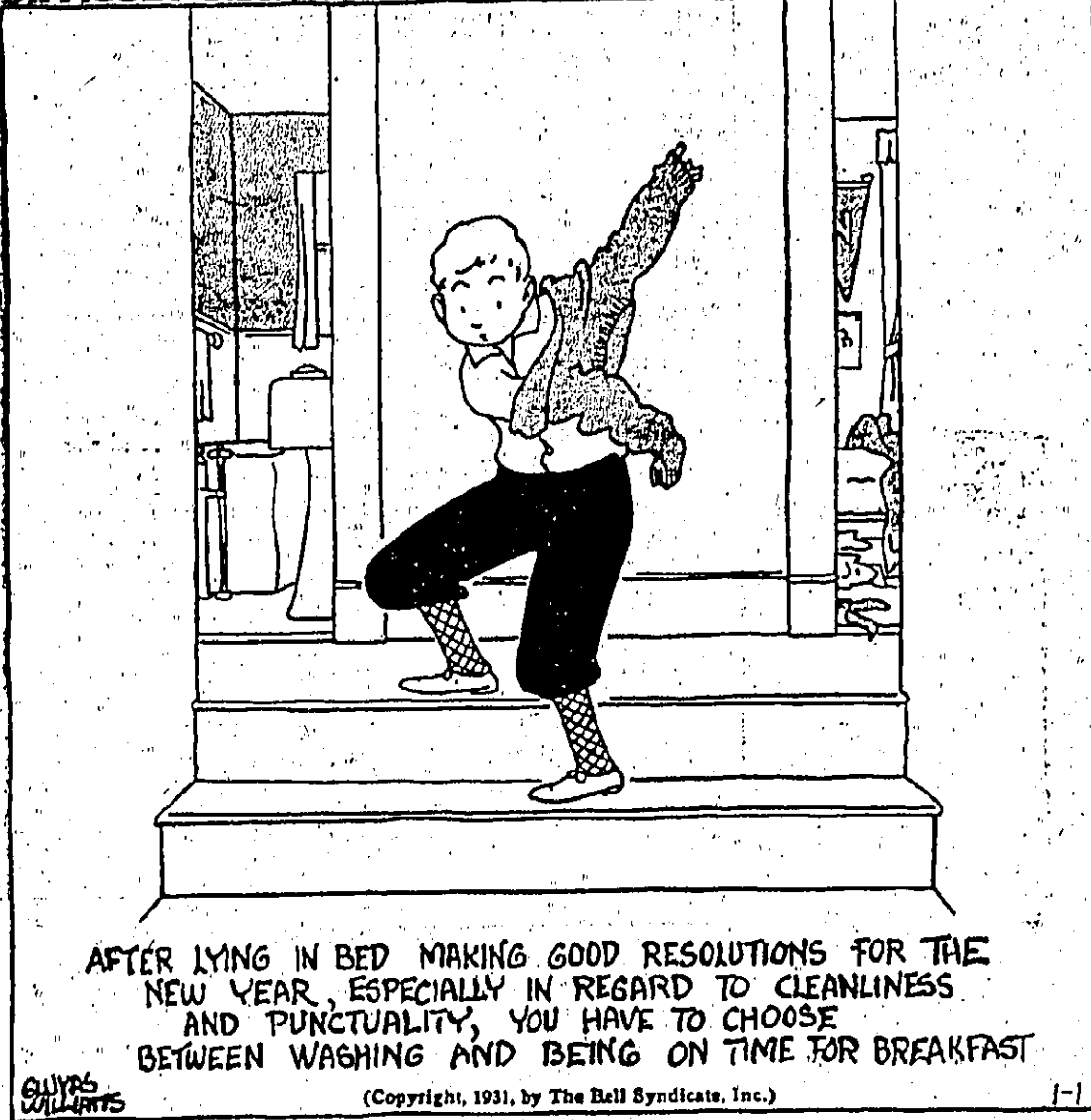
On View from TUESDAY, the
24th MARCH, 1931.

TERMS:—CASH ON DELIVERY.

LAMBERT BROS.,
AUCTIONEERS.

DIFFICULT DECISIONS

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



AFTER LYING IN BED MAKING GOOD RESOLUTIONS FOR THE NEW YEAR, ESPECIALLY IN REGARD TO CLEANLINESS AND PUNCTUALITY, YOU HAVE TO CHOOSE BETWEEN WASHING AND BEING ON TIME FOR BREAKFAST

GUYAS WILLIAMS

(Copyright, 1931, by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

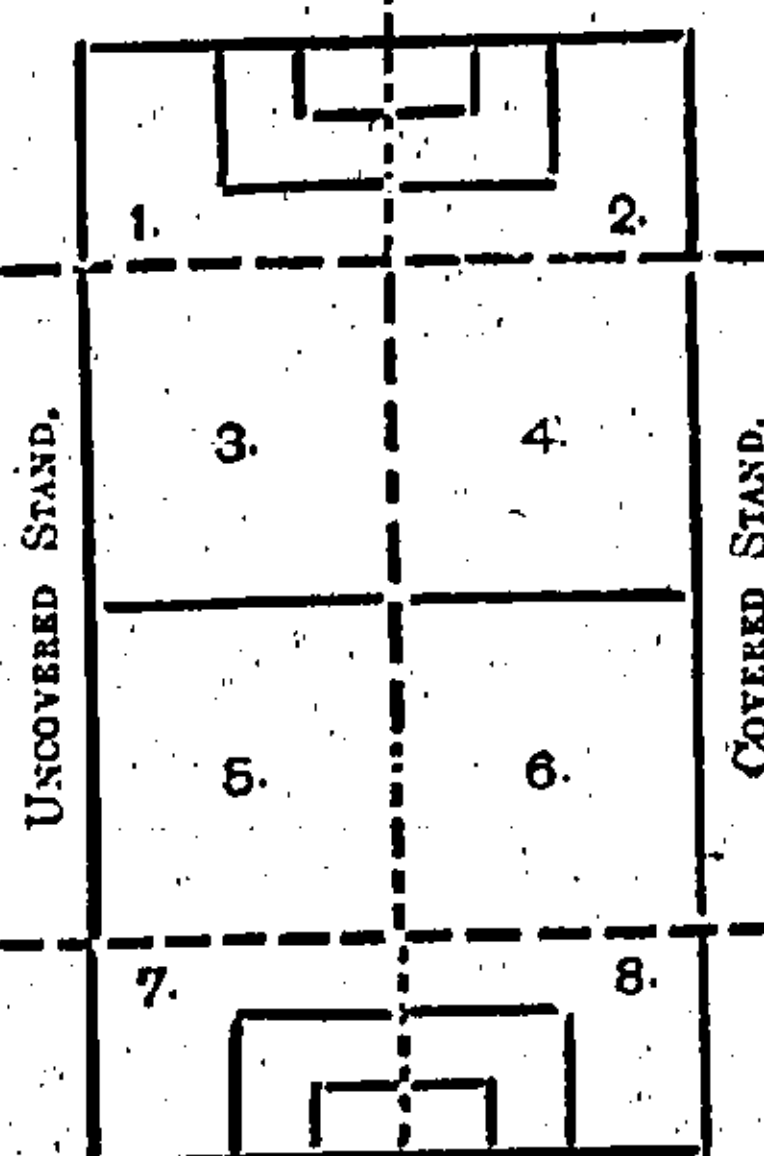
WEEK-END WIRELESS PROGRAMMES.

BROADCAST BY Z.B.W. ON 355 METRES.

COMMENTARY ON FOOTBALL SEMI-FINAL.

11 to 11.30 a.m.—Stock quotations.
11.30 a.m.—Chinese programme.
12.30 p.m.—European programme.
1.30 p.m.—Weather report, local time, and Rugby Press news.
2 p.m.—Close down.
4.20 p.m. (approx.)—Running commentary of the football match (Senior Shield semi-final) to be held on the Hong Kong Football Club ground: Kowloon Football Club vs. South China Athletic. By kind permission of the Association and the Hong Kong Football Club.

Plan of Football Field.



HAVE THIS BEFORE YOU WHEN YOU LISTEN IN.

6 to 7 p.m. (approx.)—Chinese programme.
7 to 11.30 p.m.—European programme of Victor records supplied by Messrs. Teang Fook Piano Co.
7 to 7.27 p.m.—

Orchestral.

"Sincerity" (Pignatelli, arr. Cibelli)—La Vittoria Orch.
"Wedding of the Winds" (Hall, arr. Cobelli)—La Vittoria Orchestra.
"With a Song in My Heart"—Jack Hylton and his Orch.
"Body and Soul"—Jack Hylton and his Orch.
"Love and Spring" (Waldteufel)—Nat Shilkret and the Victor Orch.
"Maytime" (Young and Romberg)—Nat Shilkret and the Victor Orch.
7.27 to 7.34 p.m.—Musical Comedy and Talkie Hits.
Gems from "Whoopie"—The Victor Light Opera Company.

Gems from "The New Moon"—The Victor Light Opera Co.
Gems from "Follow Thru"—The Victor Light Opera Group.
Gems from "Holding Everything"—The Victor Light Opera Group.
Gems from "Rio Rita"—The Victor Light Opera Co.
Gems from "My Mary Land"—The Victor Light Opera Co.
7.34 to 8.20 p.m.—

"Iberia—In the Streets and Byways" (Debussy)—Symphony Orch.
"Iberia—The Odors of the Night" (Debussy)—Symphony Orch.
"Iberia—The Morning of a Fete Day" (Debussy)—Symphony Orch.
"L'Isle Joyeuse" (Debussy)—Symphony Orch.
8.20 to 8.33 p.m.—

Organ Solos.

"The Old Refrain" (Vienna Popular Song transcribed by Kreisler)—Archer Gibson.
"A Perfect Day" (Carroll Jacobs)—Archer Gibson.
"Prelude in O Minor" (Chopin)—Archer Gibson.
"Largo" (Handel)—Archer Gibson.
8.33 to 9.30 p.m.—

Concert Items.

9 p.m.—Weather report, local time, etc.
Pianoforte Solo—"Prelude No. 3 and Prelude No. 3" (Debussy)—Alfred Cortot.
Song—"Jock O'Hazeldean"—Mary Gordon (Soprano).
Song—"In the Gloaming"—Mary Gordon (Soprano).
Violin Solo—"Albion Leaf Romance" (Wagner)—Mischa Elman.
Violin Solo—"Tango" (Elman)—Mischa Elman.
Chorus—"Springtime" (Midenberg)—Boys and Girls Chorus of Brooklyn.
Chorus—"The Glow Worm" (Lincke)—Boys and Girls Chorus of Brooklyn.
Pianoforte Solo—"Malaguena" (Lacuna)—Olga Samaroff.
Pianoforte Solo—"The Engulfed Cathedral" (Debussy)—Olga Samaroff.
Song—"The Last Song" (Toati)—Armand Tokatyan (Tenor).
Song—"Lolita" (Puccini)—Armand Tokatyan (Tenor).
9.30 to 11.30 p.m.—Dance programme.
11.30 p.m.—Close down.

SUNDAY.

11 a.m. to 12.15 p.m.—St. John's Cathedral Service.
12.15 p.m.—Chinese programme.
1.30 p.m.—Weather report, local time, etc.
2 p.m.—Close down.
8 to 10 p.m.—European programme of Victor and H.M.V. records supplied by Messrs. S. Moutrie & Co.
8 to 8.33 p.m.—Organ Solo—"Evensong Song" (Rainbow)—Harry Goss-Cuslard.
Choir—"The Heavens are Telling" (Haydn)—The Choir of Temple Church, London.
Boy Soprano—"Hear Ye, Israel" (Mendelssohn)—Master E. Lough.

Organ Solo—"The Sacred Hour" (Ketelbey)—Reginald Foot.
Choir—"Remember Not" (Purcell)—Choir of Canterbury Cathedral.
Boy Soprano—"Hark! Hark! The Lark" (Schubert)—Master E. Lough.
Choir—"Ave Verum" (Elgar)—Westminster Cathedral Choir.
9.25 to 9.30 p.m.—Concerto No. 2 in O Minor (Rachmaninoff)—Sergei Rachmaninoff, Leopold Stokowski and the Philadelphia Orchestra.

9 p.m.—Weather report, local time, etc.

9.20 to 10 p.m.—"Trial by Jury" (Gilbert and Sullivan), recorded in Europe under the direction of Rupert D'Oyly Carte.

"Hark the Hour of Ten is Sounding"—George Baker and Chorus.

"Is This the Court of the Exchequer"—Derek Oldham and Chorus.

"When First My Old Love"—Derek Oldham, George Baker and Chorus.

"All Hail Great Judge"—Chorus.

"For These Kind Words"—Leo Sheffield and Chorus.

"When I, Good Friends"—Leo Sheffield and Chorus.

"Swear Thou the Jury"—Arthur Hosking, George Baker, Derek Oldham, Leo Sheffield and Chorus.

"Where is the Plaintiff"—Arthur Hosking, George Baker, Winifred Lawson and Chorus of Bridesmaids.

"Oh, Never Never"—Leo Sheffield, Winifred Lawson, George Baker and Chorus.

"May It Please You"—Arthur Hosking, George Baker, Winifred Lawson and Chorus.

"That She is Reeling"—Leo Sheffield, Winifred Lawson, Arthur Hosking and Chorus.

"Oh, Gentlemen Listen"—Derek Oldham and Chorus of Girls.

"That Seems a Reasonable Proposition"—Leo Sheffield, Arthur Hosking and Chorus.

"A Nice Dilemma"—Leo Sheffield, Arthur Hosking, Derek Oldham, George Baker, Winifred Lawson and Chorus.

"I Love Him"—Winifred Lawson, Derek Oldham and Chorus.

"The Question Gentlemen"—Oh Joy Unbounded.—Leo Sheffield, Arthur Hosking, Winifred Lawson, Derek Oldham and Chorus.

"God Save The King."

10 p.m.—Close down.

KIDNAPPING CASE.

SMART SENTENCES AT KOWLOON.

Five Chinese (three men and two women) were yesterday charged before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Kowloon Police Court, with a kidnapping offence. It was stated that the first, second and third defendants kidnapped Leung Hat Yee, a five-year-old boy, on March 12, at Shamshui. The fourth and fifth defendants were charged with having harboured the child on March 12, at No. 2, Sau Lan Street, Hung Hom.

Detective-Sergeant Goodwin, outlining the case for the prosecution, said that the first defendant was supposed to be the adopted mother of the complainant. About three weeks ago, the latter came down to Hong Kong from up-country and visited the first defendant at 39, Aplin Street. The first defendant had no room to give the complainant, so she took her to 11, Yee Chau Street, where they got a room. On March 12 the first defendant visited the complainant, and asked her what she would like to eat, and taking the child, left the house saying she would come back after buying some provisions. She did not return.

About 6.30 the same evening the first defendant's husband came to the complainant's house and asked her if she had seen his wife. Later the complainant and the man went to a house in Tsikotsui, where they found the first defendant but not the child. The first defendant told them that she had met a man, named Tam Fat, in the street and he had taken the child away to buy sweets for him and had never returned.

Police Raid.

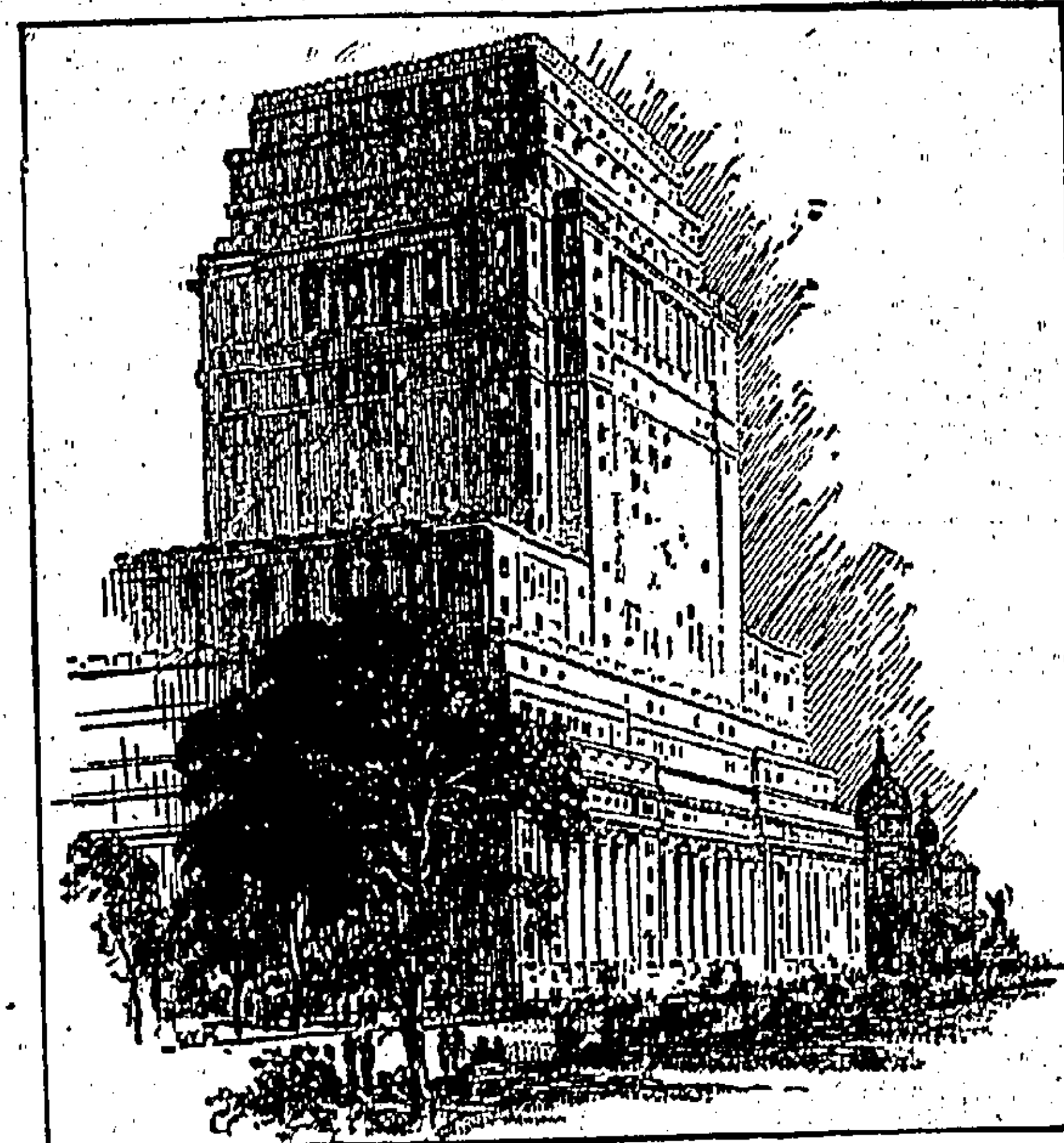
On the evening of March 13, the police received certain information, as the result of which a police party went to 2, San Lau Street, Hung

hom. As they entered the ground floor the second defendant, who was sleeping on a bed with the third defendant, got up and ran away, but was arrested by a detective. The fourth defendant was holding the child, and she and the fifth defendant claimed to be the principal tenants of the floor. The fourth defendant told them that on March 12 the third defendant had rented a bed space and then had gone away to return later with the second defendant and the child. After corroborative evidence had been given by complainant and other witnesses, first defendant, in a statement, said that she admitted taking the child. She took the child to her own house, and later into the street, where she met

second defendant, who asked her for the child, saying that he wanted to buy him some sweets. She allowed him to take the child, but he never returned. Second defendant, in a statement, said that the first defendant was lying. The latter then to him and asked him to sell the child. The Magistrate found the first, second and third defendants guilty and sentenced them to six months' hard labour each. Second defendant, who was last year banished from the Colony, was sentenced to an additional twelve months' hard labour for returning. The fourth and fifth defendants were discharged with a warning.

DIAMOND JUBILEE YEAR

1871-1931



Head Office Building, Montreal.

SIX DECADES ASSURANCES IN FORCE

1880 \$3,907,000
1890 \$16,759,000
1900 \$57,980,000
1910 \$143,549,000
1920 \$486,641,000
1930 \$2,863,701,000

SIX DECADES ASSETS

1880 \$473,000
1890 \$2,473,000
1900 \$10,486,000
1910 \$38,164,000
1920 \$114,839,000
1930 \$588,733,000

SIXTY YEARS OF PROGRESS

STATEMENT FOR 1930

New Assurances Paid for (net)	\$705,678,000
Assurances in Force (net)	\$2,863,701,000
Total Income (net)	\$186,662,000
Payments to Policyholders and Beneficiaries in 1930	\$81,274,000
since organization	\$500,949,000
Total Liabilities (including paid up Capital Stock)	\$552,201,000
Surplus and Contingency Reserve	\$36,532,000
Assets, at December 31st, 1930	\$588,733,000

NOTES FROM DIRECTORS' REPORT

In a year in which all classes of business have encountered many difficulties, the Company has made gratifying progress. New policies paid for show an increase of \$51,227,652.32, both the ordinary and group departments making substantial gains. Total assurances in force show an increase of \$462,804,542.58. This gain represents a very high rate of persistency, indicating the high value placed by our policyholders on their contracts with the Company in a period of extreme financial pressure. The number of policies and group assurance certificates outstanding passed the million mark during the year. The total net income shows an increase of \$13,801,544.54. The total payments to policyholders and beneficiaries since organization equal the total assurances in force in the Company's fiftieth year (ten years ago). The mortality among our policyholders has been highly favourable.

The rate of interest earned on the mean invested assets was 6.44 per cent. Profits paid to policyholders during the year amounted to \$25,641,231.04. In a year of almost unprecedented business depression the outstanding quality of the investments has been strikingly shown. The actual cash dividends received on the total common stocks held by the Company were \$969,108.84 in excess of the dividends payable on those identical shares in 1929. Even on the basis of the low prices at the close of the year our common stock holdings show a substantial excess of market value over cost. Profits to policyholders entitled to participate during the ensuing year will be again allotted on the scale at present in operation. The special Maturity Dividend is also continued on the basis announced last year.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY of CANADA



The Improved "MACNOVA" Waterproof

An easy fitting light weight waterproof cut on generous lines, has through pockets, storm collar and lined over shoulders.

Details of make and finish are given more than usual attention in the manufacture thus providing the acme of weather-proof coats.

We confidently recommend the "Macnova" Waterproof, and will replace any coat which fails to give complete and absolute satisfaction.

Mackintosh's



EVERY WOMAN LOVES beautiful things.
EVERY DAY IT IS some woman's BIRTHDAY or WEDDING DAY or some ANNIVERSARY which is important to her

HAVE YOU FORGOTTEN?

OUR SELECTION OF FINE JEWELLERY is BEYOND REPROACH IN STYLE, BEAUTY and VALUE

LET US SHOW YOU.

J. ULLMANN & CO.

Established 1860.

PARIS
HONGKONG-SHANGHAI
TIENTSIN-PEIPING.

LATEST GRAMOPHONE RECORDS

are obtainable at

THE WING ON CO., LTD.

(Music Department).

SECOND "EXTRA" RACE MEETING.

TWO FULL DAYS' RACING
SCHEDULED.

DETAILS OF PROGRAMME.

There are twenty-two races on the card for the second "Extra" Race Meeting which is scheduled to take place on April 4 and 5. The programme consists of eleven races for each day, the first saddling bell being timed for twelve noon each day. Tiffin interval will be between the second and third races.

On both days the sport starts off with a race for the Australians. The new Aggregate Stakes is the ninth race on the first day and will be over six furlongs.

On the first day there is one race over five furlongs, five over six furlongs, three over a mile and two over a mile and a quarter. On the second day there are three races over six furlongs, one over seven furlongs, four over a mile, two over a mile and a quarter and one over a mile and a half.

THE PROGRAMME.

The full programme is as follows:

SATURDAY, APRIL 4th.

1.—Borehill Stakes: One Mile.

For Australian ponies. Weight for inches as per scale. Winners 7 lbs. penalty for each race won. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$500; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$200.

2.—Colonial Stakes: Five Furlongs.

For China ponies. Weight for inches as per scale. Jockey allowance. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$500; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$200.

3.—Commonwealth Handicap: "C" Six Furlongs.

For China ponies "C" Class. Top weight not to exceed 101 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

4.—Commonwealth Handicap: "B" Class: Six Furlongs.

For China ponies "B" Class. Top weight not to exceed 101 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$450; 2nd prize \$250; 3rd prize \$150.

5.—Easter Stakes: One Mile.

For China ponies. Weight 145 lbs. Winners at any time of one race, 5 lbs.; of two races, 7 lbs.; of three races, 10 lbs.; of four or more races, 15 lbs. penalty. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$750; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$200.

6.—Commonwealth Handicap: "A" Class: Six Furlongs.

For China Ponies "A" Class. Top weight not to exceed 101 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$450; 2nd prize \$250; 3rd prize \$150.

8.—Union Plate: Six Furlongs.

For China ponies, non-winning subscription griffins of the Jockey Club of this season. Weight for inches as per scale. Ponies which have not won \$500 in stakes, allowed 5 lbs. Jockey allowance. Allowances accumulate. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

9.—Dominion Plate: One Mile.

For China ponies, subscription griffins of the Jockey Club of this season. Winners of one race, weight for inches as per scale; of two races, 5 lbs. penalty; of three or more races, 10 lbs. penalty; non-winners, allowed 7 lbs. Jockey allowance. Allowances accumulate. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$450; 2nd prize \$250; 3rd prize \$150.

10.—Empire Handicap: "A" Class: 1 1/2 Miles.

For China ponies "A" Class. Top weight not to exceed 101 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$800; 2nd prize \$400; 3rd prize \$200.

11.—Commonwealth Handicap: "D" Class: Six Furlongs.

For China ponies "D" Class. Top weight not to exceed 101 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$350; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$75.

MONDAY, APRIL 5th.

1.—Cantorbury Park Handicap: Six Furlongs.

For Australian ponies. Non-winners. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

2.—Junk Bay Plate: Seven Furlongs.

For China ponies. Weight for inches as per scale. Winners at this meeting barred. Jockey allowance. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$500; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$200.

3.—Mira Bay Handicap: Second Division: One Mile.

For China ponies "C" Class. Top weight not to exceed 101 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

(Continued on next Column.)

CORRESPONDENCE.

[All letters intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not for publication, unless so desired, but as evidence of good faith.—Ed.]

"CEDE MILE FAULT."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."

Sir,—Without in any way disparaging the blunt but sportsman-like Englishmen or the dour but very hospitable Scotsmen, may I ask your readers why it is that all the Irishmen sent as Viceroy's of India were most popular in their times? Bentinck, Canning, Mayo, Ripon, Hardinge—they were, all most beloved of the natives of India; and their names are still cherished by them in India. This writer in his boyhood still remembers the time of the middle eighties when the Marquis of Ripon, as Viceroy, left Bombay; the natives there actually shed tears and looked so forlorn, and still gratefully cherish his name! Again when this writer was in Hong Kong in the middle nineties, almost all the high offices were then occupied by Irishmen. Blake, H.E. the Governor, General Blake, commanding the forces, Stewart Lockhart as Secretary, F. H. May (afterwards Sir Francis May) Captain Superintendent of Police, Dr. Ayres, Colonial Surgeon, and last but not least, the most cherished "T.J." Sir Thomas Jackson, Bart., the father of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank. Those were the happy days when these worthies reigned supreme, as some of your old readers will bear me out.

The key to this is the English are all hearts, the Scots all calculations, and Irish the heart, and this can be seen by the motto on the entrance of the Peninsula Hotel, where the Irishmen received their guests on their Patron Saint's Day! The English would say "Welcome!" the Scots "Most welcome!" but the Sons of Erin "One hundred thousand welcomes!" Do they keep up their Donnybrook Fair, still, in Ireland, and make free use of their shilleaghs yet? I wonder.—Yours, etc., H.S.K.

4.—Mira Bay Handicap: Third Division: One Mile.

For China ponies "D" Class. Top weight not to exceed 101 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$350; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$75.

5.—Easter Handicap: 1 1/2 Miles.

For China ponies "B" Class. Top weight not to exceed 105 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

6.—Gin Drinkers Bay Plate: One Mile.

For China ponies which have started in Hong Kong at least twice since January 1, 1931, and have not won. Weight for inches as per scale. 1 lb. penalty for every \$200 or part thereof won in stakes since January 1, 1931. To be ridden by jockeys who have not won five flat races anywhere at any time. Jockeys 2 lbs. extra for each race won. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

7.—Tolo Plate: 1 1/2 Miles.

For China ponies, non-winning griffins of this season whether starters or not. Weight for inches as per scale. Jockey allowance. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

8.—Stirling Stakes: Six Furlongs.

For China ponies, subscription griffins of the Jockey Club of this season which have not won more than \$1,000 in stakes. Weight for inches as per scale. 2 lbs. penalty for every \$200 or part thereof won in stakes. Jockey allowance. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

9.—First New Aggregate Stakes: Six Furlongs.

Value \$750. For all China ponies. Winners of \$5,000 or more in stakes anywhere since January 1, 1931, weight for inches as per scale; of \$4,000 to \$4,999, 8 lbs. allowance; of \$3,000 to \$3,999, 5 lbs. allowance; of less than \$3,000, 7 lbs. allowance. The stakes will be run for six times, or as decided by the Stewards. At the end of the season an additional sum of \$2,000 will be divided between the ponies scoring most marks in the races for the stakes during the season in the proportion of first, 70 per cent., second, 20 per cent., and third, 10 per cent. of the added money so far as is consistent with ties. Marks to count 4 for a win, 2 for a second and 1 for a third in each race. The benefit of marks already scored to pass with a pony on a sale. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$300; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

10.—Blas Bay Handicap: 1 1/2 Miles.

For China ponies "C" and "D" Classes. Top weight not to exceed 105 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

11.—Mira Bay Handicap: First Division: One Mile.

For China ponies "B" Class. Top weight not to exceed 101 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

PO LEUNG KUK.

EXHIBITION OF HANDWORK.

OPENED BY LADY PEEL.

Lady Peel performed the opening ceremony yesterday of an exhibition of handwork by the inmates of Po Leung Kuk, an institution for the assistance of abandoned girls and orphans.

In his speech, Mr. Tam Wun-tong, Chairman of the Institution, said that Lady Peel had visited the institution frequently to give advice and guidance and they were indebted to her.

The work on view included hand-embroidered linen and silk articles, drawing-room scrolls, bed awnings, curtains, cushions, knitted jackets and other garments and a large assortment of screen pictures. The work reached an exceptionally high standard and commanded the admiration of all who saw it.

The Hon. Mr. A. E. Wood accompanied Lady Peel and the Hon. Dr. R. H. Kotewall and Mrs. Kotewall were among those present.

In addressing the gathering, Mr. Tam Wun-tong said the handwork of the institution was first promoted by Mrs. Kotewall and Mrs. Southern, and Lady Shouson Chow and Mrs. S. W. Tso had frequently visited the institution. This year the Institute had been provided with a number of instruments and machines and a stock of materials, and a sum of over \$1,000 had been subscribed by the committee. The undertaking had only been taken up recently, and was still at a very small scale. That was the first exhibition held by the Institute, and the proceeds would be devoted to the fund of the embroidery class. Their hope was to enable the girls to pick up a profession during their stay in the Home and thus be able to earn their livelihood when they left.

Lady Peel, in declaring the exhibition open, congratulated the Committee on the excellence of the exhibits, and said she thought the institution owed a debt of gratitude to Mrs. Kotewall for all her work on its behalf.

CONFUSING RULES.

TRAFFIC SUMMONS WITHDRAWN.

Before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy yesterday Mr. C. C. Stark, local manager of the Vacuum Oil Company, was summoned for having driven his motorcar in Queen's Road Central on March 5 without a properly trimmed lamp.

Mr. H. J. Armstrong appeared for the defendant, and pleaded "not guilty."

Sub-Inspector Nicoll, who prosecuted, said that defendant's car was parked outside the City Hall. The outside headlight was in working order, but the inside lamp was out and appeared to be lit, owing to a reflection from a light in the Soony motor filling station.

Mr. Armstrong pointed out that the Inspector seemed to be involved with Sections 107 and 108 of the motor regulations and did not realise that they were different. One stated that a lamp had to be carried so as to provide indication for the vehicle's approach, while the other section stated that a car had to carry two lighted lamps so as to indicate its width.

His Worship agreed with Mr. Armstrong and said that the charges as they stood were not under the rules. The summons was accordingly withdrawn.

CONTERFEITING MOULDS.

CHINESE ON SERIOUS CHARGES.

Two men and a woman were charged before Mr. E. H. Williams at Central Magistracy yesterday in connection with the possession of fifteen moulds for American silver dollars, also 43 American silver dollars.

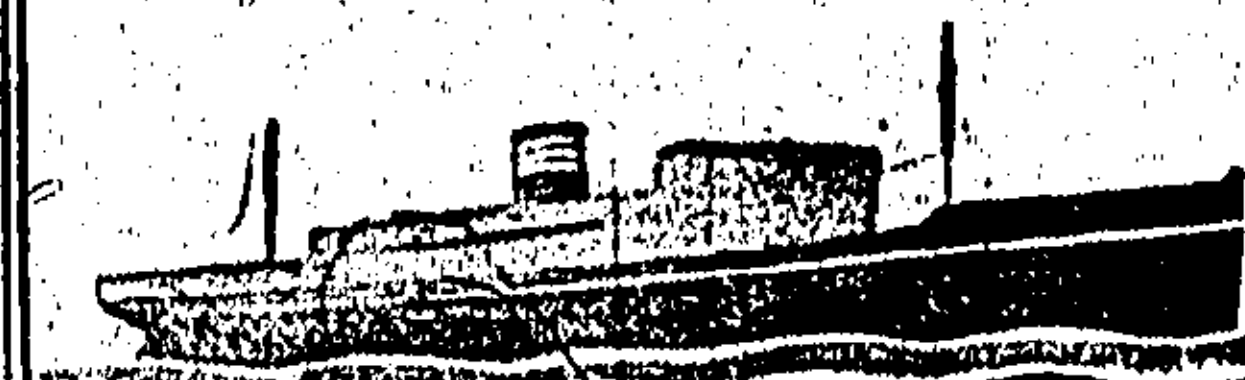
In addition to these defendants, a fashionably dressed Chinese woman and a youth were charged with conspiring with the first three defendants.

Mr. C. E. L. Grist appeared for the first three defendants and asked for bail.

Mr. T. Murphy of the Criminal Intelligence Department, opposed bail for the first three defendants, pointing out that the crime on which they were charged was a serious one and that the defendants, if found guilty, were liable to life sentences. Mr. Murphy asked for a formal remand for a week by which time, he added, he hoped to be in a position to fix a date for the hearing of the case. He had no objection to the youth and the woman, (the fourth and fifth defendants) being bailed at \$1,000 each.

His Worship granted the required remand and fixed bail at \$1,000 for the fourth and fifth defendant.

TOURIST CABIN TRANS-PACIFIC HOLIDAYS



With TOURIST CABIN rates so low as Yokohama to Seattle \$125 and the food and cabins so wholesome and clean, it is easier to send the children to school in America or Canada.

They can easily come to visit you next summer by N.Y.K. Tourist Cabin, or why not go over yourself this winter and bring them back with you?

Your young brothers and sisters are keen to visit you while you are in the Far East. N.Y.K. Tourist Cabin is just suited to high-standard economical travel.

TOURIST CABIN RATES ARE LOW.
FOOD IS GOOD, CABINS ARE CLEAN

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA



Fig. 1
Healthy cell, seen through microscope. Note the well developed nucleus, which is chiefly composed of Calcium (lime).

Fig. 2
Same cell after Calcium has been withdrawn. The nucleus is shrivelled up.

A Revolution in the treatment of Teeth

STEP BY STEP THE science of medicine advances.

The clearer the picture of human ailments becomes, the more logical the treatment. Instead of intricate remedies, science now advocates simple additions to the diet. Today, most human ailments can be traced to some deficiency in the diet. A deficiency of calcium (lime) in the system, for instance, is the cause of such diverse ailments as weak sensitive teeth, rickets in children, skin troubles of many kinds, irritable nerves, irregularities in the functions of womanhood, etc.

All these ailments may now be attacked in a logical, simple way by adding Kalzana tablets to the diet. Tooth decay, for instance, When your teeth are sensitive and not hard and white, they

simply show that your body does not contain enough calcium and no amount of cleaning will help you. Teeth are living parts of the body. They may be ill.

Take a few Kalzana tablets every day, then you are sure that your body gets the required Calcium in exactly the right combination. Kalzana has proved in thousands of cases that it will make teeth strong again by conquering the very cause of their weakness—lack of Calcium in the body. It will make your teeth strong and healthy, they will become white again and decay will be stopped.

Start a course of Kalzana to-day, then you can both feel and see how your health improves. Remember that Kalzana is not a drug, but an absolutely harmless lime-food.

Kalzana

THE CALCIUM FOOD

At all Chemists and Stores.

Made by the Manufacturers of Sanatogen and Formamin.

STAR

SATURDAY, MARCH 28th.

1 NIGHT ONLY 1

THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY

ARTISTIC AND SCIENTIFIC

MUSICAL INVENTION OF OUR CENTURY

MUSIC

FROM THE

ETHER

introduced by

MAURICE and GINETTE

MARTENOT

An extraordinary instrument with strange vibrations singing like the HUMAN VOICE, VIOLIN, CELLO, FLUTE, etc.

Booking at Moutrie's and Star. Prices: \$4.40, \$8.30, \$2.20, \$1.10.

THE SOCIETY OF
YORKSHIREMEN.CABARET DINNER DANCE
AT H.K. HOTEL.

The Society of Yorkshiremen in Hong Kong gave their first social function yesterday evening in the Hong Kong Hotel. It took the form of a Cabaret-dinner-dance, which was greatly enjoyed by all who took part. The Society is very fortunate in its officers, and it has H.E. the Governor (Sir William Peel, K.C.M.G., K.B.E.), as its president, while Mr. J. Scott Harston is vice-president; Mr. E. W. Coulson, Hon. Treasurer; Mr. J. G. Meyer, Hon. Secretary, and the Committee is as follows:—Mrs. R. M. Dyer, Mr. J. H. Bottomley, and Mr. J. H. Shaw.

The official party yesterday evening was as follows:—Sir William Peel, K.C.M.G., K.B.E., President of the Society, Lady Peel, Mr. T. E. Pearce, President of St. George's Society and Mrs. Pearce, Mr. T. H. R. Shaw, President of St. Andrew's Society, and Mrs. Shaw, Mr. L. N. Murphy, Vice-President of St. Patrick's Society, Mr. J. Scott Harston, Vice-President of the Society of Yorkshiremen in Hong Kong, and Miss E. Scott Harston, and Hon. Mrs. Chas. Tufon. Capt. T. A. H. Colman (A.D.C.) and Mr. G. W. A. Tufon (Private Secretary) were also present.

The President of St. David's Society, unable to attend being temporarily absent from the Colony. Some sixty members of the Society were present and the guests numbered about two hundred and fifty.

The arrangements were made most efficiently by Mr. J. G. Meyer, the Hon. Secretary, and the Committee. Quite a feature of the entertainment was the programme itself, with its etching of York Minster on the cover, and a photograph of the harbour on the back.

It contained the following gems of dialect, which should be appreciated by all, whether they come from the three Ridings or from the rest of the world.

"od thi noise, all o' yer, 'Theater's nowt! Ah like better than a bit o' gooid, speaking when Ah's fozill o' gooid grub."

TOASTS.

"Ee, by Gum! wen Aw were comin' ower, 't'op o' t' moors bi Blubber 'ouses ta 'dinner it we'er that thear coud Aw feel es tho! Aw coud cyte two dinners ta neet! Any poard meni card looks loike es tho! thear's plenty o' seran and Ah'm bahn ta dig in and get me money's worth!"

Aw wer readin' i' t' Dictionary t' other day an' aw discovered 'at a chap whoa 'ad a 'oppy wor a chap whoa warked at one soawt o' wark w'en 'e wor laikin'. Nah 'ther's owd Joe Stacey, as nice a chap as iver lived, when niver mells wi' anybody if nooobody mells wi' 'im. He doesn't wark hauf 'is time, but he's niver idle, not 'im. W'en 'e isn't warkin' 'at goosie an' stan' on t' brig' 'at goosie ower t' beck an' waches t' watter. That's 'is 'obby an' a goot 'un an' all, coss it costs 'im nowt and never fails 'im coss ther's allus plenty o' watter runnin' under t' brig'.

THE SPEECHES.

MR. T. E. PEARCE'S
FELICITATIONS.

Mr. T. E. Pearce, in proposing "Success to the Society," said that as President of the St. George's Society, he was very pleased that he had been able to hang on to office long enough to propose this toast. It was thirty-five years ago that he first made acquaintance with Yorkshiremen and with Rugby football. They used to be given at their Saturday dinners as much roast beef and Yorkshire pudding as they could eat. The Rugby was, however, of a very high standard. (Hear, hear!) "Whenever you pick up a good knife and fork to have a good bite of food you find on them certain mystic symbols stating that they came from Sheffield, in Yorkshire." (Hear, hear!)

Whenever he went home it was one of his duties to visit that delightful town, Bradford, where it was generally raining. (Laughter.) But the hospitality of Bradford more than made amends for the

weather. "Some of my very closest business friends are in Bradford. (Loud laughter.) You would think at the time you are bargaining that they had sold you not only their cloth, but their mills too—and then later you come to reckon up the cost and you find something very different." (Hear, hear!) In welcoming this new Society, they were welcoming one that would add greatly to the social amenities of Hong Kong. Yorkshiremen had been somewhat slow in starting, but this inaugural meeting showed that they intended to be very successful. He wished the Society all prosperity in the future. (Applause.)

Mr. Scott Harston's Reply.

Mr. Scott Harston, in proposing the toast of "The Guests," said that this meeting might be considered as a very successful beginning of the Society. The Society was of very recent birth, and a very deep debt of gratitude was due to the energetic secretary, Mr. Meyer. The Society despite its youth had a membership of over 100, including some 25 of the Amazon tribe. (Laughter.) Also no less a personage than the wife of an exceedingly prominent past president of St. Andrew's Society, who doubtless appreciated this added lustre to his fame! The Scots were world famed, but Yorkshiremen did not lag far behind.

After a few more remarks which caused a good deal of laughter and applause, Mr. Scott Harston ended by telling an amusing story of a dying man who noticing the savoury smell of cooking ham asked to have some and was told no, he couldn't, it was preparing for the funeral!

Scots and Yorkshiremen.

Mr. T. H. R. Shaw, in replying for the guests, said that he wished to convey the very best wishes of St. Andrew's Society for the future success of the Yorkshiremen's Society of Hong Kong. Some people thought that the launching of a national society merely meant the arranging of a festive occasion like this. He could assure them there was much more to it, and the Committees of such Societies were carrying on, in a quiet way, some very useful work. Septamen and Yorkshiremen were supposed to have a lot in common, both in their virtues and in their faults, but if he started making comparisons in front of so many loyal members of St. George's and St. Patrick's Societies that might end the evening in the fashion of Donnybrook Fair! (Laughter.) He would only say that his Yorkshire friends were as true and as generous as any he ever came across. (Hear, hear.) The Yorkshireman was a great sportsman. Give him a gun, a dog or a horse and he was happy. And as to cricket! When he was a young man Lord Hawke captained Yorkshire, and piloted the county team through 23 successive matches without a defeat. This love of sport was, perhaps, inherited from a great Yorkshireman and his followers—Robin Hood and his Merry Men. To this day the Yorkshireman had in his heart that same love of freedom and of the open country—even though he might work in the big industrial towns of the southern part of the country. (Applause.)

During the evening there was, in addition to speeches and dances, an excellent musical programme, to which Messrs. Scott Harston, Cyril Jackson and H. Varley contributed.

THE MENU.

York Horn D'Veures (I Bootham Bar)

(An' a Sup o' Summat),

Fruit Cocktails
(For them es doan't loike t'other soart)

Turtle Soup
(As the seen t' turtles laikin' in t' Aire et Swinegate!)

Hornsea Soles a la Greenbloise
(Reight off t'ull an' Barnala' express)

Naturill Foie Gras
(Fra Pudsch)

Patela' Brig' Chicken
(An' summat else an' all)

Hooam Killed Beef wi' Squares o' Yorkshire
(Them es cytes mooset pudden gets mooset meat)

Selby Tatties, Briggus Beans
(Look slippy wi' t' pepper lass)

Scarborough Hokey Pokey
(Mind tha' teeth on t' nuts)

Dessert
(Fill up thi' mugs an' ark to t' lads spoutin')

Coffee

(But there's nowt to beat a coop o' t'ey off o' t' ob.)

KWANGSI PEACE
RESTORATION.WONG-CHEN CONFERENCES
PROCEEDING.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, Mar. 20.

General Wong Shiu Hung, the newly appointed Commissioner of Kwangsi, who has been making arrangements for the restoration of peace in Kwangsi in Hong Kong for several weeks, revisited Canton yesterday to confer with General Chen Tsai Tong in connection with his new duties and responsibilities. The now Kwangsi Commissioner was accompanied by Mr. King Kit Yuan, former Police Commissioner of Wuchow.

Upon landing General Wong and his party proceeded in automobiles to the private home of General Chen Tsai Tong in Tungshan, where they had a lengthy discussion of the problems of Kwangsi.

In conversation with the local Pressmen Mr. King Kit Yuan said that General Wong's visit to Canton was in response to the invitation of General Chen Tsai Tong.

It is understood that General Wong will not leave Canton until he has made definite arrangements with General Chen Tsai Tong for restoring peace in Kwangsi, and this will require several days.

As an evidence of their renewed friendship, General Chen Tsai Tong is giving a banquet this evening to General Wong Shiu Hung in the Tooi Si Club in Tungshan. General Chen Ming Shu, as well as all the military leaders in Canton, has also been invited.

It appears that all is not well in Kwangsi. Obstacles of a more or less serious nature are still blocking the path to peace and tranquillity. A number of sub-leaders are not altogether satisfied with General Wong's plans for the restoration of peace, and are making things "hot" there.

General Wong Shiu Hung Returns
to Hong Kong.

(Wah Tai Yat Pau.)

CANTON, Mar. 20.

General Wong Shiu Hung left Canton for Hong Kong this morning by the s.s. Kinshan.

It is reliably reported that General Wong, when in Canton, definitely decided upon a plan for dealing with the Kwangsi problem as a result of a series of conferences with the Canton authorities.

General Wong is prepared to return to Kwangsi in the near future to accept Nanking's appointment as Rehabilitation Commissioner of Kwangsi, and in case Pei Chung Hsi and Chang Fat Fui should show any opposition, he will probably be compelled to resort to force, with active support from Canton.

It is feared, therefore, that civil strife will again arise.

VICE-ADMIRAL SIR W. A. H.
KELLY.PROMOTING SINO-BRITISH
FRIENDSHIP AT CANTON.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, Mar. 20.

Vice-Admiral Sir W. A. H. Kelly, Commander-in-Chief of H.B.M. Squadron in China, is expected to arrive in Canton tomorrow (Saturday).

The local authorities, upon being informed of this through H.B.M. Consul-General Herbert Phillips, are making big preparations to welcome their distinguished visitor. The gunboat Chungshan has been instructed to meet the British gunboat carrying the Vice-Admiral as it enters the Chu Kiang and to fire a salute.

Upon landing, Vice-Admiral Kelly and his party, accompanied by Consul-General Phillips, will call on General Chen Ming Shu and other high officials of the Canton Government.

In the evening the British Vice-Admiral will be the guest of honour at a banquet given by General Chen Ming Shu in the Tooi Si Club in Tungshan.

On Sunday the British party will call on Major Lin Yun Koi, General Chen Tsai Tong and others, and on Monday Vice-Admiral Kelly will be the guest of honour at a banquet given by General Chen Ming Shu at Government House.

The Canton Government is looking forward to the visit of Vice-Admiral Kelly to-morrow with the greatest delight. The occasion is being looked upon in Government circles here as a rare opportunity for promoting Sino-British friendship.

NO NEWS OF
BROPHY.SEARCH BY AMERICAN
DESTROYERS.ANXIETY REGARDING
SAFETY.

Mr. G. W. Brophy, who began his flight from Macao to Manila at 8.30 a.m. on Thursday, had not arrived in Manila up to a late hour last night and much anxiety is felt for his safety.

The American authorities are sparing no effort in order to locate the whereabouts of the missing airman. Anxious watchers in Manila waited in vain for news of the airman, but hope is by no means given up.

When no news was received of Brophy on Thursday evening, steps were taken with a view to sending out search parties, but apparently up to a late hour last night no news had been received.

Search Begins.

A Reuter message received yesterday read:—

Search Ships Engaged.

MANILA, Mar. 20.

The destroyers Peary, Truxton and Paul Jones, and the aeroplane tender Heron, carrying two planes sailed shortly before midnight bound for Lingayen Gulf.

They will start the search for Brophy under the general command of Captain Bristol, the commander of the Navy Air Squadron.

Nichols Field is preparing two giant Sikorski planes, which are taking off at daylight to join the search.

U.S. Navy Sweeping Thirty
Thousand Mile Area.

LATER.

All the available sea and air resources of the U.S. Navy in Manila have been drafted to search for Brophy covering an area extending 30,000 square miles.

In addition to the destroyers and the aircraft-carrier sent out yesterday, Admiral McVay has four more destroyers and another aircraft-tender and two squadrons of aeroplanes out with instructions to sweep the wide sea area between Manila and the Pratas.

Destroyers are everywhere stemming at a speed of 23 knots.

Mrs. Brophy is here trying bravely to keep calm, and answering queries smilingly.

She is confident that her husband is safe.

MANILA, Mar. 19.

There was no news of Brophy at ten o'clock to-night.

Admiral McVay has ordered three destroyers and the airplane tenders Avocet and Heron to depart immediately to search the area of Brophy's proposed route, especially in the neighbourhood of San Fernando.

The ships' base will be the Lingayen Gulf and they will report to Manila every hour.

Mrs. Brophy in Manila.

Mrs. Brophy rushed to the aerodrome this afternoon to meet her husband. She was much alarmed by his failure to appear. She is fearful but hopeful that her husband is safe somewhere.

Able to Keep Afloat for Several
Days.

SHANGHAI, Mar. 20.

The Gale Aviation Company, who are backing Brophy's flight, are still optimistic that the airman will be found.

They state that before leaving Hong Kong Brophy fitted the entire fuselage with air-filled bags and had the wings waterproofed, and it is believed that if he was forced down to the sea he would be able to keep afloat for several days, given an absence of bad weather.

It is understood that the search which is being made by the American fleet is most thorough, covering no less than 35,000 square miles.

Macao Aviation Force Helping.

In addition to the searches instituted by the authorities at Manila, it is understood that Commander Cabral of the Macao Aviation Force has been searching the waters in the vicinity of Macao, but has not found any trace of the missing flier. The flier's route was over the Pratas Shoal, but it does not appear that he had been seen there.

MARTENOT'S "ETHER
MUSIC."TO BE HEARD HERE NEXT
WEEK.SOME PARTICULARS REGARD-
ING THE INVENTION.

As there seems to be a great deal of enquiry regarding the nature of the invention of M. Martenot, who is to give a demonstration and concert at the Star Theatre at 9.15 p.m. on March 23—some people feeling rather dubious lest it should prove to be some "quack" affair a few words about it will probably be welcomed.

M. Martenot has been demonstrating his invention in several of the world capitals, and such was the reception accorded to the European demonstrations of his "Music from the Ether" instrument (popularly known as the "Martenot") that he was engaged to give his first American performance in Philadelphia on Dec. 12 with the Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra. This is the biggest and finest orchestra in existence, and such a person as Stokowski, the conductor, would never have done the inventor this honour if the demonstration had not merited the serious attention of the musical world.

M. Martenot, born in Paris 33 years ago, has been a concert pianist and cellist since boyhood. While a wireless operator during the War, he noticed that the apparatus for generating waves enabled the production of strangely beautiful sounds, and that was the origin of his invention.

It has the appearance of a small piano, but there the resemblance ends, for the keys of the "key-board" do not operate hammers against wires. They are connected with batteries and bulbs resembling the interior of a radio receiving set.

It produces the whole range of audible sounds, from the lowest of the double-bass or the bassoon to the highest of the violin or the piccolo. The melodies played on this instrument are accompanied on the piano by the inventor's sister, and a very varied selection of classic and modern works figure in their repertoire.

There are three ways of playing the instrument. In one case the player stands away from it, and the right hand, by its movement, gives the pitch of the sound by waving a thin metallic thread, while the left hand regulates the volume of tone. In the second case, the right hand, instead of moving in space, is held above a keyboard which it scarcely touches and which serves simply as a point of reference. The third method of playing is the latest part of the invention. Here the performer uses the keys as in the case of the piano, but the keyboard is a special one, allowing him to transmit to each key an individual vibrato, and if he wishes he can obtain quarter and eighth tones. Several composers are writing special works to be performed by the "Martenot" and orchestra.

"The instrument is not merely a curiosity," says a statement issued by M. Martenot, "nor is it intended primarily to imitate the sounds of other instruments, but to provide new resources of expression of composers—sonorities hitherto unknown—and novel colour effects to enrich the orchestral palette. The instrument is not automatic, employing no such means as records or perforated rolls. The lamps are analogous to those used in radio initial electric vibrations with the aid of appropriate circuits."

Anyone with the slightest knowledge of music can play the Martenot, according to the inventor, and those ignorant of music can learn to play it within a few weeks.

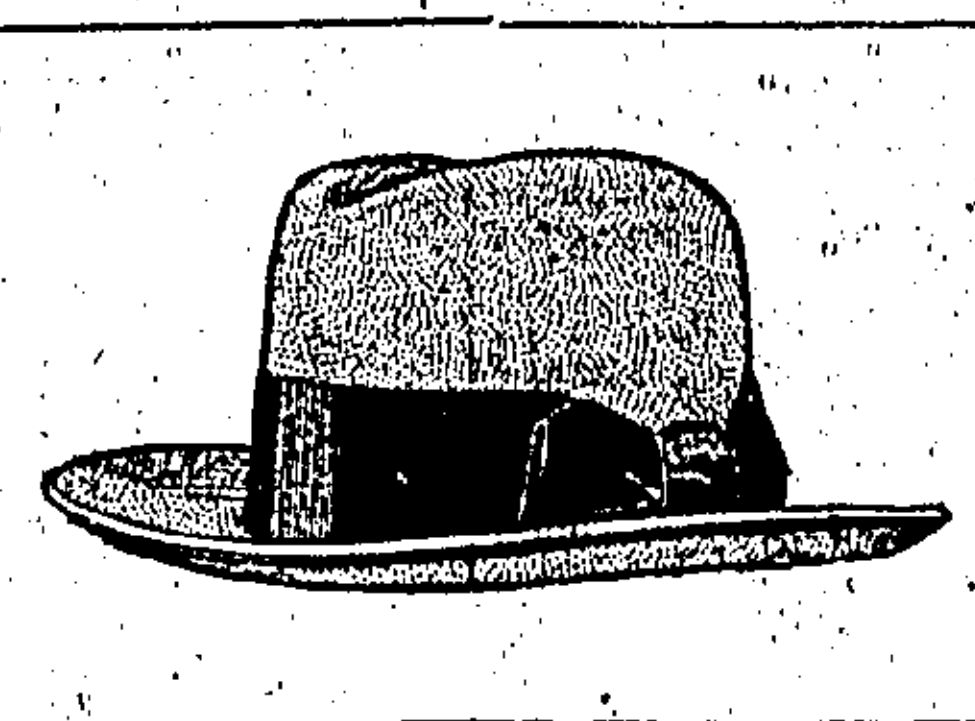
There will be only one demonstration in Hong Kong, as mentioned above. The price of admission are \$4.40, \$3.30, \$2.20 and \$1.10. The concert is being given under the auspices of the Consul-General for France and the Hong Kong Musical Society.—A.M.B.S.

GLYN'S HATS
FOR MEN.

EVERY "GLYN" HAT possesses that little extra that makes the difference in hat value over other makes, no matter whether it is a hat at \$18.50 or higher price—the difference is discernible.

K
N
O
W
N

SOFT FELTS in Grey, Drab, Fawn, Brown, etc., with the Smart Set brim or Snap edge. Lined or Unlined.



THE

WORLD

Stocked in
Soft Felts,
Bowlers,
Tweed Hats,
Tweed Caps,
Double Terais
and
Silk Hats.

O
V
E
R

Call and let us demonstrate them to you—we know they will be of interest.

Other qualities
\$12.50, \$15.50

Sole Agents:

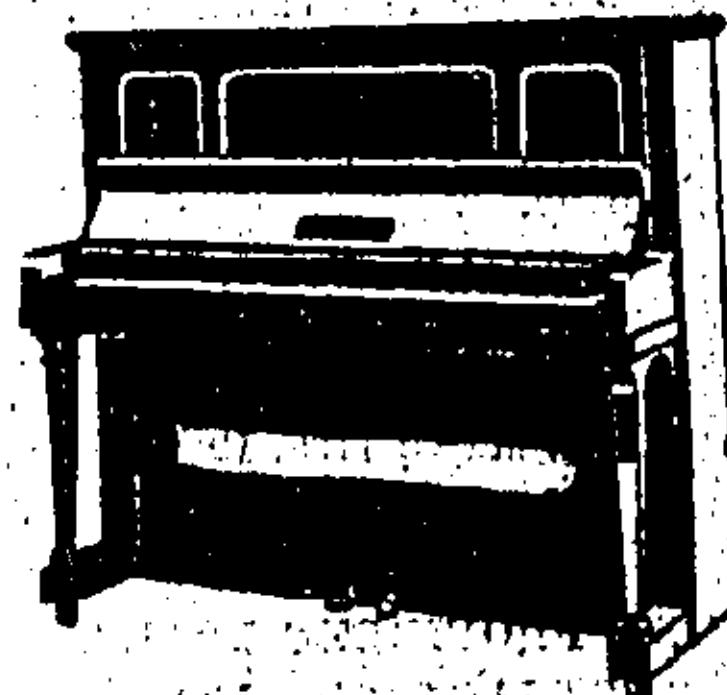
Wm. POWELL, Ltd.

10, Ice House Street.

PIANOS

FOR SALE OR HIRE

ANDERSON
PIANOS



SPECIALLY CONSTRUCTED FOR THE TROPICS.

The Anderson Music Co., Ltd.

RAINCOATS

In all colours
with umbrellas
to match.

Milwata Macs
in
Many New
Models

Ladies' Dept.



Lane, Crawford, Ltd.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.

KWANTI RACE COURSE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following TRAFFIC ARRANGEMENTS will be enforced at All Future Meetings:—

- 1.—All MOTOR OMNIBUSES and MOTOR CARRIAGES will Park in the Space near the Military Road leading to SAN WAI CAMP before the Finish of the Last Race.
- 2.—BUSES or LORRIES will Not Stop to pick up or drop Passengers near the Entrances or Anywhere else on the Main Sha Tau Kok Road in the Vicinity of the Race Course.
- 3.—Persons who travel by Motor Omnibus will walk across the course to the Bus Park, thus avoiding crossing the Main Road Traffic.
- 4.—MOTOR CARS will Park on the Space provided Opposite the MEMBERS' ENTRANCE.

R. D. C. WOLFE,
Inspector General of Police.
Hong Kong, 21st March, 1931. [503]

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

DRAFT PROGRAMMES and ENTRY FORMS for the SECOND EXTRA RACE MEETING to be held on SATURDAY and MONDAY, 27th and 28th APRIL, 1931 (Weather Permits), may be obtained at the Race Course, Hong Kong Club and CAUWAY BAY STABLES.
Entries CLOSE at 12 O'CLOCK NOON on THURSDAY, 26th MARCH, 1931. [502]

CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN & MORTGAGE CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-FOURTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held in the Company's BOARD ROOM, 2ND FLOOR, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS, Hong Kong, on TUESDAY, 31st MARCH, 1931, at NOON, for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the Directors for the Year ended DECEMBER 31st, 1930, electing Directors and Auditors, and for the Transaction of any other Ordinary Business of the Company.

By Order of the Board,
D. L. KING,
Secretary.
Hong Kong, March 11th, 1931. [458]

CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN & MORTGAGE CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED on THURSDAY, 26th MARCH, 1931, until TUESDAY, 7th APRIL, 1931. Both Days inclusive, instead of for the period previously notified.

By Order of the Board,
D. L. KING,
Secretary.
Hong Kong, March 21st, 1931. [501]

OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE SOCIETY OF HONG KONG.

THE ANNUAL DINNER will be held at LANE, CRAWFORD'S RESTAURANT on MARCH 27th at 8.15 P.M.
All Members and Potential Members wishing to attend are requested to send in their Names, if they have not already done so, to one of the JOINT SECRETARIES as soon as possible.

N. L. SMITH,
Joint Secy.'s Office.
Secretaries: R. E. LINDELL,
Supreme Court. [489]

THE HONG KONG & WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held in the Office of the Company, 2, QUEEN'S BUILDING, Hong Kong, on MONDAY, 30th MARCH, 1931, at NOON, for consideration of the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the Year ending 31st DECEMBER, 1930.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
R. M. DYER,
Chief Manager.
Hong Kong, 17th March, 1931. [475]

FREE.

RATIONALIST LITERATURE for DISTRIBUTION. BOOKS and PAMPHLETS.
Send P.O. to Box No. 462, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [462]

IF

You still yearn for that taste of real beer which you had at home.

Don't count up the days before you go on leave.

Just ring up:—

20616

and order a case of

WHITBREAD'S PALE ALE



'It's THE REAL HOME-SIDE STUFF'!

SOLE AGENTS—

A. S. WATSON & Co., LIMITED.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

CLASSIFICATION.

OWNERS desiring CLASSIFICATION of their PONIES for the EASTER EXTRA MEETING must Notify the SECRETARY by NOON on TUESDAY, 24th MARCH, 1931, stating Names of Ponies to be Classified.

By Order,
C. B. BROWN,
Secretary. [487]

THE HONG KONG FIRE INSURANCE CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE SIXTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Office of the Undersigned on THURSDAY, the 26th MARCH, 1931, at NOON, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Managers, together with a Statement of Accounts for the Year ended 31st DECEMBER, 1930.

THE SHARE REGISTER and TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED From the 12th to the 26th MARCH, 1931, Both Days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,
General Managers,
The Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Ltd. [410]

UNION WATERBOAT CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE TWENTY-SIXTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held in the Office of Messrs. DODWELL & Co., Ltd., on TUESDAY, the 31st MARCH, 1931, at 3 P.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Managers together with a Statement of Accounts to 31st DECEMBER, 1930.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd MARCH to 31st MARCH, 1931, Both Days inclusive.

DODWELL & Co., LTD.,
General Managers. [486]

WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.20 p.m., stated:—

The anti-cyclone appears to be central over Shantung and the Yellow Sea. The depression is probably crossing Japan to the south of Hokkaido. Moderate monsoon will prevail along the S.E. Coast of China and over the N. China Sea.

Local Forecast:—N.E. winds, moderate; cloudy generally; probably some rain.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Mr. and Mrs. Ho Kwong have pleasure in announcing that the marriage of their eldest daughter MARY to Mr. SAI WA JUNG, B.A., Oxon., will take place on Monday, March 30, when a Reception will be held at the Roof Garden of the Hong Kong Hotel at four o'clock the same afternoon. All friends are cordially invited to the Reception. No cards will be issued. [485]

BIRTH.

FRANKLIN.—On March 16, at Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. C. S. FRANKLIN, a son, Cornell Swinton.

DEATHS.

CLINE.—On March 14, at Shanghai, BENJAMIN EDMONDSON CLINE, wife of Dr. J. W. Cline.

COLTER.—On March 14, at Shanghai, JOHN CAMPBELL COLTER, aged 45 years.

GRAY.—On March 9, at Shanghai, JOHN GRAY, aged 48 years.

HEATHCOTE.—On March 14, at Shanghai, APRIL VIVIAN, aged 3 years. Dearly beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. Heathcote.

TYE.—On March 13, at Shanghai, Mrs. THOS. W. TYE, aged 50 years.

YOUNG.—On March 10, at Shanghai, WILLIAM JOSEPH YOUNG, the son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Young of Cork, Ireland.

Editorial and Business Offices: 11, Lee House Street. Tel. 30251.
Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. 24511.
London Office: 53, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, MARCH 21, 1931.

THE POLITICAL SPARROW.

News from Home suggests that the Liberal Party is in *extremis*. The small group that nominally inherits the traditions of GLAUCOSTONE and BRIGHT, ASQUITH and SIR WILLIAM HARCOURT appears likely to split in two, the larger part, headed by Mr. LLOYD GEORGE, seeking admittance to the ranks of Labour, while Sir JOHN SIMON and a few stalwarts of the older tradition may reluctantly march into the Conservative camp. Looking back over the last twenty years few would deny that Mr. LLOYD GEORGE has played the part of the sparrow, and shot the fatal dart into the heart of Cock Robin! The old Liberal motto was "Peace, Retrenchment and Reform." Reform in the early days of the century had a different meaning to that which it has now acquired. Retrenchment, it will be noted, was placed before Reform. After the Liberty Party had swept the country in 1906 a number of reforms were taken in hand. Mr. HALDANE reformed the War Office. At the Admiralty a series of Liberal First Lords, under the dominating power of Lord FISHER, carried on the work of reforming the Navy; Lord MONTEY at the India Office started some drastic changes in our Indian policy; and Lord CHAMBERLAIN sternly refused to follow the old custom of making appointments to the judiciary as a reward for political services.

It was Mr. LLOYD GEORGE who rushed the party into a course of extravagance and class antagonism. The House of Lords must take much of the blame. Liberal legis-

lation was mangled in the Upper Chamber, so Mr. LLOYD GEORGE fought the Peers of the Realm as years before, when an obscure Welsh solicitor, he fought what he considered to be tyranny and class unfairness on the magisterial bench of his native town. His "Lime-house" style was considered an asset to the Party; his cry of "the people against the Peers" was taken up as an admirable asset in electioneering. He packed a mass of social legislation into his "people's budget" of 1909, and he forced the unwelcome dose down the throats of the House of Lords.

Mr. LLOYD GEORGE is a man of vast energy and wide imagination. He has striven all his life to "build Jerusalem."

"In England's green and pleasant land," His method is bureaucratic and he is recklessly extravagant. If money was needed his principle was to "make the rich pay." More Income Tax, Super Tax, increased Death Duties and his Land Values scheme, which did not work, despite the enlistment of many officials, and only exacerbated the housing problem by hitting the speculative builder. Mr. LLOYD GEORGE threw retrenchment to the winds and concentrated on reform. He wanted to cut down on the Services, but he let that pass, and pressed on with what he called social betterment and what his opponents considered to be "pauperisation." Only ignorance and early training made Mr. LLOYD GEORGE nominally a pacifist. He has a terrible appearance and has always been a first-class fighter. The War made him. Once he grasped it, he saw it more clearly than anyone else, even KITCHENER. He mobilised the nation and made everyone either fight or work for the cause. But he had no regard for money. If the munition workers needed huge sums to keep them from striking, they must have it; if the young-flying officers deserved big money, he would not grudge it them. There was no stinting anywhere. Men might be dying in the trenches, but at least they were well paid and well fed, and the whole nation was in clover.

Mr. LLOYD GEORGE unceremoniously kicked his old colleagues out of the political nest, and found kindred souls, for the time being, in such Conservatives as Mr. BONAR LAW, Lord CURZON and Lord MILNER. But the peace found Mr. LLOYD GEORGE out. Reconstruction baffled him, as did the Versailles negotiations, where he was over-shadowed by Mr. A. J. BALFOUR. After Mr. LLOYD GEORGE had nearly embroiled us in a war with Turkey the Conservative Party did to him what he had done to his old chief, and Lord CURZON, in particular, got his own back for many a real or imagined slight. The Welsh wizard returned to the Liberal fold, and soon set the flock at each other's ears. They have been quarrelling ever since, and, in the interval, issuing books and pamphlets about nationalising the land and making the nation work on schemes of reconstruction, and relief. Now Mr. LLOYD GEORGE is gravitating towards his natural allies, the Socialists. There the battle of twenty years ago between exponents of retrenchment and extravagance is being refought. Mr. SNOWDEN has come down heavily for the former, blasting the life hopes and ambitions of many a rugged ill-informed Labourite. There is a revolt, and some no doubt see in Mr. LLOYD GEORGE the leader to Socialism in our time, by way of still more grandiose campaigns for making everyone happy and prosperous. The only snag is that the money is not there; that taxes do not bring the revenue expected; that budgets show deficits and unemployment figures soar higher and higher. If we are to have in England a British equivalent to the Russian Five-Year Plan, Mr. LLOYD GEORGE is the man to set about it. But there are two difficulties: the Labour Party has not yet accepted the yoke of its old enemy—for such he has often been—and British individualism has always, in peace time, been very hesitant about the super-socialism of Mr. LLOYD GEORGE.

AN INVISIBLE RAY.

An "invisible ray" which guarded the Shah of Persia's crown jewels at the Persian Art Exhibition in London caught the public imagination. It was hailed as a "magic beam," though, in reality, it is an ingenious application of quite simple scientific principles. But the mere word "ray" excites the imagination of the public, just as, for years, it has been a stand-by for many a sensational novelist. The secret of its popularity lies in its invisibility.

Some years ago there was much excitement about "Death Rays," though there was no evidence that the ray in question was anything of the sort. But there is such a thing as a real death ray, which is the subject of considerable research at the present time, mostly in America. It has been found that if one builds a wireless transmitting set capable of transmitting radio waves of a wave-length of about 3 metres any small animal—such as a mouse—placed in the immediate vicinity of the apparatus, died.

It has also been found that such a "ray" has curious effects on the human body, one of which is to raise the temperature.

It is, perhaps, fortunate that there are considerable technical difficulties in producing so short a wave-length at any great power, so up to now no one has succeeded in producing a sufficient powerful transmission to kill a human being. But it is not unreasonable to suppose that, if one could produce a strong enough wave, the temperature of the body could be raised so much that death would ensue. If such discovery were made, however, it might at last convince hot-headed humanity that war must be abandoned because, militarily, the weakest Power would be able to exterminate friends and enemies alike.

It appears that if one raises the frequency of the transmissions to about 150 megacycles, corresponding to wave-lengths between 1 and 2 metres, which is still more difficult, even more remarkable effects on the human body are noticeable. Much research is being done on this, and it is possible—if not probable—that some revolutionary medical discoveries will result in a few years, as soon as the technical difficulties have been overcome.

More Electricity.

A great increase in the use of electricity and many reductions in prices, but continued wide variations in charges—these are the principal features in the return, published of electricity supply for the year ended March, 1930, by the London and Home Counties Joint Electricity Authority. The average prices received showed decreases in respect of all classes of supply, the savings to consumers during the year being estimated at £188,200.

The total output of the Kailan Mining Administration's mines for the week-ended March 7, amounted to 72,792 tons, and the sales during the period to 105,400 tons.

It is advertised that the transfer books of the China Provident Loan & Mortgage Co., Ltd., will be closed from March 26 to April 7, both days inclusive, and not for the period previously notified.

Bail of \$75,000 was granted in the case in which a Chinese woman named Jeng Shoe is wanted by the American authorities for alleged embezzlement of G.\$25,000. A remand for one week was ordered.

Three Filipinos, who arrived in Hong Kong as stowaways on board the s.s. *Invincible*, were brought before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday. They were remanded until Monday pending arrangements to return them to Cebu.

A young pickpocket, who told the police that he had only just acquired the art and had not done any more than steal two fountain pens, was brought before Mr. E. W. Hamilton yesterday on a charge of stealing a fountain pen. Six strokes of the cane were ordered.

History!

History retold from a New York evening newspaper: "Bobby Burns was the Bib Bad Boy of Scotland. Along about the time Washington was crossing the Delaware, Bobby was busy being the answer to many maidens' prayers. Believe it or not, two hundred years later, they're still calling him the main reason why a dozen dames left home. . . . And, say, they're still singing some of the boy's torch songs. When a femme turned him down, he could burn her up with a ditty that would make a burglar wipe tears from his eyes."

The King's Taste in Linen.

"I prefer Irish linen, and every shirt I have comes from Belfast. I am very particular about that," said the King, when, with the Queen, he visited the Science Museum, South Kensington, to see exhibits illustrating research on the production of flax and the manufacture of linen, organised by the Linen Industry Research Association. When the King and Queen were shown a tablecloth of the latest design with reproductions of London scenes, the King said:—"I prefer large, simple, and bold designs, like the poster designers use." Among the exhibits was some linen 5,000 years old taken from an Egyptian tomb. The King expressed surprise at the fineness of the cloth, and was told that ninety miles of the yarn used went to the pound.

Treasures of Famous Children.

An exhibition of "treasures of famous children" was held last month in London at Ereshy House, Rutland Gate, by the Princess Marie-Louise, in aid of Fairfield House Open-air Residential School for Delinquent London School Children. It was like a Barrie play that forever keeps the spectator nicely balanced between laughter and tears, deliciously uncertain which way the balance will turn. There was a child's tiny brown silk slipper cherished by Byron and discovered among his private papers; Ellen Terry's dancing slippers worn when she played "Puck" in 1850; the treasured baby clothes of many members of Royal Families, including the tragic Stuart King; and Lewis Carroll's early attempts at making a book with its delightfully quaint coloured illustrations. The most interesting treasure among them all was perhaps the centuries old Fitzwilliam Scarf, given by William the Conqueror at the Battle of Hastings to an ancestor of the Fitzwilliam family who was a Marshal of the Army. Every boy in the Fitzwilliam family has worn it as a christening robe since that date. It has been lent by Mr. George Wentworth Fitzwilliam, and is now partially in ribbon, the gold threads which joined the material—something like a lawn—altogether having broken away.

SUMMARY OF NEWS

Local.

Week-end wireless programme. Page 6.

Hong Kong Trade Returns for February. Page 11.

V.D.M.A. annual meeting. Page 12.

Sport.

Starting times at Fanling tomorrow. Page 12.

Home football fixtures. Page 10.

Over the Sticks: By "Morning Dew." Page 10.

To-day's sports fixtures. Page 10.

Programme for Second Extra Race Meeting. Page 6.

H.K.C.C. Tennis Tournament results. Page 10.

Serious notice has been taken by the Hong Kong Football Association against the conduct of the R.A. and Ewo in recent games. Page 10.

Latest Cables.

Dr. Kuangson Young has been appointed Chinese Consul-General at London. Page 9.

The search for the 21 missing from the wreck of the sealer Viking has been abandoned. Page 9.

A vote of non-confidence in the Japanese Government in the Lower House was defeated by 230 votes to 109. Page 9.

A commotion was caused yesterday morning in the Japanese Lower House by a youth in the Visitors' Gallery scattering pamphlets over the Government benches. Page 9.

The United States hold the record for possessing the largest amount of monetary gold held by any other country, the amount now being \$4,685,000,000. Page 9.

The French sloop *Marne* rescued 66 survivors of the steamer *Chang-kiang*, which went ashore in very foggy weather near Wanchow on Monday morning. Page 9.

The casualties resulting from the express train disaster at Etampes were seven killed and 20 injured, including an Englishman named Westwood. Page 9.

The proposals for the revision of the Export Tariff Schedule submitted by Mr. T. V. Soong, Finance Minister, to the Central Political Council, have been approved by that body. Page 9.

The Foreign Affairs Commissioner has informed the United States Consul at Yunnanfu that ten arrests have been made in connection with the murders of Mrs. White and Mrs. Miller, including the principal murderer, who has confessed his guilt. Page 9.

★ Local Notes and Events ★

Looking Back 25 Years.

The first division of the French Far Eastern Fleet, reached here last evening. Their arrival had been anticipated since Sunday but the dense fog which enveloped the approach to the harbour kept them outside for two days. However, the fog cleared a little yesterday afternoon and in company with the other delayed vessels the torpedo destroyers made their way into port. It is expected that the Fleet will remain in these waters a week, during which they will be offered official entertainment. The event will be considered still more interesting by the arrival of the Japanese Training Squadron, which is expected here to-morrow.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, March 21, 1906.

Looking Back 50 Years.

An extraordinary meeting of the shareholders of the Hong Kong and Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd. was held yesterday at the Offices, Praya Central, for the purpose of sanctioning the special resolution passed on the 22nd ultimo. The Chairman, Hon. W. Kewick, said:—"Gentlemen, the special resolution referred to was proposed by myself in these words: 'That the board of Directors do hereby authorize to subdivide the old shares of this Company of \$500 into shares of \$125.' The motion was seconded by Mr. R. Innes and unanimously carried. It is now to be confirmed and I beg to propose the confirmation of it. The motion was carried unanimously.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, March 21, 1881.

CHINA'S EXPORT
TARIFF SCHEDULE.APPROVED BY CENTRAL
POLITICAL COUNCIL.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

NANKING, Mar. 20.

Mr. T. V. Soong's proposals for the revision of the export tariff were approved by the Central Political Council.

The date, from which the new schedule will be operative has not yet been decided, but it is understood that some advance notice will be given so that the export trade will not be unduly disturbed.

Mr. T. V. Soong, Finance Minister, on March 18, submitted to the Central Political Council a Memorandum proposing a revision of the Export Tariff Schedule. He suggested that the old export tariff rates collected *ad valorem* shall remain at 7.5 per cent, but that the export duties collected according to quantity shall be increased from three to five per cent. The Memorandum points out that a deficit of \$142,000,000 was expected for the current fiscal year, and that urgent measures were necessary to meet the financial stringency.

Mr. Soong went on to say that the existing export schedule was promulgated 70 years ago, and was unsuitable for present conditions. He declared that the increase which was very small, would not have an adverse effect on the trade and industry of China.

CHINESE CONSUL-GENERAL
AT LONDON.DR. KUANGSON YOUNG
APPOINTED.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

NANKING, Mar. 20.

Dr. Kuangson Young has been appointed Chinese Consul-General at London in succession to Chen Wei Cheng, who has resigned.

Dr. Young, who was formerly an official in the Foreign Ministry, left China early last year to investigate conditions in Europe as the Ministry's Special Commissioner.

HONG KONG CHINESE TRADE
MISSION TO CANTON.TO INVESTIGATE CONDITIONS
IN INTERIOR.

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao.)

CANTON, Mar. 20.

In response to General Chen Ming Shu's request, a Trade Mission comprising Hong Kong's leading Chinese merchants, including Sir Shou Son Chow, S. W. Tao, Chen Lim Pak, Li Yick Mui and Li Yau Chun, proceeded to Canton this morning by the a.s. Patsan to investigate trade conditions in the interior.

FRENCH STEAMER
WRECKED.STRIKES A ROCK IN FOGGY
WEATHER.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, Mar. 19.

A wireless report to Shanghai says that the steamer Changking (formerly the Knut Hansson) has been wrecked and is a total loss.

Fifty out of 300 passengers were picked up.

The fate of the crew is unknown. The French warship Marne is proceeding to the scene.

French Sloop Rescues Sixty-Six.

The French sloop Marne has arrived here with 66 survivors of the steamer Changking, which struck a rock in the vicinity of Wanchow in very foggy weather on Monday.

Eleven of the crew and three passengers were drowned.

The survivors clambered on the rocks and walked to the lighthouse, which communicated the ship's position to the Marne.

It is now learned that most of the passengers from Haiphong landed at Hong Kong, and that only eight passengers were on board.

MURDER OF LADY
MISSIONARIES.TREMENDOUS INDIGNATION
IN UNITED STATES.

[REUTERS' AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, Mar. 19.

Tremendous indignation has been aroused throughout America over the murder in Yunnan-fu of the two missionaries, Mrs. Miller and Mrs. White.

The State Department has instructed the United States Minister at Nanking to insist on the murderers being immediately brought to justice.

Ten Arrests Reported.

PEIPING, Mar. 20.

The Foreign Affairs Commissioner at Yunnanfu has informed the United States Consul that ten have been arrested in connection with the murders of Mrs. White and Mrs. Miller, including the principal culprit, who is alleged to have confessed his guilt.

MOTOR-CAR TAXATION
IN BRITAIN.METHOD CRITICISED BY SIR
HERBERT AUSTIN.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, Mar. 19.

Sir Herbert Austin, the well-known motor manufacturer, speaking at the American Chamber of Commerce luncheon in London, criticised the British method of motor-car taxation, based on horse-power, which, he said, was unfair in incidence and amount.

In spite of the handicaps, however, Britain held the world's record for speed on land, water and in the air.

The output of British passenger and commercial motor cars had gone up from 73,000 in 1922 to 238,000 in 1929, with a drop of about 2,000 in 1930.

NON-CONFIDENCE IN
JAPAN'S GOVT.DEFEATED BY LARGE
MAJORITY.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

TOKYO, Mar. 20.

Following yesterday's demonstrations outside the Diet the Seiyukai introduced a vote of non-confidence in the Government this afternoon in the Lower House.

As the Minseitō holds an absolute majority the Seiyukai's motion was bound to be defeated, but the Cabinet agreed to provide full scope for debate on the motion, which was aimed at the Government's economic, diplomatic and general administrative policies.

The introduction of the motion in the Lower House followed a strong denunciation of the Government's economic policies in the Upper House this morning.

At the same time a proletarian mass meeting to denounce Mr. Hamaguchi was held in Shiba Park this afternoon.

Strong cordons of police were drawn up at various strategic points as a precautionary measure. In spite of all this noise and excitement, there is little doubt that the country as a whole still favours the present Ministry, whose position is unlikely to suffer from these demonstrations, unless there is an unexpected development.

LATER.

The non-confidence vote was defeated by 239 votes to 169.

COMMOTION IN JAPANESE
DIET.YOUTH SCATTERS PAMPHLETS
IN LOWER HOUSE.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

TOKYO, Mar. 20.

A commotion was caused in the Lower House this morning when a youth in the Visitors' Gallery started scattering large numbers of pamphlets over the Government benches containing such slogans as "Revolution by the Patriotic Masses" and "Away with the National Ruin Cabinet!"

The youth was promptly arrested and identified as a member of the Right Wing reactionary organisation.

EARTHQUAKES ROCK THE
PHILIPPINES.DAMAGES ESTIMATED AT
ONE MILLION PESOS.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

MANILA, Mar. 19.

A series of earthquakes rocked the Philippines from Aparri to Jolo yesterday.

The greatest damage was caused at Ilocos Norte, where churches, convents, and Government buildings are reported to have been destroyed.

The most disastrous shock occurred at 2.25 in the afternoon. Several persons are reported to have been injured, but there were no deaths.

The damage is estimated at several million pesos.

Shortly before 2.30 p.m. on Thursday, an earthquake shock was felt in the Colony. The Royal Observatory seismograph recorded a shock at 2h. 26min. 30secs. The greatest amplitude was 36 millimetres.

LATE SIR CHARLES ELIOT.
MEMORIAL SERVICE HELD
IN TOKYO.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

TOKYO, Mar. 20.

A simple but impressive service was held this morning at the English Church in memory of Sir Charles Eliot, who died at sea on Monday whilst en route to England.

Baron Shidehara, Minister for Foreign Affairs, who was a close personal friend of Sir Charles, and a large number of other high Japanese dignitaries, together with British and foreign diplomats, attended.

Striking tributes are paid by the vernacular newspapers to Sir Charles, both as a diplomat and a scholar.

Real regret is expressed at the passing of such a staunch supporter of Anglo-Japanese friendship.

CHINA'S BUDGET.

FOREIGN CAPITAL ON EASY
TERMS UNLIKELY.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Mar. 20.

The *Times*, in a leader on the Chinese Budget, says that Mr. T. V. Soong, Finance Minister, admitted that foreign lenders will not seriously think of assisting China until her Budget is balanced and the plan to consolidate and redeem her foreign debt is effectively in operation.

Army Most Expensive and Least Efficient.

"He might have added, even then foreign capital will not be obtainable on easy terms if the Chinese army continues to be the most expensive and least efficient of those maintained in any important State."

BALDWIN CANDIDATE
WINS.MAJORITY OF NEARLY SIX
THOUSAND.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Mar. 19.

Captain Duff-Cooper, the Conservative candidate for St. George's, Westminster, and a supporter of Mr. Stanley Baldwin, is at the top of the poll in the by-election with a majority of 5,710 over Sir Ernest Peter, the Independent Conservative candidate.

The voting was as follows:—
Captain Duff-Cooper ... 17,242
Sir Ernest Peter ... 11,532

Majority ... 5,710

Captain Alfred Duff Cooper, D.S.O., formerly of the Grenadier Guards, was born in 1890, being the oldest son of Sir Alfred Cooper, F.R.C.S., and the late Lady Agnes Duff, sister of the First Duke of Fife. In 1919 he married Lady Diana Manners, by whom he has one son. Educated at Eton and New College, Oxford (Honours in Modern History), he was elected Conservative Member for Oldham (Lancs.) in 1924-29, and was Financial Secretary to the War Office in 1928.

PONTYPRIDD BYE-
ELECTION.

LABOURITE RETURNED.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Mar. 20.

The result of the Pontypridd bye-election is as follows:—
Mr. Davies (Labourite) 20,087
Mr. Crawshaw (Liberal) 8,308
Mr. Evans (Conservative) 5,480

The bye-election was due to the retirement of Mr. Mardy Jones.

BRITAIN'S TEA DUTY.

RE-IMPOSITION HIGHLY
PROBABLE.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Mar. 19.

The probability of Mr. Snowden, Chancellor of the Exchequer, re-imposing the tea duty in the next Budget is voiced in the *Daily Mail*, which discloses that some importers and packers have engaged extra warehouse accommodation to increase their stocks whilst some wholesalers have advised their customers to buy freely and immediately.

ALI BABA'S CAVE.

PROSPECTORS' STAMPEDE
IN MAZATLAN.

[REUTERS' AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, Mar. 19.

A stampede has been in full swing since a prospector tumbled upon what is believed to be Ali Baba's Cave.

It was first discovered by the notorious bandit Hernando Bernal, in the days of Diaz, who used to bring the raw gold into the towns without disclosing the source of supply.

Prospectors, who are attacking the quartz rocks with hunting knives, have already staked 1,600 claims around the mountain streams.

So far they have dug out 1,200 lb. of gold.

Mazatlan is a seaport town in Mexico, on the West coast, and is a centre of distribution (supplying almost all the towns and mining camps in the state of Sinaloa), and the most frequented port on this coast. It has an extensive trade with the United States, and largely exports gold and silver coin and bullion.

PARIS-TOKYO
FLIGHT.FRENCH AVIATORS
DETAINED.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

TOKYO, Mar. 19.

The Japanese authorities have telegraphed to Seoul expressing regret to M. Burtin and M. Moench at the necessity for detaining them.

It is hoped that after an investigation to allow them to continue to Tokyo, but probably this will not be permitted until Saturday.

It seems that the airmen were previously warned several times through the French Embassy against taking the Mukpo route, owing to the fact that it is a fortified area.

Their detention was ordered immediately on their arrival at Seoul. They should have taken the Mukden route, which had been sanctioned.

ITALIAN AIR SMASH.

THREE BRILLIANT ACES
KILLED.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

PISA, Mar. 19.

Three of Italy's most prominent airmen were killed to-day in a crash two miles at sea, namely, Colonel Maddalena, Captain Cocchi, and Engineer-Lieutenant D'Amonte.

All three participated in the recent brilliant formation flight from Italy to Brazil, while Colonel Maddalena led the relief expedition in 1928 which found part of the crew of the ill-fated airship "Italia."

CENTRAL AFRICA AIR MAIL.

TWENTY-THREE DAYS
SAVED.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, Mar. 19.

The first air mail liner from Central Africa to Great Britain arrived at Crofton this afternoon on schedule time, having covered 5,114 miles in nine days, a saving of 23 days as compared with surface transport.

The first stage of the flight, from Mwanza in Tanganyika to Khartoum, was covered by the Imperial Airways flying-boat "City of Khartoum."

At Khartoum the mail was transferred to a land plane and flown to Cairo, where it was joined by the London-bound Indian air mail. A second flying-boat was used on the stage from Cairo to Athens, across the Mediterranean, and the journey home was completed by ordinary air liner.

About 54,000 letters were delivered from the air liner.

R.101 ENQUIRY REPORT.

PRIME MINISTER DESCRIBES
RUMOURS AS GUESSWORK.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, Mar. 19.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald replying to Sir Samuel Hoare, said the R.101 Court of Enquiry had not yet reported to the Air Ministry. Therefore recent rumours regarding the alleged contents of the Report can only be guesswork.

ROYAL COMMISSION ON
MALTA AFFAIRS.PREMIER ANNOUNCES
PERSONNEL.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, Mar. 19.

The Prime Minister, in the House of Commons, announced the composition of the Royal Commission on Malta.

By the terms of reference, the Commissioners are "to visit Malta and consider the existing political situation in the Island, and to make such recommendations as may seem to them desirable as to the steps which should be taken to deal with it, with special reference to the possibility of re-establishing Constitutional Government."

The Commission will consist of Lord Asquith, well-known for his work as arbiter in industrial disputes in Great Britain, who will be Chairman; Sir Walker Gerton, the distinguished Colonial Administrator, formerly Governor of Southern Nigeria and British Guiana; and Count de Salla, at one time British Envoy Extraordinary to the Pope.

It is expected that the Commission will arrive in Malta early in April.

BRITISH POLICY IN
INDIA.FATE OF GANDHI'S MOVE-
MENT PREDICTED.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Mar. 19.

"Lord Irwin has weathered a bigger storm than India has known since the Mutiny," declared the Maharajah of Buedwan in a speech in London to-day.

Defending the British policy in India, he denied that British prestige had been surrendered, and he expressed the opinion that Gandhi's movement would either end in swallowing up Gandhi or in Gandhi dissociating himself from it.

ANGLO-FRANCO-ITALIAN
NAVAL AGREEMENT.

FIRST MEETING OF EXPERTS.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, Mar. 19.

The Committee of British, French and Italian experts engaged on drafting the final terms of the Anglo-Franco-Italian Naval Agreement held its first meeting at the Foreign Office to-day.

It is expected that the proceedings will last several days.

WRECK OF SEALER
VIKING.SEARCH FOR TWENTY-ONE
MISSING ABANDONED.

[REUTERS' AMERICAN SERVICE.]

St. John's (Newfoundland),

Mar. 20.

The search for 21 missing from the wrecked sealer Viking has been abandoned.

A total of 123 passengers and crew have been saved and one body found.

PRESIDENT HOOVER'S
VACATION.

BOUND FOR PORTO RICO.

[REUTERS' AMERICAN SERVICE.]

POINT COMFORT, Mar. 19.

President Hoover left in the battleship Arizona on a holiday trip to Porto Rico, the Virgin Islands, to-day, accompanied by Mr. Hurley, Secretary of War, and Dr. W. A. Wilbur, Secretary of the Interior.

WORLD'S RECORD
GOLD HOLDER.FABULOUS SUM CONCENTRATED
IN AMERICA.

[REUTERS' AMERICAN SERVICE.]

New York, Mar. 20.

The largest amount of monetary gold ever held in one country is now concentrated in the United States, which holds \$4,685,000,000, being \$1,000,000 over the record established by the United States in 1927.

CARLISLE EXPRESS SMASH.

VERDICT OF MANSLAUGHTER
AGAINST DRIVER.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Mar. 19.

A Coroner's jury at Carlisle to-day returned a verdict of manslaughter against John Eskdale, the driver of the express which was derailed on January 3, when three persons were killed and 30 injured. Eskdale collapsed on hearing the verdict, and was committed for trial on a Coroner's warrant, bail being allowed.

It was alleged that Eskdale was driving at a dangerous speed at the curve.

EXPRESS TRAIN SMASH
IN FRANCE.CRASHES INTO STATIONARY
TRAIN.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

PARIS, Mar. 19.

Ten persons are reported to have been killed and more than 50 injured in a train smash at Etmepes, where the express from Paris to Bordeaux collided with a goods train.

Experts are puzzled regarding the cause of the accident.

The express was practically through the station when the two rear coaches inexplicably jumped the rails and were smashed into matchwood against a stationary train alongside.

The express was able to proceed with the uninjured and slightly injured, after the wrecked tail had been detached.

Seven Killed and Twenty Injured.

The casualty list totals seven dead and 20 injured.

The dead include an Englishman named Westmead.

All those killed were in the dining-car, which was the first to leave the rails.

The train went on 30 yards, when two other coaches were derailed.

The occupants of the second coach were not injured, and those in the third car were imprisoned inside, a number being cut by broken glass.

CAN I GET A BATH NOW?

OF COURSE YOU CAN.
— AT ANY TIME —
IF YOU HAVE A

GAS GEYSER.

Instantaneous Water Heaters to suit
every requirement on Hire, Sale and
Hire Purchase.INSPECT MODELS AT
OUR SHOWROOMS.

HONG KONG & CHINA GAS CO., LTD.

CENTRAL SHOWROOM ... ICE HOUSE STREET
(Near Star Ferry).KOWLOON SHOWROOM ... 246, NATHAN ROAD
(Corner of Jordan Road).

OFFICES: WEST POINT.

Phone 20000.

HOW TO ASSIST THE
DIGESTION

THE most dictatorial digestion is open to argument if you only select the right one. Thus, many a man has found a virtue in WHITE HORSE, taken just before or just after lunch or dinner. And, of course, you know that WHITE HORSE WHISKY is non-gouty.

See that your medicine chest contains a bottle of WHITE HORSE WHISKY. WHITE HORSE because it is so richly matured. Because it is so safe and so sound and so certain in the good it does.

WHITE HORSE WHISKY

Sole Agents:
JAMES MATTHEWS & Co., Ltd., Merchants, Hong-Kong

Sports News

OVER THE STICKS.

TO-MORROW'S MEETING AT KWANTI.

SOME SELECTIONS FOR PUNTERS.

[By "MORNING DEW."]

Racegoers are undoubtedly enjoying more than a fair share of their favourite sport during the present season. With the Annual Race Meeting and the First Extra Meeting over the March Meeting of the Fanling Hunt and Race Club becomes due and there is little doubt but that the entertainment available at Fanling to-morrow will be in every respect as good as that seen at Happy Valley this month.

Entries are, on the whole, quite good and there are two flat races on the card which ought to attract big fields. In these events even placed ponies at the Annual Meeting are barred so that the task of picking winners will be exceedingly difficult. There are quite a number of unplaced subs and The Hunan Stakes ought to see quite a number of notices engaged.

The usual train will run to Fanling but, as advertised, it will not be one of first-class coaches only. However, this will not be any inconvenience as the main idea is to get there in time.

Given good weather, the attendance should be very big as the present time of the year is the best for spending a day in the country. Moreover, as I have stated before, steeplechase meetings are quite popular nowadays and an attractive feature of the regular meetings at Kwanti is the 22 pari-mutuel and cash sweeps, both of which compare favourably with the bigger betting in Hong Kong.

Royal Flush.

Coming to the racing, Royal Flush appears to be a "sitter" in the first race and barring accidents should come home by touch as there is nothing to touch him among the entries. However, the pony is entered in The Fanling Grand National and the handicapper has allotted him 105 pounds and where there is some very good cattle to match him. If Royal Flush is started in the first race I do not hesitate to "tip" him to win.

Gay Crusader is entered in the first race where he has to look after 105 pounds and I, therefore, think he will start for the Pierce Grove Cup where he has only one more pound to carry. Gay Crusader, Diana and Christmas Belle appear to be sure starters in the first race and I am inclined to think the finishing order will be Royal Flush, Christmas Belle, Gay Crusader.

That sturdy little performer, Christmas Frolic is entered in the second race and he will, in all probability, carry Mr. Stanton's colours to victory. Mongolian Stag will probably go out here too and with a concession of 10 pounds might make things hum, but it is unlikely that he will upset Christmas Frolic. The Gomeril, belonging to Messrs. Hall and Shenton, would not be an unwise bet for a place.

Pierce Grove Cup.

The field here is not likely to be big and Gay Crusader ought to find the distance to his liking. Two and a half miles is a good deal for a China pony and Messrs. Teag and Priestley's candidate appears to have a better chance of least on paper than any of the others. As You Like It is also in this race with 100 pounds to look after. He is, of course, not in Gay Crusader's class but he has time after time, proved that he likes long races and might prove a tough handful to-morrow. Chats has done well enough in the past to merit some attention and those who back him for a place might find it a profitable investment.

Not knowing what ponies will start for the Hunan and Hupch Stakes, I shall pass over these races without comment. Needless to add, form at the flat races at Happy Valley will have much to do with the betting to-morrow.

His Excellency's Cup.

The last race of the day is for a cup presented by H.E. the Governor and the event is over two miles of fair hunting, country starting and finishing on the Steeplechase Course. I think Country Club, in spite of his weight, has a good chance of carrying off the trophy, while Fern Leaf, Fanling Stag, Horotore and Duke of Neblung are others who might just as easily work the trick.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

H.K.C.C. TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

HONDA RECEIVES SHOCK.

GOOD RECOVERY.

In the opening match on the St. Andrew Court this season, T. Honda and Ho Ka Lau met in the fourth round of the open singles championship. The match ran to three sets, but ended tamely, as Honda, after a bad start, had matters much his own way in the second and third sets, the final scores being 2-0, 6-3 and 6-2.

Ho Ka Lau created some excitement by winning the first set. Honda was unsettled to begin with and except for pulling up level after being 2-0 down, did not do much. The Chinese covered the court cleverly and gave Honda few opportunities to play his favourite strokes by maintaining a good length. Honda in trying to force the pace found difficulty in controlling his soft returns.

After the bad start, Honda's prospects seemed very bad, but a change of tactics by Ho put a different complexion on the play that followed. The latter became a little enterprising, but Honda apparently found the faster shots easier to control. Gradually he outplayed the Chinese, and when he led at 4-love, his supporters regained confidence. Ho made a fine effort to pull up, and when at 1-6 down he beat the Japanese by forceful tennis and won two games, scoring most of his points by net play. Honda, however, brought the scores level by winning the second set at 6-3.

Both were pretty restrained in the final set, playing steadily and taking no risks. The Chinese again adopted the defensive, but it did not avail him to much good purpose as in the opening set, for Honda broke up his defence by persistent drives, into the corners which kept Ho constantly on the run. The latter gradually weakened and failed to check the progress of the Japanese who went on to claim the final set without much opposition. Honda now meets either E. C. Finchen or Ng Sze Cheung.

Club Events.

Several ties in Club events proved to be interesting. Goldman and Petch scored victories in the Championship over Anderson and Capt. Etherington, respectively, while Evans scored his first local success by beating Bishop in the "A" Chas Handicap.

The detailed scores follow:—

Open Singles.

2nd Round.

G. Lai beat L. T. Ride, 6-2, 3-6, 6-7.

4th Round.

T. Honda beat Ho Ka Lau, 2-0, 6-3, 6-2.

Club Championship.

W. N. Petch beat Capt. Etherington, 6-4, 6-3.

L. Goldman beat J. H. Anderson, 6-3, 6-2.

Singles Handicap "A."

D. B. Evans (owe 15/2) beat C. W. E. Bishop (rec. 3/0), 3-6, 6-2, 6-3.

H. Owen Hughes (owe 15/2) beat A. O. Johnson (owe 3/0), 8-6, 6-1.

R. M. Henderson (rec. 2/6) beat D. L. Prophet (owe 2/6), 6-0, 6-1.

Singles Handicap "B."

O. C. Womack (owe 1/6) beat E. J. Buttress (rec. 2/6), 6-1, 6-1.

Handicap Doubles.

Collis and Penn (rec. 15) beat Watson and Remington (rec. 3/0), 2-6, 6-3, 6-4.

THE SELECTIONS.

Race 1.

Royal Flush.

Christmas Belle.

Gay Crusader.

Race 2.

Christmas Frolic.

Mongolian Stag.

The Gomeril.

Race 3.

Gay Crusader.

As You Like It.

Chats.

Races 4 and 5.

(Post Entries).

Race 6.

Country Club.

Fern Leaf.

Fanling Stag.

TO-DAY'S FOOTBALL

SHIELD SEMI-FINALS FOR DECISION.

SOUTH CHINA CLASH WITH KOWLOON.

The survivors in the Challenge Shield Competition will take the field this afternoon at Kowloon and Happy Valley to decide the teams to appear in the final which will be played a fortnight hence. South China and Kowloon F. C. senior teams would have been looked upon as the finalists had they appeared in opposing camps, but the draw has forced them to clash in the semi-final.

In their recent League match, Kowloon, on their own ground, defeated South China, but the winners last week had their colours lowered by the Highlanders. The issue of the shield match is very uncertain, but in any case a great struggle will be provided by two strong sides. If they could keep themselves free of infringements in their own goal area and the forwards maintained their alignment, the odds would appear to be slightly in favour of South China.

The Royal Artillery had a walk-over from the Recreio, and they will be opposed by the South Wales Borderers, who have reached the semi-final by putting away the Highlanders and St. Joseph's. The Borderers will be hot favourites for the honours.

In the Junior Shield semi-finals, the Navy and Eastern should qualify for the final.

Extra time will be played in the Shield matches, if necessary. The following are the fixtures, including League games fixed for the afternoon:—

Senior Shield.

(Kick-off at 4.30 p.m.)

South China v. Kowloon, Club ground.

R. A. v. S. W. Borderers, Kowloon F. C. ground.

Junior Shield.

(Kick-off at 4.30 p.m.)

Navy Reserves v. Kowloon Reserves, Club ground.

H.K.F.C. v. Eastern, Kowloon F.C. ground.

Division I.

(Kick-off at 4.30 p.m.)

Navy v. Athletic, Stadium.

St. Joseph's v. Argylls, St. Joseph's ground.

Division II.

(Kick-off at 3 p.m.)

Athletic v. South China, Stadium.

S.W. Borderers v. University, Chatham Road.

Division III.

(Kick-off at 3 p.m.)

R.E. v. R.A.O.C., Athletic ground, H.V.

(Kick-off at 4.30 p.m.)

Athletic v. R.A.S.C., Athletic ground, H.V.

Probable Shield Teams.

Kowloon Seniors: Penny, Martin, Downman, Hedley, McKelvie, Bliss, Pile, Simpson, Gillet, Grimwood, Ineson.

South China: Pau Ka Ping, Li Tin Sang, Tam Kong Pak, Leung Yin Chan, Leung Wing Chiu, Tong Kwan, Cheng Sing Hong, Chu Kwok Lun, Fung King Cheung, Lee Wai Tong, Ip Pak Wa.

Kowloon Reserves: Angus, Guest, Williams, Everett, Gilchrist, Cameron, Eastman, Whitling, Spary, Cotton, Dickford.

Club Reserves: Fogarty, Sloan, Hynes, Punchedon, MacFarlane, Stoker, Alexander, Bell, Strang, Jackson, Fowler.

DRASTIC ACTION AGAINST FOOTBALL TEAMS.

R.A. ASKED TO RESIGN AND EWO SUSPENDED.

Drastic action has been taken by the Hong Kong Football Association against the Royal Artillery Reserves and Ewo as a result of their conduct in recent games which has been the subject of investigation by the Emergency Committee.

Last week, the Royal Artillery Reserves, who were engaged in a League match with the H.K.F.C. on the Club ground, gave an exhibition of bad sportsmanship when certain players allowed their tempers to get the better of them. Four of their players have been suspended until June 1. The R.A. have also been asked to withdraw from the Second Division of the League, which virtually amounts to suspension.

A charge of substituting a player during the second half of the game and refusing to furnish the referee with his name was brought against Ewo, who took part in a Junior Shield match with Kowloon Football Club a fortnight ago. The Association has suspended since the participation of Ewo in local football.

The R.A. have four more matches to play in the Second Division, while Ewo are left with three matches in the Third Division. The effect of the action taken against them is that the points in the remaining fixtures will be awarded to their respective opponents.

WEEK-END SPORTS FIXTURES.

MATCHES AND PLAYERS AT A GLANCE.

The following fixtures have been arranged for to-day and to-morrow:

ATHLETICS.

St. Stephen's College Athletic Sports, Stanley, 2 p.m.
Central British School Athletic Sports, King's Park, 2 p.m.

BOXING.

China Fleet Amateur Championships (Theatre Royal), 9 p.m.

CRICKET.

League Division I.
C.C.C. v. I.R.C.
C.S.C.C. v. R.A.

Division II.

I.R.C. v. C.C.C.
H.K.C.C. v. R.A.S.C.
Recreio v. R.E.
University v. Kowloon.

Friendly.

Royal Navy v. H.K.C.C.
All matches are scheduled to start at 2 p.m. sharp and will take place on the grounds of the teams mentioned first.

In their matches with the Craigengower Cricket Club, the Indian Recreation Club will be represented by:—

1st XI (Away):—A. H. Rumjahn (captain), A. H. Madar, A. el Arculli, A. A. Rumjahn, S. A. Ismail, F. D. Pereira, A. H. Minu, A. K. Minu, J. S. Abdul-Currem, O. Ismail, and A. S. Ismail. Reserve: A. Rahmin.

2nd XI (Home):—F. M. el Arculli (captain), M. R. Abbas, A. R. S. Akker, H. T. M. Barma, A. R. H. Ismail, E. Heptula, S. Ismail, M. P. Madar, A. M. Rumjahn, A. R. Sufiad and A. S. Sufiad. Reserve: A. R. Abbas.

The Recreio team for their match with the Royal Engineers will be: H. A. Alves, L. J. Gutierrez, H. M. Xavier, L. J. Silva, H. A. Barros, A. P. Pereira, C. M. Souza, G. A. Gutierrez, F. J. Remedios, A. Prata and F. H. Carvalho.

The following are the Club teams:—

1st XI:—H. Owen Hughes, A. C. I. Bowker, A. C. Beck, A. Reid, G. R. Moss, E. R. Duckitt, O. G. Simpson, W. Rigg, J. R. Hinton, E. C. Edinburgh, J. MacFarlane.

2nd XI:—H. J. Armstrong, G. E. R. R. Divett, L. B. Smith, C. E. Gahagan, R. R. Davies, J. D. A. Hutchison, J. R. Way, R. H. Wild, J. Chadwick, E. J. Collins, L. A. Whippis.

FENCING.

Hong Kong Fencing Club Tournament, 3.15 p.m.

HOCKEY.

Caer Clark Cup Competition: Recreio v. St. Andrew's.

RACING.

Fanling Hunt Steeplechase, Kwanti (Sunday).

HOME FOOTBALL.

ENGLISH AND SCOTTISH LEAGUES.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

The international match between England and Scotland (amateur), which will be played at Stamford Bridge, is included in the Home football programme to-day.

League teams have a full engagement list as under:—

Division I.

Arsenal v. Wednesday.
Preston v. Middlesbrough.
Blackburn v. Grimsby.
Blackpool v. Manchester U.
Derby v. Aston Villa.
Leeds U. v. West Ham.
Leicester v. Liverpool.
Manchester C. v. Chelsea.
Portsmouth v. Newcastle.
Sheffield U. v. Rotherham.
Sunderland v. Bolton.

Division II.

Barnsley v. Wolves.
Bradford C. v. Southampton.
Bristol C. v. Bradford.
Bury v. Oldham.
Cardiff v. Stoke.
Charlton v. Reading.
Exeter v. Millwall.
Plymouth v. Notts Forest.
Port Vale v. Burnley.
Swansea v. Tottenham.
West Brom. v. Preston N.E.

Division III (Southern).

Portsmouth v. Exeter.
Clapton O. v. Northampton.
Coventry v. Bristol R.
Fulham v. Newport.
Norwich v. Crystal P.
Notts O. v. Torquay.
Queen's P.R. v. Southampton.
Swinson v. Gillingham.
Walsall v. Brentford.
Widford v. Luton.
Widford v. Brighton.

(Continued on next column.)

CANTON POLICE v. ANGLO-FRENCH TEAM.

EASY WIN FOR THE CHINESE.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, Mar. 20.

A combined team of British and French sailors from Shanghai were again defeated by the Canton police team in an interesting football match yesterday afternoon on the ground of the Police Training School, Wai Foo Road, East.

The final score was 0-0 in favour of the Chinese.

Originally it was to have been a tussle between the Canton police and the H.B.M. Moorthen, but owing to the latter not being able to get enough players together for the match, it was suggested to get some men from the French gunboat Vigilante, thus making it a combined team. The suggestion was accepted and the game was played as scheduled.

The foreigners put up a good, hard, clean fight, but lacked team work and kicking power. By the end of the first half, the score stood 4-0 against them, but during the second half they stiffened up considerably and gave the Chinese a lot of resistance. This however, did not overcome the advances of the Chinese, who had scored two more goals when time was up, thus bringing the score up to 6-0 in their favour.

A huge crowd witnessed the game, both Chinese and foreigners, and among the more notable spectators present were General An Yang Pui, the Police Commissioner, and Admiral Chen Chak.

Division III (Northern).

Darlington v. Rotherham.
Doncaster v. Rochdale.
Gateshead v. Accrington.
Halifax v. Chesterfield.
Hull v. Tranmere.
Lincoln v. Grimsby.
Nelson v. Wrexham.
New Brighton v. York.
Stockport v. Barrow.
Wigan v. Southport.
Wigan v. Carlisle.

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

Ayr v. Leith.
Celtic v. Cowdenbath.
Dundee v. Airdrie.
East Fife v. Kilmarnock.
Falkirk v. Clyde.
Hamilton v. Morton.
Hibernian v. Aberdeen.
Motherwell v. Hearts.
Rangers v. Queen's Park.
St. Mirren v. Partick.

LITTLE BOY IN AWFUL STATE

Almost Blind With Skin Trouble. Cuticura Healed.

"My little boy's trouble began on his chest. It became red and very dry, and when the skin cracked water came from it. His face was very hot and painful. The trouble spread to his eyes and he was almost blind, then to his nose, around his mouth and chin. He was in an awful state and could not sleep."

"I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample. I purchased more and in six weeks he was healed." (Signed) Mrs. S. E. Mundy, 75, No. Seaton Rd., Newbiggin-by-Sea, North, Eng.

Use Cuticura for every-day toilet purposes. Bathe with Soap, soothe with Ointment, dust with Talcum.

Sample each Soap, Ointment and Talcum free upon request, from Dr. J. C. F. & Co., Ltd., Ltd., 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746,

ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE.

ANNUAL SPORTS
ON
SATURDAY, 21st MARCH.
At 2 P.M.
At STANLEY.

OLD BOYS' 220 YARDS RACE.

All Old Boys Cordially Invited.

CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT.
MORTGAGE BANK AND ESTATE AGENTS.

"PEAK MANSIONS,"
Six-roomed & Five-roomed Apartments
PRINCE EDWARD ROAD,
KOWLOON,
Detached and Semi-detached Villas
Modern Construction with Garage.
"CAMBAY BUILDINGS"
Flats with Modern Conveniences.

FANLING HUNT

STEEPLECHASE RACES
SUNDAY, 22ND MARCH
SIX RACES

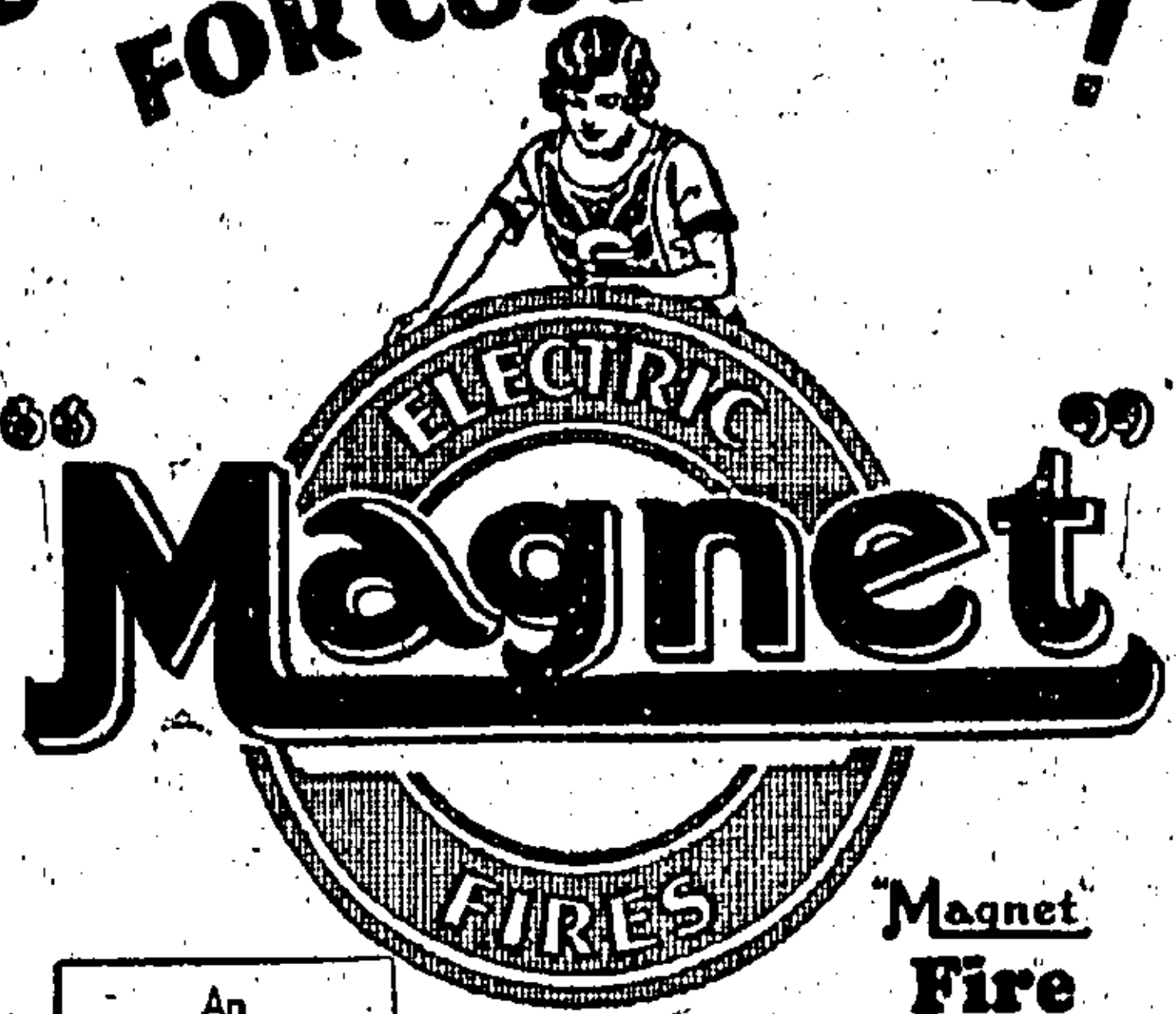
FIRST RACE: 2.30 P.M.
Special Train leaves Kowloon 1.05 P.M.
Returns from Fanling to Hong Kong
6.41 P.M.
First Class Train Fare \$2.00 Includes
Admission to Course. [477]

NOTICE.

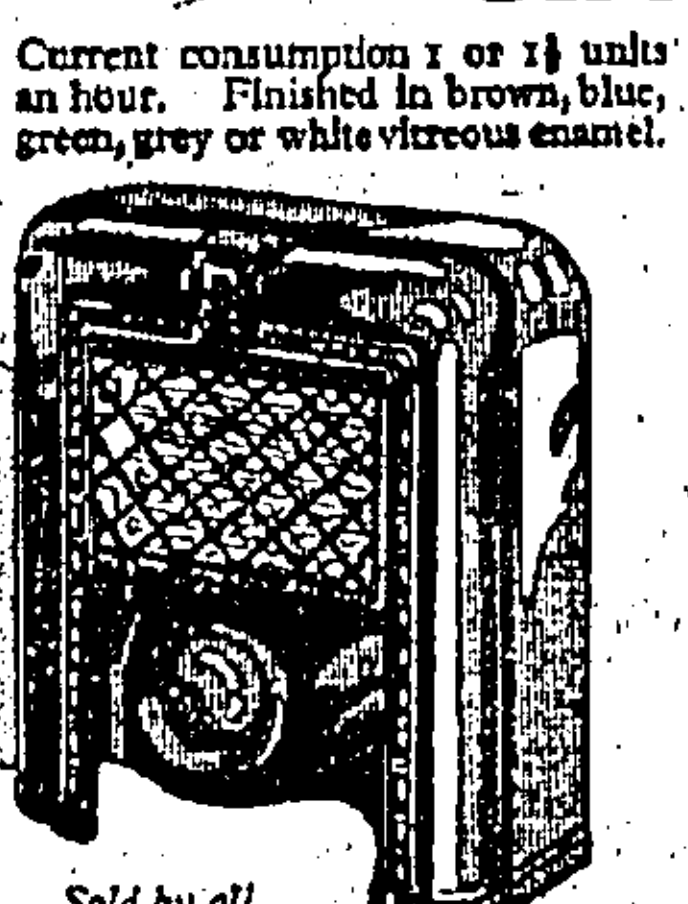
MESSELS MELOHRS & CO., as
Agents of the NORDEUTS-
OBER LLOYD, BREMEN, regret
to announce that owing to the fact
that the S.S. "COLUMBUS" has
been chartered for this Round the
World Trip by a Tourist Company,
No Permits for Inspection can be
issued. [489]

EVERYTHING G.E.C. ELECTRICAL

COSIER FIRES
FOR COSY HOMES!



An
example from the
complete range of
Magnet
Household Electric
Appliances
Irons, Kettles, Toasters,
Cleaners, Fans, Fires,
Washing Machines,
Cookers, Grinders,
Appliances for the
Toilet, etc.



MADE IN ENGLAND
by
THE GENERAL ELECTRIC
CO. LTD.

Gold Bar

CANNED FRUITS
VEGETABLES AND
FOOD SPECIALITIES.



—and now the PEAR
season never ends. You
couldn't serve finer
pears if you selected
and picked them right
off the tree yourself.



GOLD BAR Asparagus
is canned right in the
heart of the finest
asparagus growing
sections, where the
tender spears are pack-
ed within a few hours
after coming from the
field.



Choice Berries, picked
at just the right
moment—carefully sel-
ected for size and
flavour, then quickly
and skillfully packed to
retain their natural
freshness and delicacy.



Ripe PINEAPPLE—fresh
from the field. GOLD
BAR Pineapple brings
you Hawaii's choicest
fruit ready to serve
whenever you want it.
In the finest form you
can get it.



You'll like GOLD BAR
Tomatoes for their
delicious flavour, their
unvarying quality and
their easy ready
convenience.



Have GAGE PLUMS when-
ever you want them. And
such delicious plums too!
Picked for you at the
moment of perfection and
packed with all their natural
goodness and flavour under
the guarantee of the GOLD
BAR label.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.
GROCERY DEPT.

HONG KONG TRADE RETURNS.

INCREASE SHOWN IN FIGURES FOR UNITED
KINGDOM.

COMPARISON OF WHOLESALE PRICES WITH
PRECEDING YEARS.

Hong Kong Trade & Shipping
Returns for the month of February
have now been issued by the Statisti-
cal Branch of the Imperial and
Exports Department.

The trade figures are as follow,
the January totals being given in
brackets:—

Imports.
Merchandise \$8,503,416 (\$8,660,035)
Treasure \$1,883,246 (\$1,863,104)
Total \$10,386,662 (\$10,523,139)

Exports.
Merchandise \$9,721,867 (\$9,673,820)
Treasure \$10,787,632 (\$10,846,058)
Total \$20,509,500 (\$20,519,878)

Figures Compared.

The total values of the imports
and exports of merchandise are
shown below by countries, the
January figures being given in
brackets:—

	Imports.	Exports.
United Kingdom	\$8,576,027 (\$8,531,343)	\$673,134 (\$641,865)
Australia	\$206,800 (\$234,073)	\$83,887 (\$166,040)
Burma	\$222,740 (\$429,170)	\$80,945 (\$106,075)
Canada	\$304,911 (\$406,638)	\$257,434 (\$361,234)
Ceylon	\$19,222 (\$12,636)	\$71,471 (\$87,105)
Egypt	\$25,316 (\$16,842)	\$25,389 (\$40,416)
East Africa	\$35,304 (\$3,555)	\$20,313 (\$19,654)
India	\$2,033,654 (\$2,000,897)	\$1,104,285 (\$826,518)
New Zealand	\$41,336 (\$32,907)	\$24,500 (\$36,400)
North Borneo	\$300,278 (\$323,497)	\$170,507 (\$160,101)
South Africa	\$5,531 (\$5,450)	\$21,868 (\$73,770)
Straits and F.M.S.	\$813,719 (\$1,100,831)	\$2,628,058 (\$3,249,847)
West Indies	\$1,625 (—)	\$22,827 (\$5,068)
British Empire, other	\$50,333 (\$302,106)	\$101,880 (\$97,374)
Belgium	\$1,435,056 (\$701,606)	\$86,503 (\$22,362)
China, North	\$3,001,822 (\$6,001,822)	\$4,037,001 (\$6,130,822)
China, Middle	\$1,254,710 (\$1,049,347)	\$2,324,608 (\$3,836,077)
China, South	\$6,641,000 (\$6,601,152)	\$9,000,932 (\$14,105,497)
Cuba	\$1,787 (—)	\$19,703 (\$25,644)
Central America	\$1,900 (—)	\$222,489 (\$192,022)
Denmark	\$5,198 (\$5,322)	\$4,029 (\$480)
France	\$311,568 (\$307,296)	\$108,552 (\$37,138)
French Indo-China	\$3,918,985 (\$2,634,784)	\$5,700,479 (\$3,907,015)
Germany	\$2,750,109 (\$1,726,250)	\$254,430 (\$16,043)
Holland	\$894,875 (\$202,283)	\$64,533 (\$31,306)
Italy	\$440,145 (\$547,278)	\$9,529 (\$7,220)
Japan	\$4,503,597 (\$5,187,504)	\$2,308,554 (\$2,535,620)
Kwong Chow Wan	\$700,704 (\$1,012,473)	\$839,125 (\$2,313,005)
Malaya	\$858,023 (\$1,176,769)	\$1,363,092 (\$1,684,302)
Norway	\$43,474 (\$11,744)	\$813 (\$402)
Netherlands	\$5,213,129 (\$8,602,749)	\$980,249 (\$1,546,285)
Philippines	\$83,910 (\$127,504)	\$811,108 (\$948,970)
Portugal	\$23,700 (\$2,802)	(—)
Siam	\$3,359,033 (\$3,146,005)	\$2,731,354 (\$1,644,972)
South America	\$21,002 (\$10,408)	\$160,005 (\$127,077)
Sweden	\$146,519 (\$332,377)	\$37,325 (\$17,325)
Switzerland	\$94,051 (\$130,664)	\$370 (\$450)
Spain	\$2,116 (\$3,830)	\$30,801 (\$17,325)
U.S.A.	\$3,437,546 (\$5,285,583)	\$2,922,522 (\$2,146,500)
Other Countries	\$62,030 (\$69,203)	\$50,754 (\$243,717)

Value Fluctuations.

Monthly fluctuations in the
values of imports and exports since
April, 1930 are shown in the fol-
lowing table, the sterling equiva-
lents at ruling average rates of ex-
change being included in brackets:

	Imports.	Exports.
April	\$35,405,208 (\$22,900,303)	\$35,431,719 (\$22,975,853)
May	\$34,308,367 (\$21,917,342)	\$35,284,807 (\$22,761,055)
June	\$38,582,830 (\$24,431,622)	\$32,143,975 (\$20,035,600)
July	\$50,870,877 (\$33,193,054)	\$34,385,347 (\$21,158,607)
August	\$40,133,181 (\$26,185,050)	\$40,138,106 (\$26,002,776)
Sept.	\$50,772,414 (\$33,108,170)	\$39,207,652 (\$25,662,702)
October	\$53,108,170 (\$34,433,778)	\$40,554,831 (\$26,000,240)
Nov.	\$55,110,372 (\$35,516,167)	\$42,000,963 (\$28,684,153)
Dec.	\$59,110,100 (\$38,860,020)	\$46,500,029 (\$30,770,315)
Jan.	\$59,500,025 (\$38,831,013)	\$47,073,820 (\$30,721,212)
Feb.	\$55,505,416 (\$36,565,463)	\$47,721,867 (\$31,735,142)
Total	\$570,030,040 (\$370,030,040)	\$442,472,625 (\$287,300,000)

Average rate of exchange in
February: H.K. \$1=11.1/16d.

Imports.
Animals \$1,006,228 (\$1,075,170)
Live (835,061)
Building Materials \$1,114,765 (\$1,332,873)
Chemicals and Drugs \$374,400 (\$367,846)

Chinese Medicines \$2,243,300 (\$1,923,021)
Dyeing Materials \$537,058 (\$308,032)
Foodstuffs \$17,506,049 (\$19,238,677)
Fuels \$670,125 (\$660,669)
Hardware \$310,020 (\$427,801)

Liquor, Intoxicating \$451,732 (\$440,614)
Machinery and Engines \$333,853 (\$1,272,803)
Manures \$1,177,978 (\$843,863)
Metals \$1,144,731 (\$3,212,834)

Minerals and Ores \$94,037 (\$248,641)
Nuts and Seeds \$271,346 (\$881,736)
Oils and Fats \$3,308,346 (\$5,776,764)
Paints \$170,791 (\$185,968)

Paper and Paperware \$1,055,152 (\$1,074,497)
Piece Goods and Textiles \$11,154,235 (\$10,383,119)
Railway Materials \$4,656 (\$54,481)
Tobacco \$1,208,373 (\$1,445,576)

Treasure \$1,608,248 (\$5,203,164)
Vehicles \$106,800 (\$540,840)
Wearing Apparel \$204,051 (\$367,210)
Sundries \$6,600,990 (\$6,541,234)

Exports.
Merchandise \$9,721,867 (\$9,673,820)
Treasure \$10,787,632 (\$10,846,058)
Total \$20,509,500 (\$20,519,878)

Imports.
April \$35,405,208 (\$22,900,303)
May \$34,308,367 (\$21,917,342)
June \$38,582,830 (\$24,431,622)
July \$50,870,877 (\$33,193,054)
August \$40,133,181 (\$26,185,050)
Sept. \$50,772,414 (\$33,108,170)
October \$53,108,170 (\$34,433,778)
Nov. \$55,110,372 (\$35,516,167)
Dec. \$59,110,100 (\$38,860,020)
Jan. \$59,500,025 (\$38,831,013)
Feb. \$55,505,416 (\$36,565,463)
Total \$570,030,040 (\$370,030,040)

Exports.
April \$35,431,719 (\$22,975,853)
May \$35,284,807 (\$22,761,055)
June \$32,143,975 (\$20,035,600)
July \$34,385,347 (\$21,158,607)
August \$40,138,106 (\$26,002,776)
Sept. \$39,207,652 (\$25,662,702)
October \$40,554,831 (\$26,000,240)
Nov. \$42,000,963 (\$28,684,153)
Dec. \$46,500,029 (\$30,770,315)
Jan. \$47,073,820 (\$30,721,212)
Feb. \$47,721,867 (\$31,735,142)
Total \$442,472,625 (\$287,300,000)

Average rate of exchange in
February: H.K. \$1=11.1/16d.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Based on declarations of quan-
tities and values furnished to the
Statistical Branch of the Imports
& Exports Office by Hong Kong im-
porters and exporters.

Foodstuffs.
(1929-100.)

	Individual Average 1924.	Individual Average July, 1930.	January, 1931.
Beans (Broad)	99.3	135.8	181.1
" (Green)	96.9	139.0	177.5
" (Yellow)	104.4	130.7	109.0
" (Other)	101.3	181.6	157.1
Peas	110.9	227.8	200.0
Eggs	84.5	125.2	132.7
Flour (Wheat)	96.4	130.0	125.3
Fishery Pro-ducts (Miscellaneous)	87.0	118.7	120.4
Lard	106.9	134.1	146.2
Milk (Condensed)	92.2	150.9	207.0
Mutton	114.3	213.9	169.1
Peanut Oil	111.0	137.4	110.9
Pork	103.6	137.7	142.1
Poultry	111.0	130.7	100.0
Rice (Broken)	112.3	125.0	132.7
" (White)	110.2	146.7	142.1
Sugar (Raw)	135.6	88.8	85.0
Vermicelli	100.5	107.0	131.0
Group Average	101.3	121.6	123.0

Total values by main groups of
commodities are given in the fol-
lowing table with the January figures
in brackets:—

	Individual Average 1924.	Individual Average July, 1930.	January, 1931.
Cotton (Raw)	100.7	109.9	230.7
Cotton (Yarn)	120.6	125.2	114.7
Cotton (Dyed Plain)	100.4	79.2	91.3
Italian (Dyed Figure and Plain)	82.2	100.0	69.6
Shirtings (White 20/45 Yds.)	91.4	77.2	88.5
Hemp (Manila)	137.9	128.6	141.5
Gunny Bags	201.3	240.0	280.0
Hessian Cloth	138.0	98.7	51.3
Silk Piece Goods	91.4	68.4	76.7
Blankets (Wool and Union)	105.2	106.0	133.3
Flannels (Wool and Union)	105.0	410.1	400.3
Suitings and Tweeds (Woolen)	61.8	110.9	84.2
Group Average	101.3	121.6	123.0
" July, 1930	102.4	118.9	118.9
" January, 1931	103.1	131.4	131.4

Textiles.

	Individual Average 1924.	Individual Average July, 1930.	January, 1931.
Cotton (Raw)	100.7	109.9	230.7
Cotton (Yarn)	120.6	125.2	114.7
Cotton (Dyed Plain)	100.4	79.2	91.3
Italian (Dyed Figure and Plain)	82.2	100.0	69.6
Shirtings (White 20/45 Yds.)	91.4	77.2	88.5
Hemp (Manila)	137.9	128.6	141.5
Gunny Bags	201.3	240.0	280.0
Hessian Cloth	138.0	98.7	51.3
Silk Piece Goods	91.4	68.4	76.7
Blankets (Wool and Union)	105.2	106.0	133.3
Flannels (Wool and Union)	105.0	410.1	400.3
Suitings and Tweeds (Woolen)	61.8	110.9	84.2
Group Average	101.3	121.6	123.0
" July, 1930	102.4	118.9	118.9
" January, 1931	103.1	131.4	131.4

Metals and Minerals.

	Individual Average 1924.	Individual Average July, 1930.	January, 1931.
Brass Sheet	90.9	128.3	138.0
Iron & Steel Sheet	95.8	164.1	128.8
Coal	101.2	109.2	102.5
Iron and Steel Bars	60.1	121.5	117.0
Iron and Steel Nails	63.5	100.9	101.7
Iron and Steel Plates	124.7	107.6	162.9
Lead (Pig)	131.2	148.2	242.6
Kerosene	72.0	101.6	93.7
Oil Fuel	97.0	148.7	115.6
Oil Refining	63.5	93.7	126.3
Petrol	91.1	102.0	90.0
Tin	104.4	17.7	104.7
Group Average	101.3	121.6	123.0
" July, 1930	102.4	118.9	118.9
" January, 1931	103.1	131.4	131.4

Miscellaneous.

	Individual Average 1924.	Individual Average July, 1930.	January, 1931.
Cement	73.0	45.7	61.8
Charcoal	118.3	43.1	45.0
Soda Ash	88.3	97.0	248.6
Sulphuric Acid	85.4	69.3	131.0
Sulphate of Ammonia	96.7	69.3	90.8
Feather (Duck)	157.4	148.6	162.3
Firewood	80.7	112.0	110.0
Hides (Cow)	176.8	166.0	170.9
" (Buffalo)	114.3	242.4	202.7
Leather (Sole)	87.3	119.2	132.4
Rattans	89.5	116.1	120.3
Saltpetre	98.0	41.7	133.1
Hardwoods	80.5	106.3	88.5
Softwoods	115.0	121.3	112.0
Group Average	101.3	121.6	123.0
" July, 1930	102.4	118.9	118.9
" January, 1931	103.1	131.4	131.4
Average all Articles	101.3	121.6	123.0
" July, 1930	102.4	118.9	118.9
" January, 1931	103.1	131.4	131.4

CHURCH NOTICES.

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.

Hong Kong.

MARCH 22, 1931, 5th Sunday in Lent:—

Holy Communion at 8 a.m.

Holy Communion (Peak Church) at 8 a.m.

CRISIS IN BRITAIN'S COALFIELDS.

SPREADOVER SYSTEM CONTINUANCE REFUSED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Mar. 19. More trouble in the coalfields is expected to result from a decision of the Miners' Delegate Conference to-day refusing to sanction the continuance of the spreadover of hours system beyond the end of March.

The system is one whereby the miners work for a 90 fortnight as best suits the local conditions, instead of a fixed seven and a half hours daily.

Three months ago, despite the ban by the National Miners' Federation, South Wales, Scotland and other districts decided in favour of the spreadover because they feared a reduction in wages. The reduction was demanded by the employers if the spreadover was not adopted.

The same position will recur unless Government legislative action is secured to protect miners' wages. To-day the conference instructed the Executive to get into touch with the Government on the matter.

Oral Strike in France.

DAMI, Mar. 19.

There is a possibility of a coal strike in France towards the end of the month, because the owners want to cut wages.

The Government is now conferring with the miners and mine owners.

AUSTRALIA'S FIDUCIARY BILL.

RIDICULOUS AMENDMENT BY LANG FOLLOWER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CANBERRA, Mar. 19.

The attitude of the Lang group towards the Fiduciary Bill was disclosed in the House of Representatives to-day when Mr. H. F. Lazarini (member for Werriwa) declared that he would support the second reading but would propose to amend the bill by making it illegal the writing of cheques or the possession of cheques under a penalty of 14 years imprisonment.

An amazed silence, then laughter, greeted the announcement and Mr. Lazarini shouted: "Laugh, you fools! You make the counterfeiting of fiduciary notes illegal, but allow bankers to issue thousands of millions of cheques, which are equally spurious currency."

SYDNEY, Mar. 19.

The Assembly passed the third reading of the Interest Bill reducing interest rates on Government borrowings to three per cent. and private loans to five per cent.

'VARSITY BOAT RACE.

OXFORD'S CHANCES IMPROVED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Mar. 19.

The critics may be compelled to modify their views regarding Oxford's chances in the Boat Race on Saturday after this morning's work, in which they did their best bit of rowing since their arrival at Putney.

They put in an excellent three minutes of fast rowing, in which Holdsworth stroked 38 in the first minute, dropped to 34 and finished at 36.

The remainder of the outing, which was rather extended, was devoted to starts and paddling.

Cambridge, by contrast, adopted a policy of taking a rest before the battle. They had no outing in the morning, and were out only for a short spell in the afternoon.

EXCHANGE RATES.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, March 19.

Paris	124.10
New York	4.85 29/32
Brussels	34.80
Geneva	25.50
Amsterdam	12.19
Milan	92.74
Berlin	20.30
Stockholm	18.10
Copenhagen	18.10
Oslo	18.10
Vienna	34.57
Prague	104
Helsinki	105
Madrid	46.2
Lisbon	108.25
Athens	375
Bucharest	217
Rio	201
Buenos Aires	1/5 27/32
Bombay	1/3
Shanghai	1/4
Hong Kong	1/4
Yokohama	2/13 3/32
Silver	133
Spot	133
Forward	133

CABINET RANK FOR MR. H. MORRISON.

PROMOTION FOR TRANSPORT MINISTER.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, Mar. 19.

The Prime Minister has invited Mr. Herbert Morrison, the Minister of Transport, to be a member of the Cabinet.

Mr. Morrison has latterly come into prominence in connection with the new Road Traffic Act, which has been described as the Government's greatest domestic triumph. The mobile police created by the Act are sometimes referred to as "traffic cops," but as this term is not popular at "Home" they have been given the nickname of "Morrison's." Another big scheme which the Ministry of Transport has in hand is the amalgamation of London's transport systems.

GERMAN EX-CHANCELLOR CRITICALLY ILL.

UNCONSCIOUS AND STRENGTH FAILING.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, Mar. 19.

The condition of Herr Mueller, the former Chancellor, is most critical.

He is suffering from bladder trouble and inflammation of the lungs.

He is unconscious, and his strength is failing.

A transfusion of blood has been made.

B.B.C. PROGRAMMES DISCUSSED.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, Mar. 19.

The programmes of the British Broadcasting Corporation were the subject of comment in both Houses of Parliament to-day.

In the House of Lords, Lord Radnor referred to the phenomenal popularity of broadcasting and said there were now 3,500,000 licensed receiving stations in Britain.

He thought the Corporation had done its work well, but he criticised what he described as a tendency to introduce political bias.

Lord Crawford said the critics of the British broadcast programmes should compare them with those in other countries. No country enjoyed more varied programmes of entertainment and education, and nowhere were there more remarkable men contributing to the best of their knowledge to broadcasting.

Lord Gairford, Acting Chairman of the Corporation, said they prepared their programmes to give the maximum of interest and entertainment. He declared that there was no justification for the charges of bias or propaganda.

Lord Ponsonby, for the Government, said the debate showed there was very little real criticism of the programmes. The Government would continue the policy of its predecessors. The policy of the Corporation would be kept free from Government control.

BRITISH POTTERY TRADE.

EXTENSION OF SAFEGUARDING URGED.

The hope is expressed in British Pottery circles that not only will the china trade be granted an extension of safeguarding, but that the earthenware section will be included.

The Lord Mayor of Stoke-on-Trent, who himself has a large interest in the pottery industry, speaking at the dinner of the Pottery and Glass Trades Benevolent Institution, declared that statements that safeguarding did no good and that it injured the trade in general were false.

There were factories in the Potteries which, thanks to safeguarding, had been able to keep their workers fully employed. Wage bills had materially increased, and this in spite of the fact that in London china was to-day being sold at 10 per cent. less than in 1927.

He shuddered to think what conditions would have been in the china trade if it had not been for the safeguarding duties. It is too early yet to forecast results in regard to the pottery section of the British Industries Fair, but it is felt that the exhibition will benefit the industry materially.

Manufacturers do not regard the Fair purely from the standpoint of orders booked but from the advertisement derived from the display. The china at the Fair is better than in the past, both technically and artistically, and, furthermore, prices are moderate. With the assistance of safeguarding duty china manufacturers can compete with foreign china made by means of labour 50 per cent. cheaper than in this country.

V.D.M.A. ANNUAL MEETING.

A LINK BETWEEN HOME AND CHINA.

BISHOP'S OUTLINE OF ASSOCIATION'S POLICY.

The annual meeting of the V.D.M.A. was held yesterday evening at St. John's Cathedral Hall, the Bishop of Victoria (the Right Rev. C. R. Duppuy, D.D.), being in the chair.

NEW OFFICERS ELECTED.

The Bishop in the course of his address said:

The V.D.M.A. has behind it a long and useful record, for it arose out of the amalgamation of the Church Missionary Association, 32 years ago, and the Hong Kong branch of the Victoria Diocesan Association, founded ten years ago. I can best describe the V.D.M.A. as a fellowship of helpers: the aim of the Association is to band together those who are ready to help forward the work in this diocese.

Bond With Helpers in England.

The V.D.A. in England has about 1,200 members; the V.D.M.A. here has 281.

Each year in June an Annual Reunion is held in London, where helpers from all home meet helpers from the diocese, and I can truly claim that the occasion is a very happy one. This year is no exception. It is to be on June 25 and if any of you are to be in England then, will you let your Group Secretary know?

Then, each year in the autumn in London there is a sale at which we have a stall, and I should like to thank Mrs. Roffey for the work she does as Sales Secretary in the way of purchasing goods, and those who are good enough to help her by giving donations.

A Link Between the Chinese and English Churches.

As most of you know, this diocese is made up of two parts: it consists of the Church of England section, and a Chinese section, and neither the one section nor the other apart constitute the diocese. The V.D.M.A. brings members of both sections together and I hope will do so increasingly. And here I should like to remind you of "At Home," at which Miss Woo is to speak.

It affords a natural and regular meeting place as between the members of our various congregations, and if we are to keep alive this family idea in our Church this is no unimportant piece of work.

One of the matters which our new Committee will have to consider is days exhibition next autumn, days exhibition next autumn, similar to that held in Kowloon two or three years ago.

I think, too, the V.D.M.A. is a real link between our missionaries and those not directly engaged in missionary work. It is common knowledge that missionaries, some of them persons of the highest intellectual attainments, come out simply for an honourarium, and I have always found that when their work is really understood, there is a readiness to back them in what they are doing.

And here I want to thank Mrs. Lang and the members of the Hospital Supplies Working Party for their splendid help.

Grants in Aid.

The V.D.M.A. chiefly helps by making grants in aid, and if you will look at the budget that is before you, you will see the objects for which these grants in aid are made. These grants are necessarily small, but our missionary work is carried on with an economy which will bear the closest scrutiny and the work done is out of all proportion to the grants made.

If I may give a concrete illustration, I have lately received a long and careful letter from Dr. Neville Bell, of the Pakhoi District. The whole neighbourhood is being opened up with motor roads, and in this district money can be made to go a long way. Dr. Bradley pleads that the V.D.M.A. will help to meet certain needs in this district which are urgent; but the budget which we have passed can make no allowance for these needs. I hope at the end of the year we shall find that our receipts are greatly in excess of our budget and that then we can meet many pressing needs which we have not been able to budget for.

Personal Interest.

Lastly, let me say that the method of the V.D.M.A. is to spread personal interest to win the interest of this person or that person. The method is an old one, a simple one, but the only effective one. A movement can only spread on personal interest. It may encourage some of you who are trying to use this method to know that 28 new members have been gained during the last five weeks.

Last Sunday morning I was holding a confirmation service in St. Paul's church (which is under the charge of Mr. Tso). It was filled with four hundred or more people, all Chinese, with the exception of three of us. It was a moving sight, and I wished that many who doubt whether missions are worth while could have been present at that inspiring service.

My point to-day has been that this Association has a scope of great usefulness in our diocese.

People get interested out here; many of them go to England and they do not lose their interest. At the last V.D.A. Committee held in London on January 28, for instance, I notice that among others who were present were Mr. Bowley, Mr. Alfred Bryer, Rev. W. H. Hewitt (late Warden of St. Stephen's College), Rev. H. Copley, Mr. J. J. Northcott (formerly Military Chaplain here) and Sir Chas. Starn—all names well known in this Colony.

I hope therefore you will try and win fresh members for this Association and support it by all the means in your power.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

The Hon. Treasurer in his report, stated:

In 1930 our income was made up by £200 from London, realising \$2,500; 3,300 dollars from Hong Kong Church quotas, and \$700 from subscriptions and donations from local helpers. The \$700 is mainly absorbed by local expenses, leaving \$8,700 to meet our commitments for the work for which this Association was formed, namely, missionary work in the diocese.

This year our commitments are \$7,530—the increase being due to the salary of the Bishop's Secretary. The Bishop was on leave most of 1930 and during his absence no secretary was employed, so we may therefore take it that the figure of \$7,530 represents a normal budget.

Our aim in field work in the diocese is to expand by slow degrees and to follow up expansion by sustained effort. With this end in view our Association has undertaken definite liabilities in the way of stipends and guarantees and I therefore ask all members to assist in two ways:

First by doing their best to interest friends in the Association and its work, for which purpose leaflets describing the work done may be obtained from Group Secretaries or officials.

Second by helping us financially. "The receipts from members' subscriptions during the past four years have been 1927, \$560; 1928, \$402; 1929, \$440; 1930, \$344, a decrease of 39 per cent. in four years. Some of this is probably due to members not being asked for their subscriptions and overlooking their payment, and I hope that all members who have not already paid for the current year will either do so this evening after this meeting, or send their dues to their respective group secretaries. Some people think our subscription of two dollars is too low and that question will be discussed later this evening.

I now propose the adoption of the Accounts for 1930 as printed in the Annual Report for that year. This was carried.

Annual Report.

Rev. N. V. Halward, in presenting the annual report, said:—In proposing the adoption of the Annual Report for 1930 which has been in your hands for some days I desire to draw your attention to the following points:

Membership:—There has been a considerable falling off in the local membership during the last two years: in 1928 the membership was 2,000; in 1929, 200 and in 1930, 231. This is a serious decrease, viz. 51 per cent. This is not the place for me to go into the question of reasons, but I think I may say that it behooves all of us who are members, if we value the work of our Association, to do all we can to bring new members in. Having started off on a gloomy note I can now say with pleasure that 1931 promises to be a much better year in respect of membership at any rate.

2. V.D.A. London Reunion.—If you look at the bottom of page 1 of the Report you will see that members who wish to attend the Reunion on June 25 should send their names and addresses to their Group Secretaries by March 31. I may add that even those who are not going home this year may have friends in England who would like to attend. If so we should be grateful if you would also send in their names and addresses to the Group Secretaries; these will be forwarded to England so that invitations can be sent out.

3. Grants.—The Treasurer has already dealt with the Statement of Accounts for last year, but I would like to draw your attention to the figures on page 2, where you will find that the total amount under this head for work in the diocese was nearly \$5,000 as compared with \$2,575 in 1929. This increase has been made possible largely owing to the generous quotas received from the various churches.

4. Secretaries.—Finally I would like to express the gratitude of us all to Mrs. E. G. Stewart, Mrs. Korner, Mrs. Lang and others for their work in connection with the hospital supplies and Xmas gifts funds: also to Mrs. Black for so kindly and ably carrying on the somewhat arduous duties attached to the V.D.A. London sales during Mrs. Roffey's absence: lastly to Mrs. Shann, who acted as Joint Hon. Secretary for practically the whole of last year in conjunction with Mrs. Black, who is resigning this year after two years of devoted work.

Election of Officers.

The following officers were elected:—Vice-Chairman, Mr. P. S. Cassidy; Hon. Treasurer, Mr. E. Barker; Hon. Secretaries, Mr. C. R. Duppuy, Mrs. F. A. Redmond and the Rev. N. V. Halward; Secretary for Hospital Supplies, Mrs. E. A. Lang; Secretary for V.D.A. London Sales, Mrs. M. H. Roffey; Auditors, Messrs. Thomas & Co.

Group Representatives to Executive Committee.—Cathedral Group (the Dean ex officio) Miss E. M. G. Gray, Mrs. L. B. Holmes and Mr. J. H. Sutcliffe. St. Andrew's Group (Rev. W. W. Rogers ex officio) Miss F. McGill and Mr. O. B. Raven. St. Peter's Group (Rev. N. L. Watkins ex officio) Mr. E. S. Cunningham and Mr. R. Ashton Hill. Chinese Group, Rev. Lee Kau-yun, Mr. Woo Yee-tung, Dr. Chau Wai-chung and Miss S. F. Kwok. Outposts Group, Mrs. Kennedy Skipton.

In the absence of her husband through illness Mrs. W. W. Rogers asked leave to withdraw a proposal "That the Constitution be altered so as to allow membership fee of \$2 to be raised at the discretion of the Committee and that membership fee as from 1923 be \$5."

Mrs. Rogers said her husband had come to the conclusion that the proposal should not be put, but, instead, suggested the words "at least" should be included immediately before the "\$2" so as to indicate that although \$2 was the larger amount would be accepted and classed as donations.

After some discussion, it was decided that as the constitution called for a definite fee it would be better to have the sum of \$5 definitely fixed and it was not deemed advisable to raise it.

After some discussion, it was decided that as the constitution called for a definite fee it would be better to have the sum of \$5 definitely fixed and it was not deemed advisable to raise it.

After some discussion, it was decided that as the constitution called for a definite fee it would be better to have the sum of \$5 definitely fixed and it was not deemed advisable to raise it.

After some discussion, it was decided that as the constitution called for a definite fee it would be better to have the sum of \$5 definitely fixed and it was not deemed advisable to raise it.

After some discussion, it was decided that as the constitution called for a definite fee it would be better to have the sum of \$5 definitely fixed and it was not deemed advisable to raise it.

(Continued on next column.)

HONG KONG ROPE CO.

DIVIDEND OF 75 CENTS PER SHARE.

The report of the Hong Kong Rope Manufacturing Co., Ltd., for presentation to the shareholders at the forty-seventh ordinary general meeting to be held at the office of the Company, St. George's Building, Hong Kong, on Friday, March 27, at 11 o'clock a.m., states:—

The balance at credit of Profit and Loss Account, for the year ended December 31, 1930, is \$181,774.99, which, with \$150,123.98 brought forward from the previous year, makes a total of \$331,898.97 available for appropriation.

The Directors recommend the following distribution:—

To pay a dividend of 75 cents per share, absorbing \$150,000.00

To place to credit of Typhoon and Flood Account \$5,000.00

To write off factory buildings at Malacca \$100,000.00

To write off plant and machinery 15,997.97

To carry forward to credit of next year's account 70,000.00

\$340,897.97

Directors:—Under Article 64 (b) Mr. J. Scott Harrison and the Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga retire, but being eligible offer themselves for re-election.

Auditors:—The accounts have been audited by Messrs. Linstead & Davis and Messrs. Percy Smith, Seth & Fleming, who offer themselves for re-election.

FAMOUS CYMBALIST.

TO BROADCAST FROM STUDIO ON MONDAY.

Professor A. Barna, the famous Hungarian Cymbalist, is the first man to tour the world with his four musical instruments, the cymbal, metalphone, xylophone and glasses.

The history of the cymbal finds its origin in China in an ancient instrument similar in many respects to the modern one.

One hundred and fifty years ago it made its appearance in Hungary and Roumania and in the city of Budapest was enlarged and improved until it finally developed into the piano.

Fifty years ago Professor Allega was the first man to write musical notes for cymbal concerts, and now Budapest in Hungary is the only city in the world which can boast a Conservatoire in which academic instruction is given in the art of playing the cymbal.

Professor Barna himself has devoted over thirty-five years of his life to this instrument, and plays many of his own compositions.

In a concert which he is giving from the Broadcasting Studio on Monday next, at 8.30 p.m., he will play some of his great masterpieces, Verdi, Brahms, Mascagni and Grieg.

their work in connection with the hospital supplies and Xmas gifts funds: also to Mrs. Black for so kindly and ably carrying on the somewhat arduous duties attached to the V.D.A. London sales during Mrs. Roffey's absence: lastly to Mrs. Shann, who acted as Joint Hon. Secretary for practically the whole of last year in conjunction with Mrs. Black, who is resigning this year after two years of devoted work.

Election of Officers.

The following officers were elected:—Vice-Chairman, Mr. P. S. Cassidy; Hon. Treasurer, Mr. E. Barker; Hon. Secretaries, Mr. C. R. Duppuy, Mrs. F. A. Redmond and the Rev. N. V. Halward; Secretary for Hospital Supplies, Mrs. E. A. Lang; Secretary for V.D.A. London Sales, Mrs. M. H. Roffey; Auditors, Messrs. Thomas & Co.

Group Representatives to Executive Committee.—Cathedral Group (the Dean ex officio) Miss E. M. G. Gray, Mrs. L. B. Holmes and Mr. J. H. Sutcliffe. St. Andrew's Group (Rev. W. W. Rogers ex officio) Miss F. McGill and Mr. O. B. Raven. St. Peter's Group (Rev. N. L. Watkins ex officio) Mr. E. S. Cunningham and Mr. R. Ashton Hill. Chinese Group, Rev. Lee Kau-yun, Mr. Woo Yee-tung, Dr. Chau Wai-chung and Miss S. F. Kwok. Outposts Group, Mrs. Kennedy Skipton.

In the absence of her husband through illness Mrs. W. W. Rogers asked leave to withdraw a proposal "That the Constitution be altered so as to allow membership fee of \$2 to be raised at the discretion of the Committee and that membership fee as from 1923 be \$5."

Mrs. Rogers said her husband had come to the conclusion that the proposal should not be put, but, instead, suggested the words "at least" should be included immediately before the "\$2" so as to indicate that although \$2 was the larger amount would be accepted and classed as donations.

After some discussion, it was decided that as the constitution called for a definite fee it would be better to have the sum of \$5 definitely fixed and it was not deemed advisable to raise it.

After some discussion, it was decided that as the constitution called for a definite fee it would be better to have the sum of \$5 definitely fixed and it was not deemed advisable to raise it.

After some discussion, it was decided that as the constitution called for a definite fee it would be better to have the sum of \$5 definitely fixed and it was not deemed advisable to raise it.

After some discussion, it was decided that as the constitution called for a definite fee it would be better to have the sum of \$5 definitely fixed and it was not deemed advisable to raise it.

After some discussion, it was decided that as the constitution called for a definite fee it would be better to have the sum of \$5 definitely fixed and it was not deemed advisable to raise it.

After some discussion, it was decided that as the constitution called for a definite fee it would be better to have the sum of \$5 definitely fixed and it was not deemed advisable to raise it.

After some discussion, it was decided that as the constitution called for a definite fee it would be better to have the sum of \$5 definitely fixed and it was not deemed advisable to raise it.

(Continued on next column.)

HONG KONG SHARE MARKET.

BENJAMIN & POTTS' WEEKLY REVIEW.

Messrs. Benjamin & Potts' Weekly Share Report dated yesterday states:—

There has been a good demand for investment stocks and prices generally have improved except in a few cases where the liquidation of the Settlement has caused some selling at slightly reduced rates.

Banks.—Owing to Exchange fluctuating, Hong Kong & Shanghai Banks have been somewhat erratic throughout the week, sales having been made from \$1,975 up to \$2,030. There are buyers at the close at \$2,013 and the London price has risen to \$112 (Middle).

Marine and Fire Insurances.—Unions were dealt in to a fair extent at \$10/\$100 and more can be placed at \$1025. Cantons have been very strong and buyers have raised their price to \$1,375 without meeting with any response. Hong Kong Fires were bid up to \$1,545. China Fires are wanted at \$555 and Underwriters at \$3.60.

Shipping.—Hong Kong, Canton & Macao Steamboats are in demand at \$25. Waterboats are obtainable at \$25. Waterboats were done at \$37.

Docks, Wharves and Godowns.—Sales were reported of Whampoa Docks at \$30 and \$31, but the demand has since been satisfied. Kowloon Wharves were negotiated at \$170 at the opening and there are buyers at the close at \$161 ex the dividend of \$9 paid yesterday.

China Providents, despite the declaration of a dividend of 10 cents, have weakened and the Old shares are on offer at \$5.15. New Engineering shares were sold to the North at \$15.55. Shanghai Docks at \$15.10 and Hongkong Wharves at \$15.24 continue in request at quotations.

Lands, Hotels and Buildings.—Hong Kong Lands were realised at \$341 and \$35. Hong Kong & Shanghai Hotels have changed hands to a considerable extent at \$12.50/\$13.25, the market closing firm. Humphreys Estates are on offer at \$10.50 cum rights. Realty were placed at \$8.80.

Public Utilities.—Business was recorded in Hong Kong Electric at \$601 and \$61; since then the dividend of \$2.5

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SUNNING"	On 22nd Mar.	9 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KALGAN"	On 22nd Mar.	11 a.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"NANNING"	On 22nd Mar.	5 p.m.
FOOCHOW, SHANGHAI, S'HAU, NEWCHANG & DALNY	"LIANGHONG"	On 23rd Mar.	5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SINKING"	On 24th Mar.	Noon
HOIHOW & SHANGHAI	"CHINHUA"	On 24th Mar.	Noon
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"TAIYUAN"	On 25th Mar.	5 p.m.
SWATOW, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"KUEICHOW"	On 27th Mar.	8 a.m.
SHANGHAI	"KINGYUAN"	On 27th Mar.	Noon
HOIHOW, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"KIUNGCHOW"	On 27th Mar.	Noon
AMOI, SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"ANTUNG"	On 28th Mar.	9 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SOOCHOW"	On 28th Mar.	11 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KIANGSU"	On 28th Mar.	11 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SZECHUEN"	On 31st Mar.	9 a.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"TAINAN"	On 1st Apr.	5 p.m.
FOOCHOW, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 3rd Apr.	4 p.m.
HOIHOW, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"KINGYUAN"	On 11th Apr.	Noon

For Freight or Passage apply to— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
TELEPHONE 30331.
CARGO AND BAGGAGE CAN BE INSURED AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

TRAVEL A.O. LINE

To AUSTRALIA. Calling at Manila (P. I.), Thursday Is., Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.

BRITISH STEAMERS: CHANGTAE TAIPING (SUNNED)

Electric LAUNDRY, BARBER SHOP, SURGEON and STEWARD'S CARRIAGE.

First CLASS FARE TO SYDNEY, 27s RETURN.

First CLASS FARE TO LONDON (via Australia) from £138-15-0.

(Australian Newspapers on file)

STEAMER	Due Hong Kong	Leave Hong Kong	Leave Manila	Due Sydney
CHANGTAE	14th Apr.	24th Apr.	22nd May	10th May
TAIPING	15th May	25th May	23rd June	7th June
CHANGTAE	12th June	22nd June	20th July	8th July
TAIPING	10th July	17th July	20th July	5th Aug.

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LIMITED
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents—HONG KONG—SHANGHAI

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD. COPENHAGEN.

The M.S. "ANNAM"

on or about 3rd APRIL

Call PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN and other SCANDINAVIAN & BALIC PORTS.

SAILING LIST.

OTHER SAILINGS:	SHANGHAI, ETC.	COPENHAGEN, ETC.
M.S. "Annam"	3rd April	18th April
M.S. "Selandia"	8th April	5th May
M.S. "Danmark"	28th April	28th May
M.S. "Java"	28th April	28th May
M.S. "Asia"	28th May	28th June

Optional Bills of Lading issued to United Kingdom Ports.

For further particulars, please apply to:

JOHN MANNERS & CO., LTD.

Telephone 24071.

PRINCE LINE

FREQUENT SERVICE

BOSTON AND

NEW YORK

CALLING AT NAPLES

JAVANESE-PRINCE	March	28th
JAPANESE-PRINCE	April	9th
CHINESE-PRINCE	April	21st

Excellent Accommodation for a Limited Number of Passengers at Moderate Rates.

Fare—Hong Kong to Naples.....£58

For other Passage rates, Freight, etc., apply to:

FURNESS (FAR EAST) LIMITED.

(Incorporated in Great Britain.)

King's Building.

Telephone: 23185.

Telegrams: Furnprince.

BLUE STAR LINE

Far Eastern Service
Regular Monthly Fast Freight Steamers
Refrigerated and General Cargo

Next Sailing

S.S. "OREGON STAR"

on 27th MARCH

LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG
and LIVERPOOL
via Straits.

For Freight and Further Information, Apply to:

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Queen's Building.

Agents.

Tel. 28031.

GRAND MANUFACTURERS
GRANDT & CO.
Building and Repairing of Steamships and Motorships of every type.
No. 1, George's Building, Canton Road.

SOUTH CHINA Motor-Shipbuilding & REPAIRING WORKS, LTD.

To Kwa Kai—Kowloon Bay.
Telephone: 3700.
Works Manager: W. S. H. H. H.
Telegrams: "MOTORS."

Installation and Repairing of
Diesel Engines and Motors
for Marine and Stationary
a specialty.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT

STATION	MARCH 19, 1931.										MARCH 20, 1931.									
	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Wind	Direction	Force	Clouds	Humidity	Visibility	State of Sky	Time of Day	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Wind	Direction	Force	Clouds	Humidity	Visibility	State of Sky	Time of Day
Wladivostok	30.28	76.5	N	1	...	...	...	...	...	6	30.20	76.0	SE	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nomuro	30.28	76.5	SW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.19	76.0	N	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hakodate	30.30	76.5	N	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.09	76.0	N	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tokio	30.30	76.5	SE	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.04	76.0	WSW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kobe	30.18	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.12	76.0	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagasaki	30.18	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.12	76.0	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kagoshima	30.15	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.10	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oshima	30.14	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.09	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Naha	30.12	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.04	76.0	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ishigakijima	30.18	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.10	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bonin Island	30.06	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.21	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chefoo	29.98	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.14	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shanghai	30.08	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.02	77.0	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wenchow	30.17	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.05	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Foochow	30.03	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.09	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amoy	30.07	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.00	76.0	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Swatow	30.05	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.07	76.7	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taihou	30.12	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.05	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taipei	30.11	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.00	76.0	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tainan	30.08	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.99	76.7	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koshu	30.05	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.02	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pescadore	30.10	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.01	76.2	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hong Kong	30.01	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.00	76.0	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gap Rock	30.02	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.00	76.1	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Macao	30.01	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.96	76.1	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hoihow	29.96	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.99	76.1	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Prattin Island	29.96	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.96	76.1	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Phulien	29.96	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.96	76.1	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tourao	29.92	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.92	76.0	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cape St. James	29.93	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.91	76.8	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pasco	29.91	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.91	76.8	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Apurri	29.85	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.85	76.8	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tuguegarao	29.85	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.85	76.8	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vigan	29.85	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.85	76.8	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manila	29.85	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.85	76.8	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Legaspi	29.85	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.85	76.8	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calbayog	29.85	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.85	76.8	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tacloban	29.85	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.85	76.8	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Boho	29.85	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.85	76.8	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cebu	29.85	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.85	76.8	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Surigao	29.85	76.5	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.85	76.8	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saipan	11.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.97	76.1	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Guam	12.22	29.88	76.8	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	5	29.90	75.9	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yap	11.00	29.84	76.7	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	5	29.89	75.9	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pelew	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	29.83	75.7	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Labuan	14	29.81	75.9	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	5	29.83	75.7	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

March 20. 10A. 23m.—An anticyclone has formed over S.E. Mongolia.
A depression is shown to the S.E. of Wladivostok.
Moderate monsoon along the S.E. coast of China and over the N. China Sea.
Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1, 8.89 inches, against an average of 4.82 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON MARCH 21.

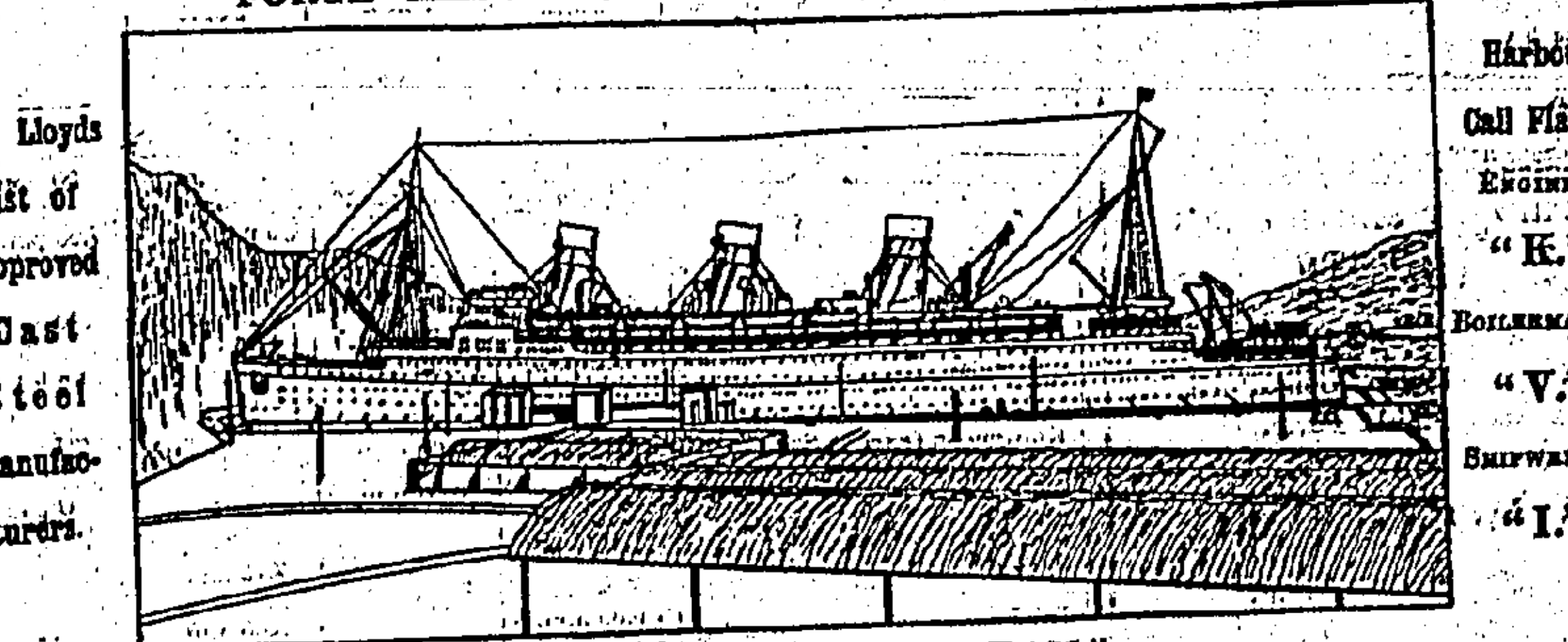
1.—Formosa Channel N.E. winds, moderate; overcast.
2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamook
3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock
4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

Head Office and Works:

Telegrams: "MANUFACTURERS."
"KOWLOON, HONG KONG"
DUE OWNERS, SHIP DESIGNERS AND BUILDERS, MARINE AND LAND
ENGINEERS, BOILER MAKERS, IRON, STEEL AND BRASS FOUNDERS,
FORGE MASTERS, WELDERS AND ELECTRICIANS.



T.S.S. "EMPEROR OF JAPAN"

In No. 1 Dock—Dims: 688'-0" O.A. x 83'-6" Mid.—26,000 tons gross.
The Company possesses Six Granite Docks and Two Patent Slips.
The dimensions of No. 1 Dock are 700' x 88' x 80'—over all, H.W.O.S.T.
Salvage Tug "Henry Kerwick," 2,000 L.P.H. Wireless Oil Signal: V.P.B.T.
and Flag Call Signal: T.H.Q.B. Shearlegs capable of lifting 80 tons.
Codes Used.—A.I.A.C. Fifth Edition—Engineering, First and Second Edition,
Western Union, Bentley's and Watkins.

Kindly send enquiries to the Chief Manager.

R. M. DYER, H.S. M.I.N.A., Kowloon Docks, Hong Kong.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

RAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS.

TO	STEAMSHIP	DATE
TAIPEI via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"YATSHING"	Sun., 29th Mar., at 7 a.m.
	"KWONGSANG"	Wed., 25th Mar., at 7 a.m.
	"CHAKSANG"	Sun., 20th Mar., at 7 a.m.
	"FOOSHING"	Wed., 1st Apr., at 7 a.m.
SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	"HOSANG"	Thurs., 26th Mar., at 8 p.m.
	"KUTSANG"	Tues., 7th Apr., at 8 p.m.
	"YUENSANG"	Mon., 20th Apr., at 8 p.m.
OSAKA via AMOI, S'HAU & KOBE	"YUENSANG"	Tues., 31st Mar., at 7 a.m.
	"KUMSANG"	Fri., 17th Apr., at 7 a.m.
OSAKA via AMOI, S'HAU, MOJI & KOBE	"SUISANG"	Satur., 25th Apr., at 7 a.m.
SANDAKAN	"MAUSANG"	Wed., 8th Apr., at Noon
	"HINSANG"	Satur., 11th Apr., at Noon
TIENTSIN via SWATOW	"OHEONGSHING"	Sun., 22nd Mar., at 7 a.m.
TIENTSIN via SWATOW & FOOCHOW	"CHIPSING"	Sun., 29th Mar., at 7 a.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

FOR THE EASTER HOLIDAYS
HONG KONG TO MANILA
AND RETURN

EMPRESS OF ASIA

Leave Hong Kong... Thursday, April 2nd
Arrive Manila... Saturday, April 4th

REMAIN TWO DAYS

Leave Manila... Sunday, April 5th
Arrive Hong Kong... Tuesday, April 7th

ROUND TRIP FARES:

First ClassG\$68.00

Second ClassG\$45.00



WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL
SYSTEM



REDUCE THROUGH TICKETS TO EUROPE VIA U.S.A.
VARYING FROM £83 TO £120 ON SALE.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu

ASAMA MARU ... 1st April ... 14th April

SHINYO MARU ... 1st April ... 14th April

SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports.

HIYE MARU ... 28th March ... 31st April

REIAN MARU ... 28th March ... 31st April

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,

via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.

RUWA MARU ... 31st March ... 4th April

FUSHIMI MARU ... 31st March ... 4th April

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports

ATSUTA MARU ... Thursday, 28th March

MANILA.

SHINYO MARU ... Sunday, 22nd March

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

↑ GENOA MARU ... Friday, 27th March

↑ TOKUSHIMA MARU ... Monday, 30th March

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,

Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

BOKUYO MARU ... Wednesday, 22nd April

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape

Town & Ports.

KANAGAWA MARU ... Tuesday, 14th April

NEW YORK, BOSTON via PANAMA.

↑ TOBA MARU ... Tuesday, 31st March

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Stamboul (Constantinople),

Genoa & Marseilles.

↑ LIMA MARU ... Monday, 13th April

↑ CALOUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

↑ MONIOKA MARU ... Saturday, 29th March

↑ MALACCA MARU ... Wednesday, 8th April

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

↑ TOYOAKA MARU ... Saturday, 21st March

↑ IYO MARU (Kobe direct) ... Saturday, 28th March

↑ HARUSAN MARU ... Friday, 3rd April

For further information, apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, Ltd.

Telephone 30291. (Private exchanges to all Depots.)



FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

Sailings from Hong Kong:

To Marseilles via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden), Suez, Port-Said.

D'ARTAGNAN ... 31st Mar.

ANGERS ... 14th Apr.

FELIX ROUSSEL ... 28th Apr.

G. K. K. ... 18th May

SPHINX ... 24th May

PORTHOS ... 9th June

CHENONCEAUX ... 23rd June

ATHOS II ... 7th July

We can issue Through Tickets to Egypt, Straits Ports, East Africa,

Madagascar by Transshipment on Mail Steamers at Port-Said, or Djibouti.

COMMERCIAL LINE

For DUNKIRK via Port-Said, Genoa, Cambray, Hamburg, Rotterdam,

Shipping News

Daily Statement, Waterfront News, etc.

YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS.

IMPORTS 5,000 TONS;
THROUGH CARGO
36,600 TONS.

The returns, shown at the Harbour Office, of vessels carrying cargo to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday were:

British	Through	Port
Soudan, Singapore	500	1,200
Eurylocus, Shanghai	25	700
Liangchow, Amoy	410	390
Kanchow, Canton	—	—
Nanning, Amoy	320	780
Yatsing, Canton	—	177
Chenan, Canton	120	—

— 1,375 — 3,713

American, Invincible ... 69 — 8,700

— 69 — 8,700

German, Ermland, Manila

— 910 — 2,713

— 910 — 2,713

Norwegian, Corneville, Manila

1,025 — 1,375

Haiching, Swatow

— 1,025 — 1,635

Japanese, Nito Maru, Bombay

983 — 8,448

Madras Maru, Sakito

630 — 3,180

Suma Maru, Shanghai

32 — 7,035

— 934 — 18,631

Chinese, China Lee, Canton

— 200

Shun Lee, Swatow

125 — 853

— 125 — 1,053

5,028 36,045

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were:

British	Arr.	Dep.
American	8	2
German	1	0
Norwegian	2	0
Japanese	3	4
Chinese	3	2
Dutch	0	1
	18	10

ASIATIC DECK PASSENGERS.

The following vessels, brought Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday:

Tak Hing (Chinese) Antau ... 37

CLEARANCES.

Chien Lee, for Chefoo.
Ermland, for Moji.
Eurylocus, for Singapore.
Goshu Maru, for Singapore.
Haiching, for Amoy.
Invincible, for Panama.
Kangsan Maru, for Takao.
Kanchow, for Tientsin.
Kwongsang, for Canton.
Liangchow, for Canton.
Limchow, for Hailow.
Nanning, for Canton.
Sawa Maru, for Singapore.
Shun Lee, for Canton.
Tai Ping Yang, for Manila.

ARRIVALS.

March 19.

Chusan, British str., 1,337 tons, Capt. Kettlewell, from Canton, Taikoo Dock—B. & S.
Defiance, American str., 4,990 tons, Capt. A. Olsen, from Shanghai, Laichikok Anchorage—L. Everett, Inc.
Ermland, German str., 3,807 tons, Capt. H. Engel, from Manila, buoy No. A18—Johnson & Co.
Liangchow, British str., 1,220 tons, Capt. J. Taylor, from Amoy, buoy No. B14—B. & S.
Nanning, British str., 1,480 tons, Capt. C. Carrington, from Amoy, buoy No. B10—B. & S.
Tai Po, French str., 1,219 tons, Capt. M. Paul, from K. C. Wan, C.M.S.N.—Wharf—Wo Hop & Co.
Yusho Maru, Japanese str., 290 tons, Capt. H. Hamaoka, from Moji, buoy No. C8—O.S.K.

March 20.

Corneville, Norwegian str., 2,747 tons, Capt. O. Carlson, from Manila, buoy No. A5—Thoresen & Co.
Emp. of Japan, British str., 15,725 tons, Capt. S. Robinson, from Shanghai, Kowloon Wharf—C.P.S.
Eurylocus, British str., 3,000 tons, Capt. G. C. Reed, from Shanghai, buoy No. A2—B. & S.
Haiching, Norwegian str., 1,415 tons, Capt. O. S. Olsen, from Swatow, buoy No. C3—Thoresen & Co.
Invincible, American str., 7,662 tons, Capt. F. Ulstad, from Manila via Cebu, buoy No. A8—L. Everett, Inc.
Kanchow, British str., 1,222 tons, Capt. R. H. Fairley, from Canton, buoy No. B8—B. & S.
Kwongsang, British str., 1,490 tons, Capt. A. B. Omond, from Swatow, West Point Wharf—J. M. & Co.
(Continued on next column.)

SHIPS IN HARBOUR.

The following merchant vessels were in port yesterday:

Wharves—Kowloon: Nordvard, Rangoon, Maru, Baron Ogilvy, Soudan, (Laichikok), Defiance, Jaidin, Matheson's, Kwong Sang, O.S.K., Hozan Maru, Douglas, Laprak, Haining, Chiu On, Hydrangea.

Docks—Kowloon: Susanna II, Pronto, Prosper, Taihook, Kueichow, Shun Chih, Sensan Maru, Coamopolitan, Corato.

Buoys—A2, Eurylocus; A3, Ixion; A4, Tjondari; A5, Corneville; A6, Suwa Maru; A7, Tai-ping; A8, Invincible; A9, Hiye Maru; A12, Ermland; A10, Pear Leaf; B1, Yatsing; B2, Cheung-shing; B3, Wong Shik Kung; B9, Kanchow B14, Liangchow; B15, Kalgan; B16, Nanning; B17, Shun Lee; B18, Chien Lee; B20, Chin-hua; B22, Tinho; B23, Nishin Maru; B26, Apoc; C1, Helios; C2, Tetuan Maru; C3, Haiching; C5, Borneo; C7, Nitaka Maru; C8, Wozan Maru.

BARBER WILHELMSEN LINE.

THE PREMIER ALL WATER ROUTE TO NEW YORK and other U.S. Atlantic Ports via Panama.

All vessels call at SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES en route.

Passengers desiring to travel by this interesting route will find the accommodation provided well up to their expectations, and at a cost most reasonable.

42 Days To New York

For Passengers and Freight information please apply to—

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Queen's Buildings. Agents. Telephone 28021.

BANK LINE LTD.

AGENTS FOR

ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT

S.S. "CITY OF KHIOS" ... Havre, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg ... 18th April

S.S. "CITY OF ATHENS" ... Havre, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg ... 18th May

S.S. "CITY OF BATAVIA" ... Havre, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg ... 17th June

NEW YORK, BOSTON & BALTIMORE—AMERICAN AND MANHATTAN LINE

ALSO AGENTS FOR

ANDREW WEIR & CO.

SERVICES TO

BOSTON NEW YORK & BALTIMORE—AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE

M.V. "TAYBANK" ... 7th April

M.V. "TWEEDBANK" ... 4th May

MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA—ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE

S.S. "TINHOW" ... 10th April

Loading for Mauritius, Reunion, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, Agoo Bay (Port Elizabeth), Mossel Bay and Capetown.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Bora, Guimaraes, Ibo, Port Amelia, Mozambique, Obinda, Inhambane, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Kilindini, Port Nolloth, Ladit Bay, Walvis Bay and Madagascar.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above lines apply to—

Telephone: 27701.

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

P. & O., British India Apcar and Eastern & Australian Lines

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND).
MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS
TAKING CARGO FOR

STRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, ORYON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND & QUEBEC, LAND PORTS, RED SEA, EGYPT, CONSTANTINOPLE, GREECE, LEVANTINE PORTS, EUROPE, ETC.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"SOMALI"	16,618	24th Mar. (Mars.)	L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dm. & A'werp.
"RAWALPINDI"	16,618	28th Mar.	Marseilles and London.
"KASHMIR"	16,618	1st Apr.	Strait, Colombo & Bombay.
"KASHMIR"	16,618	11th Apr.	Mars, L'don, Hull, R'dm. & A'werp.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,618	25th Apr.	Marseilles and London.
"SOUFAN"	16,618	2nd May (Mars.)	L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dm. & A'werp.
"KALYAN"	16,618	9th May	Mars, L'don, Hull, R'dm. & A'werp.
"COMORIN"	16,618	23rd May	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"BURDWAN"	16,618	30th May (Mars.)	L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dm. & A'werp.
"KASHMIR"	16,618	6th June	Mars, L'don, Hull, R'dm. & A'werp.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,618	20th June	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KASHMIR"	16,618	4th July	Mars, L'don, R'dm. & A'werp.
"RAWALPINDI"	16,618	18th July	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KHYBER"	16,618	1st Aug.	Mars, L'don, R'dm. & A'werp.
"SOMALI"	16,618	8th Aug. (Mars.)	L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dm. & A'werp.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,618	15th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"KASHMIR"	16,618	29th Aug.	Marseilles and London.
"CATHAY"	16,618	12th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"SOUFAN"	16,618	19th Sept. (Mars.)	L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dm. & A'werp.
"KALYAN"	16,618	26th Sept.	Marseilles and London.
"KHYBER"	16,618	10th Oct.	do.
"BURDWAN"	16,618	17th Oct.	Mars, L'don, H'bg, R'dm. & A'werp.
"KASHMIR"	16,618	24th Oct.	Marseilles and London.
"NALDERA"	16,618	7th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.

* Cargo only. † Calls Casablanca. ‡ Calls Port Swettenham.
Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Piraeus, Smyrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TILAWA"	10,000	25th Mar.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"SANTHA"	7,754	2nd Apr.	do.
"TALMA"	10,000	14th Apr.	do.
"TAKADA"	9,948	28th Apr.	do.
"SIRDHANA"	7,745	11th May	do.
"TILAWA"	10,000	25th May	do.
"SANTHA"	7,754	18th June	do.

B.I.—Apcar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	1st Apr.	Manila, Rabaul, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.
"NELLORE"	6,568	1st May	do.
"TANDA"	6,568	20th May	do.

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hong Kong to Shanghai and Japan and Hong Kong to Australia.

Hong Kong to Sydney—10 days.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following—

The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London and

The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via Suez.

The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TALMA"	10,000	25th Mar., D.I.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Y'hama.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,618	27th Mar.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"KIDDERPOSE"	16,618	31st Mar.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"NELLORE"	6,568	1st Apr.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Y'hama.
"KALYAN"	9,144	10th Apr.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Y'hama.
"TAKADA"	9,948	11th Apr.	Amoy, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"BURDWAN"	16,618	17th Apr.	Shanghai, Moji & Y'hama.
"SIRDHANA"	7,745	24th Apr.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"COMORIN"	15,182	24th Apr.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"TILAWA"	10,000	8th May	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"KASHMIR"	9,948	8th May	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"TANDA"	6,568	8th May	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Y'hama.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,618	22nd May	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"SANTHA"	7,754	24th May	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"KASHMIR"	8,005	30th June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	1st June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"RAWALPINDI"	16,618	18th June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KHYBER"	9,144	3rd July	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"NELLORE			

For reliable information about the whole of the Far East use the

DIRECTORY & CHRONICLE

OF
CHINA, JAPAN, COREA, INDIA,
SIAM, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, MALAY
STATES, NETHERLANDS
INDIA, BORNEO, THE
PHILIPPINES, Etc.

This Large Volume of approximately 2,200 Pages gives, in addition to the Usual Lists of Firms, an Alphabetical Lists of Residents in the Far East containing the Names of nearly

20,000 FOREIGNERS.

Arranged, with the initials as well as Surnames in strict alphabetical order.

CLASSIFIED LIST

OF
MERCHANTS,
AND
MANUFACTURERS

for the whole of the Far East arranged, with addresses, in alphabetical order.

Alphabetical lists of Cable Addresses.

List of Agencies held by Far Eastern firms.

LARGE EDITION ... \$12
SMALL EDITION ... \$8

HONGKONG DAILY PRESS, Ltd.,
11, Ice House Street,
Hong Kong.

HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, March 20.

Previous On Date On Date	at	at	at
Day	4 p.m.	10 a.m.	4 p.m.
Barometer...	29.99	30.00	29.98
Temperature...	63	69	63
Humidity...	57	59	71
Wind...	E	N	E
Direction...	4	3	4
Force...	0	0	0
Weather...	0	0	0
Rain...	0.00	0.00	0.00

Highest open-air Temperature, 10:14

Lowest open-air Temperature, 10:12

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE.

From March 21 to 27, 1931.

High Water.		Low Water.	
Days of Week	Date	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height
Sat.	21	11:04	16.31
Sun.	22	11:20	14.46
Mon.	23	11:37	12.58
Tue.	24	11:55	10.70
Wed.	25	12:13	8.82
Thur.	26	12:31	6.94
Fri.	27	12:48	5.06

DON'T LEAVE HONG KONG

without giving an Order for the Weekly Press to be sent to your Address for

TWELVE MONTHS \$16.00

SIX MONTHS \$8.00

THREE MONTHS \$4.00

11, Ice House Street.

HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Authorised Capital \$50,000,000

Issued & Fully Paid-up \$20,000,000

Reserve Funds: Sterling \$10,000,000

Silver \$10,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors \$20,000,000

Head Office: Hong Kong.

Board of Directors: Hon. Mr. C. G. S. Mackie, Chairman.

Hon. Mr. J. J. Patterson, Deputy Chairman.

W. H. Bell, Esq., Hon. Secy.

A. H. Compton, Esq., Hon. Secy.

G. Miskin, Esq., Hon. Secy.

T. E. Pearce, Esq., Hon. Secy.

J. A. Plummer, Esq., Hon. Secy.

T. H. R. Shaw, Esq., Hon. Secy.

J. P. Warren, Esq., Hon. Secy.

Chief Manager: V. M. Grayburn, Esq.

Branches: Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Chefoo, Colombo, Dairen, Foochow, Haiphong, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manila, Muar, Nankai, Nanking, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Current Accounts opened in Local Currency and Fixed Deposits received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

Hong Kong, 25th Feb., 1931. [28]

HONG KONG SAVINGS BANK.

The Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

For the Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, V. M. Grayburn, Chief Manager.

Hong Kong, 16th July, 1930. [2]

EQUITABLE EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS—U.S. \$4,500,000.

HEAD OFFICE: 19, Pine Street, NEW YORK.

An American Bank offering complete Foreign Banking Service in the principal Markets of the world. Interest rates on Application.

This Bank is entirely owned by The Citicorp National Bank, New York, whose Total Resources are U.S. \$2,800,000,000.

O. M. BIGGAR, Manager.

THE NEDERLANDSCHE HANDELS-MAATSCHAPPIJ, N.V.

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

BANKERS: Established 1824.

HONG KONG OFFICE: 11, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Authorized Capital Gldrs. 150,000,000—(212,500,000.)

Paid-Up Capital—Gldrs. 80,000,000—(25,689,170.)

Reserve Fund—Gldrs. 40,015,000—(23,334,553.)

Head Office—Amsterdam.

Branches: Batavia, Bencoolen, Birmah, Borneo, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Hong Kong, Kanton, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manilla, Peking, Rangoon, Rotterdam, Singapore, Soerabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

London Bankers: National Provincial Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents all over the world. Banking Business of every description transacted.

A. STOKKINK, Acting Manager.

Hong Kong, 18th May, 1930. [30]

THE BANK OF CANTON, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE: HONG KONG.

Authorized Capital—\$11,000,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL—\$8,000,000

RESERVE FUND—\$1,000,000

Branches: CANTON, SHANGHAI, HANKOW, SWATOW, BANGKOK, NEW YORK and SAN FRANCISCO.

London Bankers: The Lloyds Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents all Principal Cities of the World. Foreign Exchange and Banking Business of every description transacted.

Safe Deposit Boxes (various sizes) at a Yearly Rental of from \$5 to \$40.

LOOK POONG SHAN, Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

Paid-up Capital \$25,000,000

Reserve Fund \$25,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors \$25,000,000

Agencies and Branches: ALOR STAR, BANGKOK, BATAVIA, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, CANTON, CHONGKING, HANKOW, HONG KONG, KANTON, KOBAY, KUALA LUMPUR, MANILA, MEDAN, NANKAI, NANKING, PEKING, SHANGHAI, SINGAPORE, SOERABAYA, SWATOW, TIENTSIN, YOKOHAMA.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking Business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

A. H. FERGUSON, Manager.

Hong Kong, 18th March, 1931. [30]

BANQUE FRANCO-CHINOISE POUR LE COMMERCE ET L'INDUSTRIE.

(Incorporated in France.)

Princes Building, Charter Road, Victoria, Hong Kong.

HEAD OFFICE: 74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.

Capital, fully paid-up, 50,000,000

Special Working Capital, 50,000,000

Reserves, 22,319,000

Branches: Paris, Lyons, Marseille, Saigon, Haiphong, Hanoi, Tourane, Quinhon, Pnom-Penh, Thanh-hoa, Vinh, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Tientsin.

Bankers: Societe Generale, Banque Nationale de Credit, Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas, London: Midland Bank, Ltd., New York: American Exchange, Irving Trust Co., Banca Commerciale Italiana, San Francisco: Bank of Italy.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted. Correspondents throughout the world.

A. ROLLIN, Manager.

Hong Kong, 1st July, 1929.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: 15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C. 3.

Authorized Capital \$25,000,000

Subscribed Capital \$21,800,000

Paid-up Capital \$21,050,000

Reserve Fund and Res. \$1,646,500

Branches: THE BANK OF ENGLAND and MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

Batavia, Karachi, Madras, Bombay, Kanton, New York, Calcutta, Kuala Lumpur, (Kelantan) Port Louis, Colombo, Kuala Lumpur (Mauritius), Delhi, Kuala Lumpur, Galle, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Swatow, Kanton, Singapore, Ipoh, Kanton, Sourabaya, Kandy.

Hong Kong Branch: Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted. Travellers Cheques issued. Trustee and Executorships undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at Rates that may be ascertained on application.

O. L. SANDES, Manager.

7, Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong, 12th Mar., 1931. [20]

BANK OF CHINA.

Reorganized October 20, 1928, under special charter of The National Government as an

INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK.

Subscribed Capital \$25,000,000.00

Paid-up Capital \$24,710,200.00

Reserve Funds \$3,930,503.82

HEAD OFFICE: SHANGHAI.

HONG KONG BRANCH: 4, Queen's Road Central.

Owing to our numerous branches in China and large connections in the important commercial centres of the world, we are able to extend to our clients special facilities for domestic and foreign banking and exchange.

We also handle the issue of Bonds and other Public Funds of the Chinese Government both at home and abroad.

SHOU Y. CHEN, Manager.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY, INC.

Head Office: 65, Broadway, New York.

Capital U.S. \$3,000,000

Surplus U.S. \$1,572,545

Reserves U.S. \$1,908,200

Branches: Amsterdam, Antwerp, Barcelona, Basle, Berlin, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Hankow, Harbin, Hong Kong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manilla, Peking, Rangoon, Rotterdam, Singapore, Soerabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Branches of AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY in Principal Cities of United States of America and Canada.

All classes of Commercial Banking Transactions undertaken.

Personal investment accounts handled.

The Company offers to intending travellers the use of its "Travelers Cheques" and Letters of Credit and, in addition, the world wide services of its thoroughly equipped Travel Department.

Affiliated with THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK

Resources Over \$2,500,000,000

E. W. DUOGAN, Manager.

THE HO HONG BANK, LTD.

Established 1917.

HEAD OFFICE: SINGAPORE.

HONG KONG OFFICE: 13, QUEEN'S RD. C.

Authorized Capital—Straits \$20,000,000

Issued " " " " \$8,000,000

Paid-up " " " " \$4,000,000

Reserve Liabilities of Shareholders " " \$4,000,000

Surplus " " " " \$2,520,000

Branches, Agencies and Correspondents in the principal cities of the world.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

TAN ENG HOOI, Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

HEAD OFFICE: 66, Boulevard Haussmann, Paris.

Subscribed Capital Frs. 72,000,000.00

Paid-up Capital Frs. 68,400,000.00

Reserve Fund Frs. 102,000,000.00

Branches: Bangkok, Hong Kong, Canton, Haiphong, Hanoi, Kanton, Nankai, Nanking, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

IN FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.

IN LONDON: The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

IN NEW YORK: J. P. Morgan & Co.; French-American Banking Corporation; Guaranty Trusty Co., of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Safe Deposit Boxes to let.

A. LEGOT, Manager.

Hong Kong, 2nd May, 1929. [32]

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Capital (fully paid-up) Yen 100,000,000

Reserve Fund Yen 116,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at: Alexandria, Kai Yuen, Rangoon, Batavia, Karachi, Saigon, Bombay, Kobe, Soerabaya, Calcutta, London, San Francisco, Canton, Lyons, Seattle, Shanghai, Los Angeles, Semarang, (Daly) Nagasaki, Shanghai, Fengtien, Nagoya, Singapore, (Mukden) Newchwang, Shimonoeki, Hankow, New York, Sydney, Harbin, Peking, Yokohama, Honolulu, Manila, Tientsin, Buenos Ayres (Temporarily closed), Vladivostok (Temporarily closed).

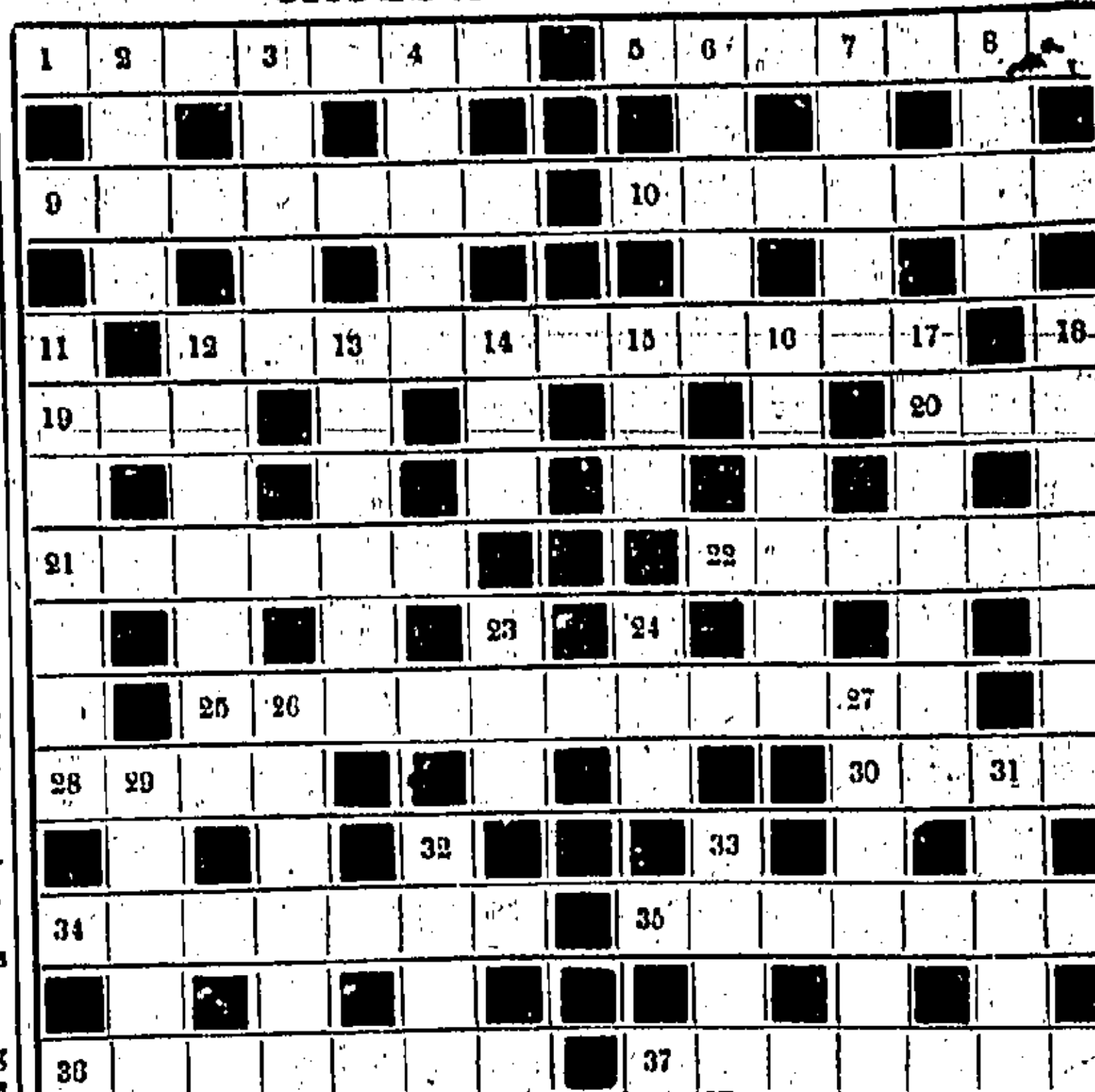
Interest allowed on Current Accounts.

Deposits received for Fixed Periods at rates to be obtained on application.

H. MORI, Manager.

Hong Kong, March 11, 1931. [35]

CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



CLUES.

- Across.
- The elimination of this is the best sign of humanity's advance.
 - In spite of its venomous head, the head is eased by it.
 - Describes a hard catch at silly point, or a waap.
 - One of two names in a famous political allegory in verse.
 - A Government was once held responsible for butchers' shops being filled with these pests.
 - A loch in Argyleshire.
 - See 15 down.
 - Savage he no doubt was, but tender over Rose Aylmer.
 - Tremble.
 - The fellow who knows what's what.
 - Mother of the Olympian gods.
 - Ebullitions of students.
 - A slight idea, suggesting a young journalist.
 - He is in charge.
 - H.205 O. 2 are these.
 - The young nobleman of the eighteenth century thought Shakespeare less interesting than these of his own fancy.
- Down.
- Typical of tenacity.
 - Sir Robert Walpole is alleged to have said that all politicians were this.
 - Chaucer's was a "slender, cholerick man," who cheated his employer.
 - Age helps this eloc to wilful destruction.
 - Professor Jeans' endless void is the poet's illimitable this.
 - An image the reverse of which is a reverse suffered by the Austrians in 1796.
 - Scene of a royal consumption of bread and 20 down.
 - A lady who, with Agrippina, listened to St. Paul.
 - The great-grandchildren of vance.
 - A little little tribe.
 - Member of a landless tribe; domestic chaplain in eighteenth century.
 - Madame in Lisbon.
 - See 11 down.
 - Unhand me, gentlemen! By heaven! I'll make a — of him that lets me.
 - (Rev.) An urban park is sometimes termed a this.
 - No one covets the acquisition of this slight elevation. The solution will be published on Monday.

YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION.

COTERIE PUPITAN
O U E E X I I I U A
N O B E L A M C O V E R S T
C E A E A M E N I A I U
E A R L Y I N F I L I N E R
D A A K E T O H N A A
E U S T O N I A S A U L
I I I A Z T E C I I I
B O O M V L L K I P P E R
O O E E G E U S I I I E
N E A R S A A M E D I C T
S A M O N S O R T O E
T A B O R D N H E N N A
A E U E U E I I C
L O R I M E R S O L I C I T

WHEN YOU ARE DUE FOR LEAVE

Send a Chit to 11, Ice House Street and order the Hongkong Weekly Press to be sent to you for—

Three months \$ 4.00

Six months \$ 8.00

Twelve months \$16.00

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1918.

HEAD OFFICE:

10, Des Voeux Road, Central, HONG KONG.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OVER H. \$8,000,000.00

TOTAL RESOURCES OVER H. \$30,000,000.00

Every description of Banking Accounts and Exchange business transacted.

Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts in Local and Foreign Currencies opened for Clients.

Savings Account and Safe Deposit Boxes.

Branches and Agencies all over the world.

KAN TONG PO,

Chief Manager.

Printed and Published by ROBERT TYLER BARRETT, for the Hong Kong Daily Press, Limited, at 11, Ice House Street, Victoria, Hong Kong. London Office: 53, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

